"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Generally fair to-day and to-morrow; light, variable winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,141. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MISS ALEXANDER ROOSEVELT'S BRIDE

Society Turns Out to Witness the Marriage of the ex-President's Eldest Son.

CROWDS CHEER COLONEL

Detachment of Rough Riders, Invited at the Last Minute, Cause a Stir in the Church.

The wedding of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., eldest son of the ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and Miss Eleanor Butler Alexander, only daughter of Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander and a great granddaughter of the late Theron Butler, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Fifty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue.

It was one of the most notable weddings in recent years and drew one of the largest crowds, both uninvited in the streets and invited to the church, in many a day. It being the first appearance of Col. Roosevelt in town since his reception on Saturday, hundreds gathered in the streets to catch a glimpse of him, and both in coming to the church and in leaving it he was greeted with rounds of cheers.

The church was turned into a flower garden. Pink Rambler roses were wound about the pillars and the window seats were filled with white flowers and greens. The balcony was a mass of greenery, and back of the altar rose a double arch and covered way done in pink Rambler roses against a background of green. On a stage erected back of and concealed by this Nahan Franko and his orchestra played. Just back of the white satin prie dieu was an archway of white roses that framed the bridal couple as they exchanged their vows.

The guests began arriving shortly after 3 o'clock, and were seated by the ushers, who were Hamilton Fish, Jr., Fulton Cutting, E. Morgan Gilbert, Grafton Chapman, Francis Roche, John W. Cutler and Eliot Cutler of Boston, and two of Mr. Roosevelt's cousins, Munroe Douglas Robinson and George Emlen Roosevelt. Most of them were classmates at Harvard of Mr. Roosevelt.

When the ex-President arrived the outside cheering resounded in the church. Mrs. Roosevelt, who was in mauve chiffon and liberty satin, topped by a large mauve hat draped with a lace veil, was with him. Col. Roosevelt had to shake hands several times between the door and the entrance to the nave, for some of his friends were waiting for him.

Rough Riders There.

A contingent of the Rough Riders, including Capt. Cosby, made a stir when they entered the church, as Mrs. Alexander had not known where to send invitations to them, and the matter rested with Col. Roosevelt, who, finding they had not been asked, promptly had a special invitation sent to them as a body. As many of them as could be reached hurried into their khaki uniforms and appeared in a body, a few stragglers arriving later. They were seated together.

The guests were all seated in good order, and the management of matters inside the church was quite as orderly as that outside, despite the fact that every seat was occupied and standing room at the rear of the edifice at a premium.

Just at 4 the bridal party appeared, entering quietly through a Fifty-fifth Street door. Before their arrival began the special musical programme selected by the bride, noted as an amateur violinist, and a member of the New York Symphony Orchestra. It included the overture to Wagner's "Tannhäuser," Dvorak's "Humoresque," a Melody by Charpentier, the meditation from Massenet's "Thaïs," played by Nahan Franko; the Love Song of Siegmund, by Wagner, Tschaikowsky's "Songs Without Words," Saint-Saëns," "The Swan," and the Coronation March from "Le Prophete."

The bridal procession was headed by the ushers, and following these came the head bridesmaid, Miss Harriet Alexander, a cousin of the bride, who walked alone, and behind came the other bridesmaids, who were Miss Jean W. Delano, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Delano, and Miss Jessie Millington Drake of Paris, and then Miss Janette Alexander, another cousin, walking with Miss Ethel Roosevelt, the sister of the bridegroom.

These bridesmaids wore Marie Antoinette costumes of white satin veiled with white chiffon and finished with white net fichus bordered with lace ruffles. The elbow-length sleeves also were finished with lace ruffles. The satin bodices extended in points below the waist line in the front and the white chiffon overdresses were looped in petticoat fashion. A large spray of pastel tinted flowers appeared on the bottom of the skirt in the centre front, and a similar one in the back. Sashes of pale-blue satin ribbon starting from the waist line at each side of the tunics were carried down under the tunic to within seven inches of the skirt's hem and brought through to the outside and tied in bows.

Their hats were big crowned, modified mushroom shapes of yellow Leghorn trimmed at the left front with long sheaves of shaded pink roses with dark green foliage. Each carried a sheaf of pale pink rambler roses, with wide streamers of pale blue satin ribbons.

Mrs. Snowden Fahnestock, the matron of honor, followed. At her wedding some three weeks ago Miss Alexander was the head bridesmaid. Mrs. Fahnestock's frock was similar to that of the bridesmaid's, but she wore a little short-sleeved pointed coat bodice of apricot colored silk covered by a white lace jacket, and her Leghorn hat was trimmed with apricot ribbon. She carried forget-me-nots.

The Bridal Gown.

The bride walked into the church and up the nave with her mother, Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander, who gave her in marriage. Her gown was of soft white satin with a long train gathered in a trifle at the waist line, as was the skirt all the way around. The round bodice was finished at the waist line with a cord. The top was cut out in a narrow square, finished by point lace.

The bride's only ornament was a diamond brooch just below the neck opening. The sleeves of elbow length were of point lace. Just at the hem on the front

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The National Surety Company bonds more people than any other surety company in the world. 115 Broadway.—Adv.

THINKS KAISER IN PERIL.

Doyen Regards His Condition as Serious—Emperor to Attend Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—A cablegram to The Daily News from Paris says that Dr. Doyen, the celebrated Paris surgeon, who has made a special study of abscesses, takes a serious view of the illness of Emperor William.

Dr. Doyen is quoted as saying that if the Kaiser's doctors did not succeed in eradicating the infection, it might become general, in which case a fatal issue was possible.

Various reports received in Paris from Potsdam, it is added in the cablegram, have convinced many persons that the so-called "knee affection" is another abscess like that in the wrist which recently confined the Kaiser to his room. This theory was mentioned to Dr. Doyen.

"I have read the newspapers carefully," Dr. Doyen replied, "and I am convinced that the Kaiser is suffering from a second abscess. Perhaps his illness is not grave, but an abscess in the arm, followed by an abscess in the knee, in the case of a man who is no longer young, who has probably drunk much beer and spirits, and whose kidneys are consequently in an imperfect condition, might easily lead to general infection. The staphylococcus microbe, sometimes innocent, is at other times unbelievably brutal, and it is not rare to see an illness caused by it terminate fatally in a few days.

"If the dispatches are correct I do not think the treatment given to the Emperor is appropriate to the disease."

NO FIGHT ON HARMON.

Ohio Democrats to Renominate Governor To-morrow—Other Contests.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 20.—Democrats of Ohio to-day are gathering in Dayton for what is considered the most important State Convention in ten years, to commence to-morrow. The delegates will number 1,099.

It is conceded that Gov. Judson Harmon will be renominated without opposition, but outside this one place on the State ticket there will be many contests, the most bitter of which will be among the candidates for the nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

The first fight will come to-morrow, when an attempt will be made to have the call for the State Convention amended to require the indorsement of a Senatorial candidate. Gov. Harmon is opposed to this, and arrayed against the Governor and his supporters is the Bryan wing of the Democratic party in Ohio and the Cuyahoga County delegates, who will voice the desires of former Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, an advocate of the Senatorial indorsement proposition. Johnson is not expected to attend the convention because of ill health.

For each place other than the head of the State ticket there are three or more candidates. Nominations will be made for Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Food Commissioner, Judges of the Supreme Court (two), Clerk of the Supreme Court, School Commissioner and member of the Board of Public Works.

AUTO BROKE BOY'S ONLY LEG.

Backs Into Lad While He Is Sitting on the Curb Resting.

A large automobile touring car owned by Charles W. Rudd of 770 South Broad Street, Philadelphia, broke the right leg of Augustus Oliver, 12 years old, of 37 Bridge Street last night in front of the Continental Hotel in Newark. He was rushed to the City Hospital in the machine, Mr. Rudd giving every possible assistance.

Mr. Rudd was taken to the Second Precinct Police Station, where he was paroled to appear when wanted. The boy has only one leg, having lost the other in an accident several years ago. He is a newsboy, and had squatted on the curb to rest.

Mr. Rudd came out of the hotel, and getting into the machine went ahead, and then, in order to turn, backed down to the curb, striking Oliver before he could get out of the way.

AUTO OVERTURNS; ONE DEAD.

Seven Others Hurt in Car Driven by 12-Year-Old Boy.

MARION, Ind., June 20.—Cleo Shaffer, 14 years old, was instantly killed and seven girls and boys, her playmates, were injured when an automobile in which they were riding turned over near this city last night.

The car was driven by Russell Gray, 12 years old, whose father owned the machine. The steering gear broke and the car pitched into the ditch at the roadside.

MRS. FIELD'S ESTATE SETTLED

Valued at $1,415,022—Much to Italian Princes and Princesses.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 20.—Final judgment was entered in the Westchester County Clerk's office to-day passing on the accounts of William Jay as executor of the estate of Mary Elizabeth Field under certain trusts created by Mrs. Field in her will.

The total value of the estate now left is $1,415,022, out of which there are three trusts to be paid. For the benefit of Prince Carlo Francaccio, a grandson, there is $105,000, for Prince Marcantolo Francaccio $93,000, and for Princess Darsoli, a granddaughter, $137,500. Each of the three also receives $137,500 in addition to the above amount.

The estate consisted of realty in New York City and in Nevada and Arkansas, together with a large number of bonds and mortgages and railroad stocks. A large number of the beneficiaries are members of the well-known Jay and Schieffelin families, and the beneficiaries above named are now residents of Italy.

$19,288,500 FOR BUILDINGS.

House Passes Public Building Bill at Night Session—Scolded by Cannon.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Public Building bill carrying $19,288,500 in authorizations for increasing cost of public buildings, &c., besides $3,095,000 for continuing contracts, was passed by the House at 12:50 o'clock to-night by a viva voce vote.

During the night session held to dispose of business with a view to hastening adjournment, Speaker Cannon had a strenuous time maintaining order. There was constant conversing and laughter among groups, the heat in the close chamber was intense, members were restless and in light mood, and the Speaker constantly pounded his gavel.

Once the Speaker in admonishing the House took occasion to congratulate the galleries, which were maintaining order. He caused a ripple of laughter by swinging himself in the chair with a disgusted expression while he suspended proceedings until order was restored.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
"Its Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

VANDERBILT OFFERS PARKWAY TO FLIERS

Agrees to Give Them Use of Motor Course and $20,000 Loan to Aid Aeronautics.

VENTURE A BUSINESS ONE

Atlantic City Aero Club Arranges a War Game to Test the Fighting Value of Aeroplanes.

William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has taken a great interest in aviation since the aeroplane flights have been going on at Mineola. Last week he talked with some of the aviators and suggested the availability of the Vanderbilt Automobile Cup course as an aviation field. He rode down to Mineola in his automobile yesterday, and after a long talk with Clifford B. Harmon, Capt. Baldwin, Joseph Seymour, and others who have been giving exhibition flights, made a definite offer which may result in one of the largest aviation courses in the world.

Mr. Vanderbilt proposed to turn over to the aviators, if they would organize a professional association, the long motor parkway where the Vanderbilt automobile cup races now take place, and lend the association $20,000 and do everything possible to make the organization a success.

Under the auspices of the association races between aeroplanes could be given, but the entrants would have to be acknowledged professionals under certain rules which the association would make.

If the aviators were agreeable, Mr. Vanderbilt said he stood ready to foot all bills at the start, and make the necessary changes in the present automobile course. Besides furnishing the $20,000 as a working capital, he agreed to fence the motor parkway, police it, erect grand stands, roll the turf and otherwise put it in shape, build flying machine sheds, hire mechanicians at a salary of $30 a week each, supply all the gasoline, furnish automobiles for the use of the flying men, their mechanicians, and families, and pay all incidental expenses, even to the hiring of ticket takers and other course officials.

Believes the Venture Would Pay.

In return for this investment Mr. Vanderbilt said he would want the first $20,000 that was taken in from the sale of tickets, so as to be reimbursed for his original outlay of cash, but after that he would divide evenly the amount taken in with the association.

Mr. Vanderbilt gave them to understand that he believed the public would flock to the new concourse in great numbers and that the venture would be a paying one from the start. He said he was influenced in making the proposition solely by the fact that some such encouragement was needed to give the new sport a fair start on the road to popularity. The present course at Mineola was, in his opinion, much too small for big races. He suggested that the association, if one is formed, keep the Mineola course entirely for the use of amateurs, and that as soon as they qualified they could become professionals and enter races for money.

The proposals were received warmly by the aviators. All agreed that the scheme would put the business on a well-defined practical basis and lift it out of the experimental stage, in which it now is, particularly as a sport. Objection to the Motor Parkway was made, however, on account of its inaccessibility to the city. It can be reached now only comfortably by automobiles. It is some distance from the railway, and no trolley lines reach there. This fact, some of the aviators thought, would make it hard for the public to reach the course in any great numbers, which would be necessary if the plan was to be made to pay. Mr. Vanderbilt thought this objection could be overcome, possibly by the Long Island Railroad building a spur from its main line to the course.

Some Practical Difficulties.

The parkway is twenty-eight miles long, and if a high board fence were built around it it would inclose several thousand acres of land. There are a great many trees on the course, but Mr. Vanderbilt thought the ground could be put in shape so that machines could land almost anywhere inside the fence without coming to grief.

The aviators asked Mr. Vanderbilt for time to talk it over, and he told them to take as much time as they pleased. They said they would have a meeting to-day.

Mr. Harmon invited his associates to go on board his yacht to-day and take a trip down the bay. They will leave about 12 o'clock, and when they return it is expected that they will call upon Mr. Vanderbilt and give him their decision.

There was no flying at Mineola yesterday, the aviators contenting themselves with putting their machines in order or directing the cutting of the grass on the course and otherwise putting it into shape. Another new machine arrived, making thirteen flying machines in all that are now housed at Mineola. The new one came by freight from Dayton, Ohio, the home of the Wright Brothers, but no one seemed to know to whom it belonged.

Testing the Aeroplane for War.

Practical efforts to determine the value of the aeroplane in warfare, the most frequently discussed question that has arisen since the introduction of the flying machine, will be made during the week of July 4 to 11 at Atlantic City if the plans announced yesterday by the Atlantic City Aero Club can be carried out. They call for a sham battle between three aeroplanes driven by Curtiss, Hamilton, and Walter Brookins and a United States war vessel stationed about a mile off the beach front. The aviators are to fly over the ship and endeavor to drop on its decks one or more of three bags of sand, representing bombs, and an ingenious system of defense is provided for the vessel by means of a special telescope camera attached to the guns which will tell whether the guns would have delivered their shells with sufficient effect to prevent the attack or not.

A committee of the Atlantic City Aero Club, which consists of hotel men and business and professional men of the city, returned yesterday from the aviation meet at Indianapolis, it was announced, with contracts signed by the three aviators mentioned.

Application was also made yesterday to the Treasury Department for the detailing of a war vessel. A representative of the association said they had been given assurances which encouraged them to believe the application would be acted on favorably. A battleship has been asked for, but if this cannot be obtained the men behind the venture think the tests could be made satisfactorily with a cruis-

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GRAND INTERCOLLEGIATE BOAT RACES HIGHLAND-ON-HUDSON, JUNE 25.
Special trains leave via West Shore R. R. 10:00 and 10:40 A. M. See agents or telegraph 0 Madison.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

METROPOLITAN AND HAMMERSTEIN CLASH

$100,000 of the Money to be Paid Held Up Pending a Settlement.

WHAT IS OPERA COMIQUE?

Metropolitan Directors Fear Hammerstein Will Enter Their Field—Appeal to Courts Likely.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 20.—The American courts may eventually be called upon to determine a knotty problem of musical nomenclature and to decide what is the boundary line between grand opera and opera comique.

Difficulties have arisen between the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company and Oscar Hammerstein, and, pending a settlement, the former are withholding the payment of part of the sum by which Mr. Hammerstein was to be bought out of the operatic field in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Chicago.

A portion of the agreed amount was to be paid over when the younger Hammerstein signed a certain agreement on behalf of his father, and the rest was to be paid in installments. One hundred thousand dollars of these installments is now held up.

The Directors of the Metropolitan Company are not satisfied that the undertaking given by Arthur Hammerstein is explicit enough. It is their contention that Mr. Hammerstein was not to enter into competition with the Metropolitan Opera, and in view of the reports crediting Mr. Hammerstein with an intention to give opera comique in America they want to make sure that he will keep to the spirit as well as to the letter of his agreement before they pay the balance of the money.

No further installments, I am informed, will be paid over until Oscar Hammerstein has signed a bond which definitely excludes him from the whole field of opera in the area in which the Metropolitan Directors are interested.

It is further declared on good authority that Mr. Hammerstein has no intention of signing such an undertaking and that he bases his case on the bond given in his name by his son. This excluded him from the production of grand opera only, and he declares that it is within his rights to produce opera comique.

Unless a compromise is arrived at, of which, I am told, there is but a slight chance, the American law courts may have to decide where grand opera ends and opera comique begins.

Oscar Hammerstein, whom I saw today, refused to say what were his future intentions in the matter. He, however, outlined his case succinctly, and added:

"My son had a power of attorney to act for me. This power of attorney enabled him to make a transfer of my actual rights, but it did not extend to entering into any agreement binding my future action. It is true that I personally undertook, and my son guaranteed the undertaking, not to give grand opera within certain specified limits."

"Then you consider that you are at liberty to produce opera comique, such as 'Manon' and 'Carmen,' and you are going to fight the case on that basis?" was asked.

"My son's power of attorney is valid to a certain extent," was the enigmatic reply.

Most of the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company are out of the city, but Otto H. Kahn, was reached last night by telephone at his home in Morristown.

"This is all news to me," he said, when the foregoing Paris telegram was read to him. "It is true that Mr. Hammerstein is being paid in installments, but there is no money due to him. Everything has been paid to him up to date.

"I do not know of any plan for withholding future payments. Of course, so far as his agreement with us is concerned, it is absolutely impossible for him to produce 'Manon,' or other operas of that character, generally called 'opera-comique' in Paris, and keep his agreement. It was understood that he was to retire from the field of opera."

ISPOLATOFF RELEASED.

Russian Was Arrested After Mrs. Charlton's Body Was Discovered.

COMO, Italy, June 20.—Constantine Ispolatoff, the Russian who has been detained by the police in connection with the mysterious murder of Mrs. Porter Charlton, whose body was found in a trunk that was fished out of Lake Como, was released to-day.

Ispolatoff was a chance acquaintance of Mrs. Charlton and her husband, and he has been closely questioned since he was taken into custody. Apparently the police have found nothing tangible on which to hold him longer.

From the first the man has denied any knowledge of the crime.

HOUSE PASSES MOODY BILL.

Measure Permitting Justice to Retire on Full Pay Goes Through.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Gillette bill to permit Justice Moody of the United States Supreme Court to retire on full pay on account of his long-continued illness was passed by the House to-day.

The action was taken by unanimous consent.

A Summer Appetizer—A teaspoonful of Horsford's Acid Phosphate in a glass of water stimulates appetite and quenches thirst.—Adv.

TWELVE PROSTRATED BY FIRST HOT WAVE

Thermometer Reaches 84 Degrees and Thousands Flock to Seaside Resorts.

BOY SWIMMER DROWNED

His Water Wings Did Not Keep Him Afloat—Girl, Overcome, Falls Into the Sea—Rescued.

Persons who watched the almost continual rain for the first half of this month and wondered whether Summer was ever coming were gratified yesterday when the temperature mounted to 84 degrees. A torpid haze seemed to be veiling thunder clouds in the West. No longer is there a doubt as to the advisability of wearing a straw hat, and the workers in the tall office buildings found their minds often wandering to the breeze-swept places within sound of the breaking sea.

There was scarcely a breath of air stirring during most of the day, and the mercury began to climb in the glass early. To add to the discomfort there was plenty of humidity. It was a hot, moist day out of doors, an dintolerable within doors. Summer is here all right, even though delayed in the coming, and the Weather Forecaster says the mercury is going to keep on the rise for at least three days. There may be a change on Thursday. Twelve persons were prostrated by the heat yesterday.

HEAT PROSTRATIONS.

CARLEY, JOHN, 272 West 146th Street; Hudson Hospital.
COFF, MICHAEL, 350 West Thirty-seventh Street; sent home.
FRIBAY, EDGAR, 49 Morningside Avenue; J. Hood Wright Hospital.
GARVIN, KATHERINE, 85 Eagle Street, Brooklyn; St. Catherine's Hospital.
GARVEY, MARY, 29 Engert Avenue, Brooklyn; St. Catherine's Hospital.
HIGGINS, MARY, 150 Greenpoint Avenue, Williamsburg.
PAIGE, GILDA, 24 North Portland Avenue, Brooklyn; Swedish Hospital.
QUINN, JOSEPH, 224 East Ninety-sixth Street; Lincoln Hospital.
QUIRK, PATRICK, Freeport, L. I.; St. John's Hospital, Long Island City.
ROTH, JOSEPH, 481 Hudson Avenue, Brooklyn; Norwegian Hospital.
STORMS, HENRY W., 272 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn; at home.
WATTS, LESLIE, 224 East 127th Street; Lebanon Hospital.

Quinn, a salesman, was stricken in a crowded Third Avenue elevated train. Carrying a heavy suit case, he boarded the train at 149th Street. He was forced to stand. Just as the train was leaving the station he fell to the floor. Efforts to restore him were fruitless, and he was removed at the 143d Street station and taken to Lincoln Hospital.

The temperature remained high all Sunday night, and at 8 A. M. yesterday it was 73 degrees. From that time the rise was steady. At noon it was 83 degrees, and at 2 P. M. the mercury stood at 84. This was the maximum for the day.

Saturday and Sunday saw the real beginning of the exodus to near-by resorts. There was not as large a crowd outgoing yesterday as on the holidays, but from the early morning thousands, mostly women and children, sought the city's cooling spots. Each train arriving at Coney Island brought a full share, and the same was true in other near-by places.

Down at the Island the gloom has departed and the amusement caterers and others who spent the first half of the month standing about in solitary grandeur figuring out how they were to make second payments on their privileges, which come due just after the Fourth of July, are doing an old-time business.

Lured beyond his depth on a pair of water wings Archie Elliott lost his life at the foot of Bay Ridge Avenue. The boy, who was a pupil of the public school at Sixtieth Street and Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, went into the water with some companions. He went down before his comrades could reach him. His body was recovered. He was 16 years old.

Louis De Falcon, another lad, had a narrow escape from drowning off Thompson's Walk. He was taken with cramps when some seventy-five feet out. James Grace of 191 Grand Street, who was in swimming, heard his cry for help. He succeeded in getting to him and bringing him ashore. De Falcon was taken to the Coney Island Hospital.

Seeking a cool place, Mabel Evans of Orange, N. J., but now visiting at Coney Island, walked out on the narrow jetty which extends 200 feet into the sea at the foot of Henderson's Walk. She got half way out when she slipped and fell into the water.

Near the shore end of the jetty were William Balzer, 539 West Twenty-eighth Street; James Kline of 212 Woodworth Avenue, Brooklyn, and John Shultz, 1,058 Third Avenue, Brooklyn. They ran out to the place where the young woman was struggling in the water, jumped in and grabbed her. It took them almost an hour to get the unconscious young woman ashore. Miss Evans was sent to the Coney Island Hospital. She will recover.

Hundreds turned to the parks yesterday, and it is safe to say that there was many a youngster who crawled like a snail toward his school. In Central Park it looked as though one big picnic party was in possession. Whole families came and sought shelter under the trees. It was almost the same in Battery Park. A crowd moved continually along the sea wall. Many took rides on the Staten Island ferryboats just to keep cool.

Heat Kills Four In Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, June 20.—Four deaths and four prostrations to-day marked the early start of official Summer. While the official temperature at the Weather Bureau on a skyscraper registered only 87 degrees, on the street 91 was registered by bureau instruments. Humidity added to the discomfort, and to-night parks and river wharves are being sought for relief.

557 MILES BY BALLOON.

Pilots from St. Louis Forced to Descend in Kentucky Mountains.

BOWEN, Ky., June 20.—H. E. Honeywell and William Assumann, pilots of the balloon Centennial, were forced to descend in the Kentucky mountains, six miles south of Bowen, last night after sailing 557 miles from St. Louis since Saturday. To-day the news became known when the balloon was brought to Bowen by a four-horse team.

Within five minutes after the balloonists descended a severe storm broke in the mountains. The aeronauts left for St. Louis to-night.

STEAMSHIP "CITY OF ST. LOUIS."
Latest addition to Savannah Line fleet, steams from Pier 35 North River on maiden voyage June 23d. Superb accommodations, suites de luxe with private baths; service unexcelled. An ideal vacation at sea. Telephone 3595 Spring for all information.—Adv.

FIRE SCARE AT NORMANDIE.

Hotel Guests Aroused by False Alarm of a Blaze.

There was a short-lived fire scare at the Hotel Normandie early this morning. About 1:30 A. M. some of the hotel guests smelled smoke. Others said that they saw a great volume of smoke above the roof. The news spread and some one turned in an alarm of fire.

In many rooms the guests were hurriedly dressing, and some of them got to the lobby about the time the fire fighters arrived.

The firemen investigated and after a search of the place decided it was a case of overwrought nerves. They went away, leaving behind a discussion as to whether the smoke came from a chimney or the insulation had been burned off on wires on the big electric sign on the roof.

MORE UNREST IN CHINA.

Nearly All the Baptist Missionaries at Ying-Tak Go to Hongkong.

HONGKONG, June 20.—There is considerable unrest at Ying-Tak, on the North River.

Nearly all the Baptist missionaries of that place have arrived at Hongkong.

DAY'S COOL DRINKS, $500,000.

Chicago Spends $200,000 on Ices and Ice Cream Alone.

CHICAGO, June 20.—It is estimated that Chicago spent half a million dollars yesterday for "cooling beverages."

A prominent manufacturer of ice cream said that on a hot day more than $200,000 is spent for ice cream and ices. More than $200,000 is paid out for beer and other intoxicants, and another $100,000 for lemonade and soft drinks.

COOKE TO HEAD MINT?

Taft Said to Have Offered Directorship to Kansas City Man.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 20.—It was announced to-day that Thornton Cooke of the Fidelity Trust Company of Kansas City had been offered the position of Director of the Mint by President Taft. Mr. Cook tacitly admitted that the place had been offered him, but would not say whether he would accept it.

HUGHES ELECTED A FELLOW.

Succeeds Judge Gaskill in Ruling Body of Brown University.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, June 20.—The election of Gov. Charles E. Hughes of New York to the Board of Fellows of Brown University was announced to-day. Gov. Hughes will succeed the late Judge Francis A. Gaskill of Worcester, Mass. The charter of the university places the government and instruction of the institution in the hands of the Board of Fellows.

Gov. Hughes has been a Trustee since 1906, and the vote of the corporation transfers him to the upper house.

BURNS TO WATER'S EDGE.

Freighter W. C. Redfield, Taking Fire, Towed from Dock to Save Waterfront.

HUDSON, N. Y., June 20.—The freight steamer W. C. Redfield, owned by the Catskill and New York Steamboat Company, was destroyed by fire this afternoon while lying at Athens, across the river from here. Her crew escaped unharmed.

The vessel was at her dock when the flames were discovered, and buildings along the water front were endangered. A ferryboat towed the steamer on to the flats, where she burned to the water's edge.

The Redfield was a side-wheeler of 700 tons, built in 1864, and for many years of her early career was used for passenger service on the Hudson.

WON'T CONTEST WYMAN WILL.

Mrs. Cutler Withdraws Case—Four Cousins Still Contest Princeton Gift.

SALEM, Mass., June 20.—Mrs. Mary C. Cutler of New York, a contestant of the will of the late Isaac C. Wyman of Marblehead, who left his fortune to Princeton University, withdrew, through her counsel, from the case at the Essex County Probate Court. Her attorney stated further investigation had convinced him that his client had no ground for contesting the will. William H. Miles, counsel for the will, said that there had been no compromise nor any promise of a payment as a condition of settlement.

The only contestants remaining are four persons named Mudge, living, in Lynn and Peabody. They are cousins of the testator, and will be given a hearing in the Probate Court next Wednesday.

INSULTED A RABBI.

Cook Fined for Pulling Beard of Man Who Reproved Him.

Rabbi Charles L. Grodinsky of 18 Orchard Street appeared last night in the Night Court before Magistrate Kernochan against William Schmidt, a cook, of 414 East Seventy-eighth Street, whom he charged with pulling his beard.

"I was walking on Avenue A near Sixth Street," said the rabbi, "when I saw this man strike a boy in the face. I went up to him and looked him in the eyes to shame him. Thereupon he caught me by the beard and pulled it. He raised his hand to strike me, when a woman came up and stopped him."

The woman, Mrs. Elizabeth Windermann of 425 East Eighteenth Street, corroborated the rabbi's story, as did the boy, Isidore Ginisky. Schmidt said he had chastised the boy for striking a little girl and denied the beard-pulling charge, but Magistrate Kernochan fined him $1.

CLASSMATES SEEK LOST BOY.

Has Been Gone Since June 14—Another Pupil Also Missing.

Sixty boys of Class 2B in the public school at College Avenue and 146th Street, the Bronx, have been detailed by Arthur T. Gordon, the Principal, to look for Henry Yeager, a classmate, of 750 Melrose Avenue. Yeager, who is 13 years old, disappeared on June 14. He started for school and never returned.

The police were yesterday asked to look for the lad, and his classmates have taken up the search. Another pupil at the same school, eleven-year-old Vincent, son of Giovanni De Pasquali of 201 East 136th Street, has been missing since June 9. His father believes he was kidnapped, but says he has received no letters demanding money.

A charming day and a charming way if your tickets are via the Hud. River Day Line.—Adv.

HUGHES ASKS ACTION ON THREE SUBJECTS

Sends Message to Special Session on Primaries, Graft, and State Finances.

ONE SURPRISE FOR LEADERS

They Thought Proposed Investigation of Corruption Had Been Quietly Disposed Of—Quorum in Each House.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 20.—Under the proclamation issued by Gov. Hughes on the day the regular session adjourned, the Legislature met again to-night in a sweltering midsummer heat. From the talk about the legislative precincts after both Houses had convened, it was obvious that the legislators were a good deal hotter than the weather.

When both Houses had gone into session and had sent the customary committees to notify the Chief Executive that the Legislature was ready to transact business, the Governor sent by the hand of his secretary, Robert H. Fuller, a seven-thousand-word message which increased the temperature under the collars of the lawmakers several degrees. They had come here with the expectation of considering only the Governor's direct primary plan and were prepared to make short work of this and then hurry back home. Instead the Governor submitted three distinct propositions. These were:

Amendments to the primary law, providing for direct nominations and for other safeguards for both primary and general elections.

Amendments to the graft investigation resolution adopted at the regular session, providing the proposed committee with more ample powers for the investigation of corrupt and improper practices in the Legislature and the State departments.

Consideration of the State finances with a view to providing means of additional revenue to meet the growing expenses of the administration.

Contrary to expectation there was a quorum present in each house when the hour to convene arrived. In the Senate less than a dozen members were absent. A majority of the absentees were of the Tammany delegation. Minority Leader Grady, however, was on hand and enlivened the session by declining to accept an appointment on the committee to notify Gov. Hughes that the law-making body had met subject to his proclamation. The lot of representing the minority on this committee thus fell to Senator McManus.

No Stir Over Primaries.

The renewal by Gov. Hughes of his recommendation for the passage of a Direct Nominations bill did not create half the stir that did his recommendation for making the proposed investigation of legislative graft more thorough and sweeping. The effect of his renewed recommendations on direct nominations had been discounted by the certain knowledge that the extra session would be directed to take it up, and the Governor, besides, with considerable moderation indicates his willingness to accept a compromise, though he makes it clear that he has not changed his views on the advisability of its State-wide application.

On the other hand, a majority of the machine members in both houses had hoped that after the bitter fight over the graft resolutions at the regular session the Governor would permit the matter to lapse into oblivion. Instead, the Governor through his message, which is certain to cause considerable comment throughout the State, has again turned the limelight on the sore spot which the bosses gladly would hide from the public gaze until an ample coat of whitewash can be applied by a committee thoroughly reliable from the bosses' point of view.

The Governor points out in his message the defects in the Assembly form of the resolution which was finally accepted by the Senate, to which attention was called repeatedly in the Albany dispatches of THE TIMES while the matter was pending before the regular session. The clause providing for the consideration of charges only after they have been verified "on knowledge," the provision giving any person charged with misconduct the right to be represented by counsel with power to cross-examine witnesses and that limiting the power of the proposed committee to consideration of charges of misconduct against candidates for office, only if they are filed prior to Sept. 1, the Governor points out, would seriously hamper any real investigation.

This recommendation was welcomed by many of the Governor's friends. Through the emasculation of the resolution it is known that Lieut. Gov. White has had no end of trouble in his search for members to appoint who would command the confidence of the public generally.

Direct Nominations Taken Up.

The Governor's message follows in part:

"To the Legislature:

"I have convened you in extraordinary session in order that appropriate action may be taken with regard to matters which I believe to be of first importance to the interests of the people of the State.

"First—I recommend for your consideration the subject of the amendment of the law relating to primaries, the making of suitable provision for direct nominations of candidates for public office, and, in connection therewith, provision for representative and responsible party management.

"The people are dissatisfied with existing conditions and demand a change. Whatever may be said of imperfections in the laws relating to this matter in other jurisdictions, there can be no question but that these laws reflect a wholesome sentiment which is country-wide and cannot be denied. The sentiment is that the instrumentalities of party management shall not be so arranged as to facilitate the purposes of those who would subvert Government to their selfish advantage. It is a sentiment that demands for the members of political parties simple and direct methods by which they can exercise their just rights in determining party choices. It insists that the work and preference of party managers shall be brought to the test of party opinion freely expressed, to the end that the leadership that dishonors the party may be more readily overthrown and that it may be easier to give effective support to honest party managers in the public interest.

"The people in this State, as well as elsewhere, are not disposed to tolerate a continuance of a system which experience condemns and which tends to make departments of Government the servitors of those they are intended to control. The need is to give this sentiment proper expression in well-devised measures.

Primaries Important as Election.

"We must safeguard the purity of the ballot and protect our general elections from violence and fraud; but to secure the administration of Government upon a sound basis, we must insist not only upon proper methods on election day, but a fair and free opportunity within the party on primary day.

"The reform which has been urged for

your consideration is not impractical or visionary. It consists of provision for enrollment of the party voters, for a fair and suitably arranged official primary ballot, and for a proper opportunity to the party voter to express directly his choice in the selection of candidates for public office and also in the selection of those who, holding party positions, may submit recommendations with respect to candidates. I believe that opportunity should be provided to those who have been chosen to represent the party to make their recommendations and thus to secure to the party the advantage of their conference and open advice.

"But the decision should not rest with the party managers. The delegate system in the main operates to give the decision to the managers while cloaking their responsibility under the form of a choice by the representatives of the party voters. The members of the party should have the substance and not merely the form. While, as I have frequently said, public opinion under our existing system wins its victories now and then in exceptional cases, these victories are won against unnecessary odds. These obstacles should be removed.

"A measure providing for a system of direct nominations of candidates for elective offices, including the candidates for State offices for which all the electors of the State are entitled to vote, was, much to my regret, defeated in both Houses. For I believe that this measure, with its careful provision to give due place to the proper working of party organization while enforcing the rights of the party voters, would have accomplished a genuine reform. I have not changed my belief with respect to the advisability of this measure, and I trust it may yet commend itself to the judgment of the Legislature.

Cobb Bill a Real Reform.

"Another measure was introduced, which, proceeding along the same lines and adopting the same basic principles, was applicable to the nomination of candidates for members of Congress, for the Senate and Assembly, and for numerous county officers. This bill was passed in the Senate in the closing days of the recent session, but being brought to a vote on the eve of adjournment, failed of passage in the Assembly. While the measure did not go as far as I believe we should go, nevertheless it represented a substantial reform. And its failure to secure the approval of both branches of your honorable body has left a condition which should be remedied without delay.

"Next Fall we elect the executive officers of the State, members of Congress, an entire new Legislature, and many county officers. We shall not again have as important an election for two years, and it will be four years before there will be another election at which State issues will have the same degree of relative importance.

"In my judgment proper action at this time should be taken to meet the insistent demand for a suitable system of direct nominations of candidates for public office. And I earnestly urge this subject for your most serious consideration.

"In submitting this matter I include whatever further measures may be found advisable to safeguard both primary and general elections.

For Broader Corruption Inquiry.

"Second—I further recommend for your consideration the subject of giving a more ample authority for the investigation into corrupt and improper practices in connection with legislation. The disclosures of the past session in the inquiry held by the Senate, and the results of the examinations conducted by the Superintendent of Insurance, created a general conviction that there should be a general complete investigation with regard to abuses of legislative methods. In my message to the Legislature of April 11, 1910, I recommended that provision should be made for an inquiry which should be immediate, impartial, thorough, and unsparing. A concurrent resolution has been adopted by your honorable body for the appointment of a legislative committee of investigation. An examination of this resolution, however, has led me to the conclusion that it is important to the public interest that the authority of the committee should be enlarged.

"No one can favor the exploiting of baseless rumors or the subjection of the innocent to unjust and harrowing suspicion; but, on the other hand, every effort should be made to disclose, and, if possible, to punish, those who have perpetrated through legislative corruption the greatest wrongs from which the State can suffer. It is due to the people of the State that those who have betrayed their trust or have poisoned the springs of government should be uncovered and branded, and that whether or not this result can be attained, the adequacy of the measures taken to that end should be such as to secure the public confidence.

Committee Needs Full Power.

"Your committee cannot act outside its powers, and, with respect to a subject not confided to it, it will possess no authority and can compel no evidence. A committee with proper power may use its discretion reasonably to prevent its inquiry from being made an instrument of injustice, but it should have the power essential to accomplish the purpose of its being.

"The resolution provides specifically for the investigation of 'all corruption and corrupt practices shown to exist by the evidence in the recent investigation had before the Senate of the State of New York,' and 'all matters indicating corrupt practices in connection with legislation which developed in the recent investigation conducted by the Superintendent of Insurance.'

"It is well that the matters thus referred to should be the subject of inquiry. But the interest of the people of the State is not confined to an investigation of the corruption shown in the Senate proceedings or indicated by matters developed in the examination conducted by the Insurance Superintendent. It is just as important that corruption should be exposed whether or not it was brought to light or indicated in those particular investigations.

"But with respect to other corrupt practices, not so shown or indicated, the resolution provides that the committee is to proceed upon a 'specific charge, verified upon knowledge, of corrupt practices or official misconduct in connection with legislation or the Legislature or with any matter or proceeding before any State department, board, body or officer.'

"I have not overlooked the general clause of the resolution relating to any other matters pertaining to the conduct of the business of the State and its officers, but there is danger that its general words may be deemed limited by the specific language above mentioned with respect to corrupt practices. In such a matter there should be no ambiguity.

"The resolution further provides that 'Any person charged with official misconduct shall be entitled to be represented by counsel and to subpoena and examine and cross-examine witnesses.'

Calls Resolution a Mistake.

"It thus contemplates with respect to such matters a virtual trial upon specific charges verified upon knowledge by those who present them. This provision is of such a character, and the probability of specific charges verified upon knowledge being presented is so slight that it would seem likely that the actual investigation by the committee of corrupt practices would be limited to what was shown in the Senate inquiry or developed before the Superintendent of Insurance. I believe that this is a mistake and that the purposes that your honorable body had in view in providing for an investigation will be attained only by giving such authority to the committee that it may neither be ignored nor be defied, trusting to its discretion to conduct the investigation in a thorough and at the same time just and reasonable manner.

"It should also be remembered that the function of the committee is to investigate to the end that such remedial legislation may be enacted or change of method in the conduct of public business be adopted as will prevent a recurrence of any abuses or evils disclosed. To accomplish this result, I believe, it would be better for the committee to proceed as an investigating committee and not be resolved by a required course of procedure into a trial court.

"I also question the wisdom of limiting the power of the committee with respect to charges of official misconduct against candidates for office to those that may be received before Sept. 1, 1910. This may be questioned quite as much in the interest of those unjustly accused as in the interest of the people at large. If charges sufficiently grave to warrant the attention of the committee are currently reported it will not help matters that they may not be the subject of investigation by the committee. If on the other hand the charges are mere baseless rumors designed unjustly to affect a candidate for office, the power of the committee to make a prompt examination will tend not only to discourage their circulation, but will afford an instant opportunity to expose their worthlessness.

"I make this recommendation to the end that nothing should be lost through want of power or thoroughness, and believing that a proceeding conducted broadly and with directness at this opportune time will not only result in an improvement of methods with respect to legislative action and procedure, but also protect the honor and dignity of officers of Government who, in the main, in and out of the Legislature, are honorably striving to do their duty, and who detest and desire to eradicate the corrupt and improper practices of the few by which they are involved in an unjust and common reproach."

More Revenue Is Needed.

In urging upon the Legislature the necessity of considering means of raising additional revenue Gov. Hughes calls attention to the fact that with the State's income for the current fiscal year, under the very best circumstances likely to aggregate about $33,000,000, the Legislature made appropriations aggregating $46,970,571.80, and that even with the $4,713,747 which the Governor disapproved, the appropriations for the year exceed the prospective revenues by from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000.

The Governor adds that it is not entirely safe to look entirely to the surplus in the State Treasury to supply the deficit because this surplus, the Governor says, has been largely a matter of bookkeeping.

"The demands upon administration," the message says, "are continually increasing. There is not the slightest ground for the expectation that the people of the State will permit any substantial reduction of our activities. The interests of agriculture and of labor, the demands of education and of public charity, the protection of public rights, with respect to public possessions and the instrumentalities of intercourse, the making of suitable provision for the just settlement of controversies with those holding public privileges and the safeguarding of the community against its exploitation, the execution of the police powers to guard health and safety, require numerous administrative facilities which cannot be withheld, and the tendency unquestionably will be to increase rather than to diminish them. This will be not only because of the needs due to increase of population, but by reason of the constantly growing demand for improved governmental methods and for more humane and enlightened service along lines that are commonly accepted as being within the proper scope of governmental action.

Hospitals Shockingly Overcrowded.

"The number of those who should be cared for in our hospitals for the insane is now increasing, I am informed, at the rate of about 1,000 a year. On the basis of 3,000 to a hospital, this would mean a new hospital every three years. Several of our hospitals are now shockingly overcrowded. We are enlarging the accommodations at King's Park, Central Islip and Ward's Island. We have started the new Mohansic Hospital and still another will be provided.

"The demands on the part of our charitable institutions for increased accommodations, for betterments to secure the ends for which they were established, as well as for necessary up-keep are very heavy. Our prisons are overcrowded. We have two new prisons under way. We are constructing a new State education building for which, and the new power plant, the sum of $1,500,000 has been appropriated this year.

"Our policy with respect to road improvement carries with it not merely the construction of new roads, but road maintenance which under existing conditions of travel and by reason of neglect in the past requires large expenditures, destined annually to increase as additional roads are provided.

"In four or five years the annual requirement, if all the bonds (canal and highway) are issued, as is expected, will probably be as high as $8,000,000. It may not be necessary at this time, in view of the smaller amount of the contributions now required, to go back to a direct tax for this purpose, but it will soon be necessary. I may add that my reflection upon this matter has led me to the conclusion that when the people authorize a bond issue upon a basis of a direct tax to pay the bonds, the direct tax should be imposed.

"The question recurs, however, what should be done to meet the difference between the estimated income for the next year and the appropriations."

Inheritance Tax Bill Imperfect.

At this point the Governor calls attention to the bill for a graduated inheritance tax which the Legislature passed at the regular session as a revenue measure and which at the present time is awaiting his approval. The Governor says he doubts whether the bill would meet the exigency, and aside from this it is open to serious objections. The Governor says:

"The objection lies to the method of graduation. The progressive rate appears to depend not upon the amount of property or interest received by the individual transferee, but upon the size of the whole estate passing to those who are not exempted from the provisions of the law.

"If the law stood prior to 1892 the Court of Appeals held that the aggregate amount of the estate should not be considered in determining whether a tax should be imposed, but instead the specific share passing to the individual transferee, but in the revision of 1892 the word 'property' we defined to mean the property passing or transferred, not that portion of it received by an individual transferee; 'thus making the limitation of the statute apply to the aggregate value of the property transferred, not to the separate value of each several transfer.'

"This definition is not changed by the bill to which I have referred, and it would seem that the sections relating to the proposed graduated tax must be construed accordingly.

"The bill provides that the tax imposed with respect to collateral relatives and strangers shall be 7 per cent. if the value of the property does not exceed $100,000, 8 per cent. if it exceeds $100,000 and does not exceed $250,000, and 10 per cent. if it exceeds $250,000. In the case of those within Section 221 of the tax law, including father, mother, husband, wife, child, brother, and sister, the tax of 1 per cent. is imposed if the property is of the value of $10,000 or more and does not exceed $100,000, 2 per cent. if it exceeds $100,000 and does not exceed $250,000, and 5 per cent. if it exceeds $250,000. Hence under this bill it would seem that persons who stand in the same relation to two decedents and receive legacies of precisely the same amount will pay inheritance taxes at different rates, according to the size of the estate left by the decedents respectively. This method of graduation has been condemned as opposed to sound policy.

System Would Seem Unjust.

"Our present law, having no system of graduation, but distinguishing merely between those intimately related to the deceased and collaterals and strangers, does not evoke the sense of injustice as would inevitably the new system."

After quoting at length from court decisions in support of his argument, Gov. Hughes says in conclusion:

"The approval of the bill which has passed the Legislature, with the inequalities involved in the practical operation of the law, would, I believe, lead to such general dissatisfaction as would speedily bring about its repeal, even if its validity were upheld.

"On the other hand, the passage of a bill for a progressive inheritance tax with a suitable method of graduation which would appeal to the common sense of fairness might solve in some degree, and perhaps altogether, the question of procuring the needed increase in revenues. The extent to which it would afford additional income is, of course, difficult to estimate with precision.

"I do not wish to withhold from you the consideration of other means of raising revenue, but submit to you the entire matter, urging upon you the necessity of making immediate provision to meet the outlays that have been authorized."

Leaders in Conference.

In both houses the message was referred to the appropriate committees. No other business was transacted, and under ordinary conditions the committees cannot begin work until bills carrying out the Governor's recommendations have been drafted and introduced. To provide for this the legislative leaders of both houses were in conference this evening.

Neither Speaker Wadsworth nor Majority Leader Merritt of the Assembly—both of whom are bitterly opposed to the Governor's direct nominations plan—would have anything to say for publication regarding their probable course at the present session. At the regular session both the Hinman-Greene bill, providing for the State-wide application of the system, and the Cobb compromise bill, under which its operations are restricted to Congressmen, State legislators, and county officials, were beaten in the Assembly, while the Meade-Phillips bill, which the Governor vetoed as abortive, was passed.

Unless there is a change in the present attitude it is certain that nothing will be left undone to bring about the defeat of the Governor's plan. So far there is no lack of indications that this will succeed. In fact, if the talk of Senators to-night is any indication of what will happen, it is probable that even the Cobb compromise bill, which was passed in the upper house as a caucus measure, might fail of passage there this session. Several Senators said to-night that they would not again enter any caucus on the Cobb bill, and it is generally admitted that the only way of passing the bill would be through a caucus.

In the Assembly several of the Governor's friends are engaged in an effort to get a caucus on the Cobb bill, but so far the indications do not point to success.

Cobb for Rushing Work.

Senator Cobb said to-night: "I don't care to discuss the message now. We will lose no time in getting to work and will get through as soon as possible."

Speaker Wadsworth joined with a great many members of both houses in pronouncing the Governor's recommendations relating to the State's finances excellent.

"I consider that the most important part of the message," said Speaker Wadsworth. "I am glad the Governor brought this up, and I am sorry we have not considered it before."

Speaker Wadsworth would not discuss the direct nominations recommendations beyond saying that he had no changed his mind on the subject.

"As for the resolution under which the investigating committee is to be appointed," he said, "I think it provides ample powers in its present form, and that no change of verbiage could possibly make it stronger."

While the situation to-night indicates the defeat anew of the Governor's pet primary reform, it is admitted that pressure from Washington or a suggestion from Theodore Roosevelt might change the situation. So far, it is said, Mr. Roosevelt has not been heard from, while President Taft is on record as favoring primary legislation at this session.

VANDERBILT OFFERS PARKWAY TO FLIERS

Continued from Page 1.

er or a gunboat. In case the war vessel cannot be obtained, it is believed that the club will charter a boat from private owners.

Flights Above the Ocean.

In addition to the proposed sham battle, there will be flights such as make up the programme of an ordinary aviation meet. All the flights will be over the ocean.

Although the committee has contracts with Hamilton, Curtiss, and Brookins, it is expected that other entrants will be attracted by the prizes offered. It is announced that a fund of $25,000 has been collected for the prizes and other expenses of the meet.

The recent flight to Philadelphia and return made for THE NEW YORK TIMES by Charles K. Hamilton is what led the Atlantic City Aero Club to attempt a test of an aeroplane in warfare against a battleship. In the announcement of the project it is stated that his performance made it apparent that the aeroplane had become the most important factor in modern warfare that yet remained to be experimented upon.

Special rules are now being formed, and will be submitted to the Navy Department to govern the contest. They will provide that each aviator shall carry three bags of sand marked with his name. The bags are to represent high explosives.

The defense for the ship, as outlined by the rules, will consist of three-inch rapid-fire guns, each equipped with a telescope camera securely attached to the barrel of the gun, and so adjusted that the firing of the gun will release the shutter to make a picture, whose exact centre willl make the spot where the shot would have taken effect at the time the discharge came.

Rules of the War Game.

The rules will provide that the guns can only commence firing when the aeroplanes are within half a mile of the ship, the committee being of the opinion that in actual warfare an attack of this kind would only be made in foggy weather, when it would be impossible to discover an aeroplane at a greater distance than half a mile from the ship. Only one gun may be used on each of the aeroplanes participating in the attack. When the film from the telescope camera attached to the gun is developed it will show whether or not the aeroplane dropped its bombs before it was struck in a vital part.

The aviator who is successful in blowing up the battleship before he is himself "killed" or his machine "wrecked" will receive a prize of $1,000. Should the battleship successfully defend herself by landing a shell in all the aeroplanes—theoretically—before any of them succeed in dropping a bomb on board, the thousand dollars will go for the benefit of her crew, the distribution of the money to be made at the direction of its commander or by the prize rules of the Department of the Navy.

Each aeroplane will be allowed only one chance to pass over the battleship and discharge a bomb. Should both the aviators fail in their attack and the ship in its attempt to hit them the prize will not be won by either, but the competition will be repeated each day of the meet until one or the other wins it.

The ocean course will be picketed by various yacht clubs in the vicinity of Atlantic City. They will be prepared to give assistance in case of accident. The meet will be preceded by an aeroplane exhibition on the piers, to be held July 2 and 3. Machines of various design will be shown there, some of them never as yet tried out in actual flight.

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HAMILTON UP TWICE IN A STIFF WIND

Makes an Ascent of 800 Feet, Going at 43 Miles an Hour, Over Hills at Nashville.

CIRCLES A MILE RACE TRACK

Aviator Has Seventy-five Applications, One from a Woman, to Make Flight with Him.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, June 20.—Despite the bad weather which marked the day set for the first of Charles K. Hamilton's flights in his Curtiss biplane here, he made two brilliant ascensions before a comparatively small crowd. It rained nearly all the afternoon, and a stiff wind prevailed.

Hamilton brought out his aeroplane at 4:05, but it was not until 4:35 that he began his flight. He shot into the air at 43 miles an hour, ascending to a height of about 800 feet, going northward from the infield at Cumberland Park over the hills to the east and out of sight, dipping behind the trees for a moment. Returning on a much lower plane he circled the mile race course two and a half times at a height of about 100 feet and came back on a downward glide over the infield for 50 yards about 10 feet above the ground. He landed easily about 75 yards from the start. He remained in the air 11½ minutes. He immediately made another flight over practically the same route, remaining in the air 6 minutes.

Hamilton has had seventy-five applications, one from a woman, to make a flight with him.

CHICAGO BAD FOR FLYING.

Curtiss Says Winds Are Less Steady There Than Elsewhere.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Glenn H. Curtiss, who was in Chicago to-day on his way from Louisville to Minneapolis, said:

"Chicago is a poor place for good flights, for the simple reason that it is the 'Windy City.' The winds, which travel in cycles, are apt to veer suddenly, which makes it difficult, if not dangerous, to attempt a flight. I don't mean by this, however, that Chicago is an impossible field for aviators, nor do I wish to discourage any efforts which local amateurs may be contemplating.

"There is no such thing as a steady wind, but in some places winds are less steady than in others. Chicago is one of these."

"Do you expect to enter the Chicago-New York contest," Mr. Curtiss was asked.

"No, I don't believe I shall enter personally, but one of my machines will take part. That will be a difficult undertaking, and it may be that none will be successful. When I went from Albany to New York I had my machine set for the distance, but from Chicago to New York is such a distance that a machine could not be set to make the different stages in the journey. There would be a large element of luck. It would be a hard undertaking, no matter how easy the promoters attempt to make it."

AERO CLUB FREE TO ACT.

Dissolution of the Wright Injunction Opens the Way to Meets.

The recent dissolution of the preliminary injunction procured by the Wrights against Glenn H. Curtiss relieves the Aero Club of America from withholding its sanction to meets which may be held until the validity of the Wright patents have been passed upon finally by the courts. In order to set at rest the conflicting rumors concerning the effect of the agreement between the Wrights and the Aero Club the Law Committee was instructed by the Board of Governors of the club to take official action on the action of the courts in relation to the dissolution of the injunction. It was felt that the success of the coming international aviation meet on Long Island was threatened by the uncertainty which enveloped the agreement.

The report of the Law Committee was received yesterday at a meeting of the Board of Directors, and as a result the club issued a statement to its members and affiliated clubs defining its position. At the meeting an invitation was extended to the American Aeronautical Association to hold its meeting at the rooms of the Aero Club of America to-morrow.

The statement says that the action of the courts makes it permissible for meets to be held with the club's sanction.

ROOSEVELT WON'T STAY ABED.

Secretary Wilson Intimates He Will Be Heard from This Fall.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who was one of the Administration representatives at the homecoming celebration of Col. Roosevelt, saw President Taft for a few minutes to-day. The Secretary said he had had no private conversation with the former President and had not broached the subject of politics in any way.

"Do you think he will keep out of the campaign this Fall?" the Secretary was asked.

"You know Roosevelt, don't you? Well, then, you don't imagine he will go to bed and stay there!"

ROOSEVELT DUTY ABOUT $500.

Ex-President Declined to Bring in His Foreign Purchases Free.

The amount of duty paid by Col. Roosevelt on his personal baggage will not be divulged by Collector Loeb. He declined yesterday to give out any statement on the subject. Another official said that he paid about $500 on the foreign purchases brought in on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria by himself and his family. Before the arrival of the liner his representative sent $1,000 to Collector Loeb, with the request that it be used to pay the duty. About one-half of this amount has been returned to Col. Roosevelt.

As a Special Ambassador representing this country at the funeral of King Edward he was entitled to bring in his possessions duty free, and an order to that effect was issued by the Treasury Department. The ex-President served as Ambassador without compensation, paid his own expenses, and then refused to take advantage of that to avoid the payment of duty.

The specimens and trophies collected by the Roosevelt hunters on the African trip for the Smithsonian Institution at Washington will be entered free. As they are for public and educational purposes, the law does not apply to them. Many of these have already arrived here, and others are coming in as special shipments.

All of the Roosevelt baggage has been sent to Oyster Bay.

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MISS ALEXANDER ROOSEVELT'S BRIDE

Continued from Page 1.

of the skirt a large crescent of orange blossoms was fastened.

The voluminous tulle veil was held above her full, black pompadour with a half wreath of orange blossoms. She carried white orchids and orange blossoms.

Mrs. Alexander wore a trailing robe of cream white chiffon and a tight fitting coat of blue and cream brocade, the pointed back of the coat being finished with a gold tassel. The coat opened over a waistcoat of pale mauve satin and had a collar, top and jabot of white lace. The elbow length brocade sleeves were also finished with lace ruffles. She wore pearls and her small round hat of blue had its brim faced with black velvet, and the hat itself was trimmed with white and pale blue ostrich tips.

The bride and Mrs. Alexander were met at the steps leading to the altar by Mr. Roosevelt and his best man, his brother, Kermit Roosevelt, who took the place left vacant by Evelyn Du Pont Erving, mourning having prevented him from attending. Mr. Roosevelt wore gray trousers, a black frock coat, and the very palest gray waistcoat and tie to match.

The Rev. Henry M. Sanders, a great-uncle of the bride and pastor of the Baptist Church, assisted by the Rev. Gordon Russell of Cranford, N. J., officiated.

Mayor Gaynor Late.

After the bridal party had gone up to the altar and the entrance to the nave was closed, Mayor Gaynor and Mrs. Gaynor entered the church, the latter in brown satin, having a brown chiffon tunic, topped by a brown hat trimmed with blue-stemmed brown plumes, and completed with bronze ties. A special pew had been reserved for them, but as the ceremony was in progress they stood in the rear of the north aisle till it was over.

The wedding reception, for which about 800 invitations were issued, took place at the residence of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street. The house and ballroom were decorated with pink roses and farlayence ferns, but in the ballroom Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt received under a canopy of white roses, and the bride's table, laid in the breakfast room, was trimmed with bride roses and valley lilies. Pink flowers trimmed the other tables, and the stairways of the house were garlanded with pink peonies and roses. The breakfast consisted of consommé de volaille en tasse, clam fritters, homard Creole, crabs farcis, cotelettes d'agneau aux petits pois nouveaux, saumon historie sur socle, parisiarde en belle vue a l'Ecarlate, chaud de cotelettes d'agneau a la Russe, galantine de chapon a la moderne, mayonnaise de volaille, jambon de Virginie et chapon decouper a la gelee, sandwiches assortis, Bavarois aux fraises, gelee aux fruits, char romain, glaces individuelles gateaux Pithivier, gateau trois freres, petit fours, and café noir.

Rosenberg's orchestra played during the reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt will soon leave for the West, as Mr. Roosevelt is due in San Francisco about July 1 to open a carpet establishment for the Connecticut firm he has been with since he left Harvard. They kept their honeymoon plans strictly secret, but it is thought they will make a long motor trip.

A large amount of old furniture has been sent from Mrs. Alexander's New England country estate to San Francisco to help furnish the home of the bride.

None of the wedding presents was shown, and Mrs. Alexander refused to tell what they were, but by others it was said that Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt gave a liberal check and also a trophy of his prowess in Africa; President Taft sent a tall silver piece, Mrs. H. A. Alexander gave a diamond tiara and a check, the Misses Harriet and Janetta Alexander a gold bag, the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Alexander, presented a silver tea set and tary; Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth gave a set of Whistler prints, Mrs. J. Ellis Hoffman, an aunt of the bride, a diamond ornament; Mrs. Russell Sage also sent a diamond plaque, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Meyer sent a large gilt clock with ornaments, and Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander and other relatives gave jewels, checks, and silver.

Some of the Guests.

Mrs. Russell Sage entered the church a short time before the ex-President and went to a seat in a side aisle without attracting attention. Among others present were Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Lucius Wilmerding, Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mrs. M. T. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Snowden Fahnestock, Miss Ione Page, Mrs. James Brown, Miss Angelica Brown, Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Benjamin, Miss Ruth Wales, Mrs. Reeve Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lydig, Miss Beeckman, and Mr. and Mrs. S. Reading Bertron. Others invited were:

George B. Cortelyou, Senator and Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge, Gifford Pinchot, Jacob A. Riis, Dr. John McGaw Woodbury, Collector William Loeb, Jr., Mrs. Frederick Pearson, the Misses Pearson, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Lispenard Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Symes Lehr, Lady Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Clarence I. Hay, Eliot C. Cowdin 2d, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Pell, Miss Helen Coster, Miss Annie Douglas Graham, F. Skiddy Von Stade, Mrs. James P. Kernochan, Miss Katherine Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Livermore, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Van Valkenburgh, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Delancey Kane Jay, Miss Eleanor Green, John Waterbury, Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman, and Bertram Cruger.

Frederick Cruger, Albert C. Gilbert, Thomas Spriggs Blumer, Mr. and Mrs. W. Halsted Vander Poel, Ashbel Barney, James Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Greenough, Miss Lota Sargent, Stanley G. Mortimer, Miss Eleanor Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes, Mr. and Mrs. Howland Pell, Miss Elizabeth Cutting, Miss Gladys Pell, Mr. and Mrs. W. Pierson Hamilton, Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Robert Fulton Cutting, Mrs. Millington-Drake, Nathaniel S. Simpkins, Jr., John K. Hollins, McKim Hollins, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. Grenville Kane and the Misses Kane, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Percy Rockefeller, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin, Miss Margaret Dix, Charles L. Lawrence, Henry C. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen, Miss Priscilla Stanton, Miss Gertrude Pell, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Yoakum, Mr. and Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Taller, Miss Carol Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Miss Catherine Hamersley, Mr. and Mrs. James Stillman, Phoenix Ingraham, Pierre Lorillard, Rear Admiral W. S. Cowles and Mrs. Cowles, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Alsop.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore D. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Mr. J. West Roosevelt, Mrs. H. L. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. W. Emlen Roosevelt, Miss Margaret Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Elihu Root, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Roosevelt and the Misses Roosevelt, Mrs. N. L. Roosevelt and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Roosevelt and Miss Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Roosevelt, Major H. L. Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. James Roosevelt, J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Maitland Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Alexander, Miss H. G. Alexander, Mrs. Henry M. Alexander and Archibald Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Alexander, Mrs. Barney, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Barnes.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Delano, Hamilton Fish, the Misses Fish, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Cutler, Maurice Roche, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Miss Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Alexandre, the Misses Alexandre, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Landon and the Misses Landon, Miss Edith Carow.

Mr. and Mrs. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bacon, Miss Shippen, Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Geer, Mrs. C. T. Barney, Capt. Beach and Mrs. Beach, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Benjamin, Miss Helen Morgan, Mrs. D. P. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McCook, Miss McCook, Mrs. Berkeley Mostyn, Miss Alexandra Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens, Miss E. Winthrop Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Witherbee, Miss Witherbee, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parish, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Ludlow.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Bradley, the Rev. and Mrs. Herbert Shipman, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton R. Fairfax, Miss Katherine Fairfax, William Rhinelander, T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Miss Street, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Miss Dorothy Randolph, Miss Louise Scott, Francis J. Otis, Lawrence Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Charles Sands, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant, Mrs. Grant, Miss Lota Sargent, Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., Charles Sands, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald De Koven, Miss De Koven, Arthur Russell Jones, Shaun Kelly, and Francis Roche.

FAMILY AVOIDED CROWDS.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Children Came to Town in Detachments.

The members of the Roosevelt family came to town in detachments from Oyster Bay yesterday to attend the wedding, in order, according to Kermit Roosevelt, to avoid the crowds. Mrs. Roosevelt, with her sons Archie, Quentin, and Theodore, Jr., Senator Lodge, and Congressman and Mrs. Longworth, rode in two automobiles, while Miss Ethel, with Kermit and Miss Hagner, came in on the 8:15 train to Long Island City, where a car was waiting on the New York side of the ferry to convey them to the Douglas Robinson home.

Col. Roosevelt went on board the dispatch boat Dolphin late on Sunday night at Oyster Bay as the guest of George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy. On her arrival at the New York Yacht Club anchorage, foot of East Twenty-third Street, about 9:30 A. M. yesterday, the ex-President was saluted with twenty-one guns from the Dolphin as he went over the side into the ship's gig which rattled the windows in Bellevue Hospital and other buildings in the neighborhood.

Mr. Meyer said later that he was not aware of the city ordinance forbidding salutes being fired in that part of the East River and was sorry if patients in the hospital were disturbed.

The ex-President wore a silk hat, cutaway coat, and a buff colored waistcoat, with a blue necktie. Despite his son's wedding he managed to get through a good deal of business in the morning. From the yacht club landing he drove in a taxicab to the offices of the Outlook, 287 Fourth Avenue, where he remained, with his secretary, going through a mass of correspondence until 11 o'clock. Then he went out alone and walked, unrecognized, through East Twenty-second Street across Broadway to the Scribner offices, at 153 Fifth Avenue. He remained there an hour conferring with the publishers about his new book.

On leaving there he walked over to a hat store at Twenty-third Street and Broadway, still without attracting any notice from the passersby. After a few minutes he left the store with a straw hat on and started to walk across Broadway to return to the Outlook office. As he stood on the crossing for a moment he was recognized by a Police Sergeant of the Traffic Squad, who had known him when he was Police Commissioner.

The policeman rushed up and the ex-President shook hands with him, and in a jiffy his identity was disclosed to passersby. From that point to the offices of the magazine in Fourth Avenue it was a go-as-you-please foot race with a surging, perspiring crowd, in which the strenuous ex-President won and left his admirers panting outside the doors.

Shortly after 1 o'clock Col. Roosevelt sallied forth again from the Outlook office and entered a taxicab, wearing another silk hat, which he had evidently exchanged for the straw top piece in his office. The cab stopped at the Twenty-third Street hatter's again, and soon Col. Roosevelt reappeared, wearing a silk hat that fairly dazzled in the bright sunlight. From the hatter's he drove to the home of his cousin, Franklin Roosevelt, 49 East Sixty-fifth Street, and had luncheon there with the members of his family.

The meal was barely over when Congressman William S. Bennet came in and told him that Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt was sitting in her automobile at Park Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street, about half a block away. Without waiting even to get his hat, Col. Roosevelt hurried out and strode in the centre of the street down to the automobile, where he greeted Mrs. Vanderbilt most cordially and spent a few minutes in animated conversation. Then he walked back to the house to the cheers of the men who were working on a building next door.

CROWDS SURROUND CHURCH.

Col. Roosevelt Cheered as He Leaves Son's Wedding.

At 2 o'clock the crowd began to assemble before the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, where the Roosevelt wedding took place, and on the south side of Fifty-fifth Street, opposite the side entrances to the church. Inspector Richard Walsh was in charge of the traffic arrangements, assisted by Capt. Lantry, two lieutenants and two sergeants and 100 patrolmen. Inspector Stephen O'Brien, with 100 unmounted men from the Traffic Squad, kept the approaches clear along Fifth Avenue north and south to prevent a block in traffic.

By 3 o'clock it was estimated that 2,000 persons, mostly women, were gathered in front and at the side of the church to see the wedding guests arrive. As there were two entrances in Fifth Avenue, and the same number on the Fifty-fifth Street side, all equipped with crimson-striped awnings and carpet runners on the pavement of the same brilliant hue, it was difficult for the spectators to decide which entrance the central figures in the wedding would use. Under the police directions, the autcmobiles, carriages, and taxicabs used all four

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RELUCTANT CONGRESS BENT TO TAFT'S WILL

End of Week Will See Four of Five Leading Administration Measures Made Law.

WOULD HAVE PLEDGES KEPT

Railway Bill, Though Largely Insurgent Measure, Will Count as His—Statehood Bill Just Signed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The approaching end of the first long regular session of Congress in his administration finds President Taft and his close friends in both Congressional and Executive circles in high good humor over the surprising extent to which the official legislative programme has been successful. It is a personal record for the President not equaled by a Chief Executive in a great many years, and it has been accomplished by methods utterly unlike those used by the White House in the preceding seven years. As a result he has achieved or is about to achieve four of the five items that constituted the main features of his legislative programme for this session.

Four years ago it took the whole power of President Roosevelt to push his Railroad bill through, and he did not sign it until June 30. If that bill had contained anything like some of the provisions in the new law it would have taken weeks if not months more to pass it.

President Taft signed his Railroad bill on Saturday night, and this morning he signed the second of his Administration measures, the bill providing for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as States. His Postal Savings Bank bill is still having some trouble in the Senate, but there is no doubt that it will ultimately win. And to-day the way was smoothed out for his Conservation bill.

It is now practically certain that by the end of the week the President will have signed these two measures also, and that Congress will have adjourned. The extraordinary thing about all this legislation is that to most of it Congress was either indifferent or hostile. The very men on whom the President relied to put through his Railroad and Postal Bank bills were at heart against them.

To all objections the President has made the stock answer that the Republican platform declared for these things and the Republican Administration and Congress were bound to give them. Now he has won out. And it becomes more than ever a personal victory for Mr. Taft when it is remembered that he was chiefly responsible for the inclusion of these matters in the platform adopted at Chicago by the convention which named him for the Presidency.

Mr. Taft had determined to stand for the Presidency upon a platform indorsing the "Roosevelt policies." In preparation for that campaign he had some of his close friends write the kind of a platform he wanted to be adopted. It was carefully revised by him and by President Roosevelt, and finally was sent in complete form to the convention, where it was adopted with only a few minor changes. In that platform Mr. Taft had undertaken to put into concrete expression several of the heretofore undefined "Roosevelt policies." It worked very well indeed for Mr. Taft, and the platform helped his election. The Postal Savings Bank plank in particular was vastly useful in meeting the Bryan cry for Government guarantee of bank deposits.

The chief element of political strength in the President's programme is undoubtedly his Railroad bill. It is true that the bill as signed bears only small resemblance to the measure prepared by the Attorney General and others at his direction. It is, in fact, very largely an insurgent bill and contains in practically all its regulatory features the stamp of the insurgent view of what Federal control of railroads should be. But with the country at large it is bound to be regarded as the Taft bill, no matter how hard the insurgents labor in the coming campaign to admit responsibility for it.

Not the least remarkable fact is that the very feature of the bill which will give Mr. Taft the greatest political benefit is one which men in both houses with whom he has dealt constantly in all matters of legislation opposed most vigorously. The insurgents were trying to go a little further in the matter of submitting proposed new rates to the approval of the Commerce Commission than the bill, as passed, goes, and the Administration forces, by a deal with the Democrats, defeated them. Just then it was that the Western shippers appealed for relief against the rate increases filed by the Western Trunk Line Committee and the Administration was compelled to resort to an injunction under the Sherman law to hold the new rates until the Government should have under the new law the power which the Administration men in the Senate had been fighting.

There is ample evidence that the country has already overlooked or forgotten the Administration men's attitude and only rejoices that the unpopular railroads were compelled to submit their proposed rates to the judgment of the commission before putting them into operation. Similarly the country seems disposed to pay no attention to the extraordinary surrender of the stock and bond control feature of the Administration bill, which had been promised by the platform and by Mr. Taft repeatedly and constantly from the time of his nomination down to the day when he agreed to its elimination.

There was much opposition to the Statehood bill. A number of Administration Schaters were bitterly opposed to admitting the two Territories. They declaimed sarcastically about pocket borough Senators, and declared they wanted no more of them. But the President calmly insisted, and at the last it was Senator Aldrich who smoothed out the way so that the bill went through.

With his formal legislative programme now out of the way, and only the Injunction bill, which nobody but the President wanted, left out, Mr. Taft this morning continued the effort he began yesterday to secure action on the Campaign Fund Publicity bill. This bill, as it stands, provides for publication of campaign contributions only after the election, when the publicity cannot have any effect on the result. But it is held to be a fulfillment of the Republican platform pledge, just as the Railroad bill is held to be all that the platform declared for. It is likely it will go through this week.

All in all it is a decided triumph for the President and his new method of dealing with Congress. And there is yet another feature of the situation which may add great political strength to Mr. Taft. He has a Tariff Commission now actively at work endeavoring to ascertain reliably the difference between the domestic and foreign costs of production of articles affected by the tariff law. By the time the next long session of Congress meets in December, 1911, that board is quite likely to have material ready for use which would justify a reopening of the wool and cotton schedules, and perhaps others as well.

The President also has a commission to investigate the subject of Federal control in future overissues of stocks and bonds by inter-State carriers. That commission also may be able to recommend legislation aimed at accomplishing that control.

SIGNS WITH EAGLE'S FEATHER.

Thus Taft Does His Part Toward Making Arizona and New Mexico States.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—President Taft signed the Statehood bill at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon in the presence of Postmaster General Hitchcock, Senator Beveridge, chairman of the Senate Committee on Territories; Representative Hamilton, chairman of the House Committee on Territories; Delegate Cameron, of Arizona; Delegate Andrews, of New Mexico; James T. Williams, Jr., editor of the Tucson Citizen, and several others.

Two pens were used in affixing the signature. "Approved, Wm. H." was signed with a solid gold pen, made to order by Postmaster General Hitchcock, who has done much hard work in putting the bill through. "Taft" was written with a big eagle feather pen, presented by Delegate Andrews, and "June 20, 1910," was written with the gold pen. The eagle feather was carried to the White House in a big leather case.

After signing the bill the President congratulated the citizens of the Territories who were present and was heartily congratulated by them.

After the President had affixed his signature Secretary Norton used a blotter and gave it to Delegate Cameron, who wanted it for a souvenir. The men have been friends for years. As he handed the blotting paper to the Delegate Secretary Norton remarked that he took that occasion to reward Mr. Cameron for saving his life fifteen years ago.

The story was then told to President Taft. One night fifteen years ago while traveling alone in the Grand Canyon of Arizona Mr. Norton became ill. When he could crawl no further he sank down, expecting to die. A miner discovered him and hurried to Mr. Cameron's home for help. Mr. Norton was taken there and cared for until he recovered.

HOUSE PASSES MANY BILLS.

Measure for Syndicating World's Navies Gets Through in Closing Rush.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—With the end of the session in sight, the House passed bills in rapid order to-day, first those on the calendar for unanimous consent and later under suspension of the rules. In all nearly two score bills were passed, some of a general but the majority of a private character. In order to dispose of a greater amount of work the House held a night session.

The House leaders expect to get away by Saturday. Some are so optimistic as to think that the session can close by Thursday. The hot weather to-day made early adjournment seem more urgent to many who had not been in such a hurry while it was cooler.

The attendance through the day was good. That is another indication that adjournment is approaching. There was also an absence of bickering in debate. Nearly every one was in good humor, and bills that might not have received favorable consideration a few weeks ago were passed in short order.

Among the more important measures which the House put through to-day was the Bennet bill, sanctioned by the President and favorably reported by the Committee on Foreign Affairs, authorizing the President to appoint a commission to consider the advisability of "syndicating the navies of the world in order to maintain international peace." The bill provides for the creation of a commission of five members which is to make suggestions as to reducing the armament expenses of all the nations and to constitute the present combined navies of the world "into an international force for the preservation of peace."

"It is believed that the Senate may take action on this bill before it adjourns, the President having heartily approved of the plan contemplated. The Bennet bill is a substitute measure for bills of similar character introduced by Representative Bartholdt of Missouri.

A bill was passed giving the City of New York the privilege of obstructing navigation of any river or other waterway which does not form a connecting link between other navigable waters of the United States and lying wholly within the limits of that city by closing all or any portion of these waterways.

In approving a bill of this character the War Department said that there are a number of small waterways and inlets in various cities which have no importance to general commerce and that their control might be left to the States. The bill as it passed the Senate applied to any city. The House bill, however, extends these rights to the City of New York alone.

BAILEY AGAINST ENGINEERS.

Texas Senator Says He'll Talk to Death Bill Increasing the Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Irritated because certain waterway projects in Texas did not meet with the approval of the Board of Engineers and so were left out of this year's Rivers and Harbors bill, Senator Bailey to-day announced that if the bill increasing the Army Engineer Corps were pressed he would talk it to death, if he had to speak on the subject until the end of the session.

It is understood that there is considerable opposition to the proposed increase, coming partly from Senators disappointed at the reports made by the engineers on local propects and partly from those who fear that the increase in engineers has something to do with the retirement of Chief Newell of the Reclamation Service, who will be replaced, it has been said, by an army engineer.

"The trouble is," said Senator Bacon in support of Mr. Bailey's position, "that the department is trying to use the engineers for digging ditches about which they know nothing."

As by common consent the session will hardly last beyond Saturday, it is evident that a very small force of willing Senators can kill almost any bill.

COMMERCE COURT JUDGES.

Taft Will Make No Appointments to New Bench Before October.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—President Taft will not appoint the five Judges of the Court of Commerce authorized by the new railroad law until December next. The law does not become effective until Aug. 8. By that time Congress will have adjourned, and early in his term the President announced that he would make no recess appointments to the Federal bench. He believes a man should be confirmed by the Senate before taking a place on the bench.

This same rule will apply to a successor to Justice Moody of the Supreme Court, who is expected to resign some time during the Summer.

DEADLOCK BROKEN ON $30,000,000 BONDS

Taft Vouches for House Leaders' Promise to Pass Separate Reclamation Issue Bill.

SENATE THEN DROPS RIDER

Repasses Conservation Measure Without Bond Issue Feature—House Bill Calls for Only $20,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.—A way was found to-day to break the deadlock between the two houses of Congress over the thirty-million-dollar bond issue proposition for reclamation purposes in the arid country of the West. The upshot of it was that the Senate recalled the Conservation bill, to which the bond issue scheme had been appended, and then passed the Conservation bill again, sending it back to the House, where it will go to conference.

This act was allowed by the Senators interested only after assurances had been given by the House leaders that the Mondell bill, carrying a provision for an issue of $20,000,000 in bonds, would be passed without delay.

The assurances in this case were given by the House leaders to the President, and the President later vouched for them to the Senators who have been fighting all along for the issue of bonds for completing irrigation projects. The President has been asking for the bond issue provision, but a hitch arose in the House when the Senate bill carrying the provision was put to sleep in the Committee on Ways and Means. Then the Senate passed an identical provision as a rider to the Conservation bill, but this measure the House refused to send to conference, on the ground that the Senate amendment raising revenue had not been considered by a House committee.

Things were in this pass this morning when Speaker Cannon, who has all along opposed the issue of bonds, came over to the Senate side. Mr. Borah and other Senators of the Middle West met him and were told that the House would take no action whatever on the bond proposition until the Senate recalled the Conservation bill and eliminated the rider. When that was done, he said, he personally would have no objection to the passage of the Mondell bill, with its provision for $20,000,000 in bonds.

The Senators, however, were not content with that statement, and the conference broke up with some show of feeling on both sides. Later Mr. Cannon and Mr. Payne, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, assured the President that they would let the Mondell bill pass the House, and the President at once called up the Senate by telephone to give the news. He added to the information of the pledge of the House leaders his personal assurance that he would not sign the Conservation bill until he was certain there would be also a Reclamation bill to sign. To avoid a misunderstanding several Senators got the White House to repeat this statement to them, and the Conservation bill was thereupon recalled and modified as agreed.

When the Mondell bill, with its smaller provision for bonds, reaches the Senate the Westerners, under the leadership of Mr. Borah, will renew their fight to have the issue increased from $20,000,000 to the $30,000,000 authorized in the original bill passed by the Senate. To this effort there will be strong opposition, but Mr. Borah to-night speaks confidently of success. Should he win, the bill will go to conference with a prospect of a compromise on $25,000,000 being eventually reached. Otherwise the House bill will be adopted without serious change.

PULLMAN RATE ORDER HOLDS.

Commerce Board Refuses to Postpone Date Set for Lower Rates.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day passed upon the application of the Pullman and Great Northern Companies for a suspension of the commission's orders in what are known as the sleeping car cases as well as the application of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Northern Pacific, and Santa Fé Railroads for leave to intervene in these cases.

The commission declined to postpone the effective date of the order, but allowed the intervention, and announced that the cases would be assigned for rehearing after the orders had been in operation for three or four months to enable the commission to obtain information concerning their effect.

The orders are to become effective on July 1.

MUST CARRY WIRELESS.

Bill Passed Requiring It of Oceangoing Vessels with Over Fifty Passengers.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Oceangoing vessels carrying more than fifty passengers after July 1, 1911, must be equipped with wireless telegraphic apparatus before being permitted to leave any port in the United States, according to the terms of a Senate bill passed by the House to-day.

An amendment, proposed by Mr. Mann of Illinois, was adopted, requiring such vessels to exchange messages with all shore or ship stations using other systems of wireless telegraphy.

Two-garment Suits for Men can be dressy as well as comfortable.

Omission of the waistcoat is about all that distinguishes the two-piece from the three-piece Suit of most makers.

Our two-garment Suits are especially designed as such. Their features of construction are distinctly different from the three-garment Suit and the utmost skill is exercised in tailoring them so that they may retain their shapeliness. To do this successfully calls for superior knowledge and training. Our tailormen have both.

Two-garment Suits for Men begin with the linens at a dollar and a half, ranging, in other materials, up to thirty-five dollars.

Included are mohairs, crashes, serges, homespuns, tropical worsteds, white or fancy flannels, silks and batistes.

Outing Trousers of white or fancy flannels, 5.00 to 7.50.

Of linens, crashes and other Summer materials at 3.50 to 5.00.

Khaki Outing Trousers at 2.00 and 2.50

Saks & Company

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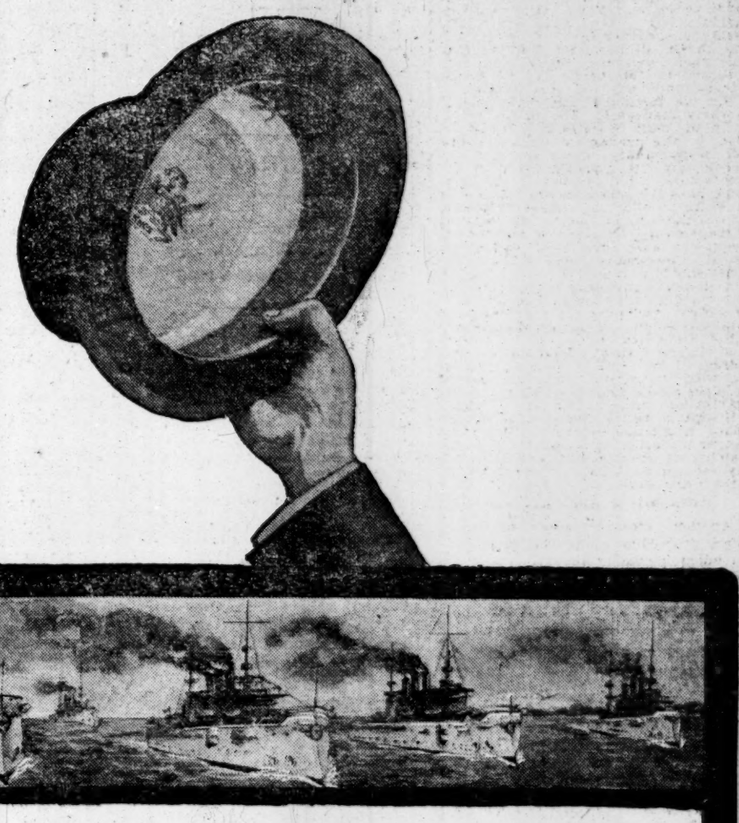

Highest Type of Hat and Man

The above is an exact reproduction of President Roosevelt's hand with his **Knox Hat** in it as he waved Godspeed from the deck of the yacht Algonquin on Dec. 16, 1907, to the American Battleship fleet as it started on its wonderful trip around the world under the command of Admiral Evans, in the presence of fifty thousand cheering Americans.

This remarkable photograph of Mr. Roosevelt now hangs over the desk of Colonel E. M. Knox in the Knox Building, Fifth Avenue and 40th Street, New York.

An exact reproduction would appear but for the wish expressed by the ex-President that his picture be kept out of advertisements.

The Characteristic "Roosevelt" Grip is easily recognized, so is the Knox Hat.

Colonel Roosevelt always has the best of everything.

Give Music a Permanent Place in Your Home Life

IS it not true that of all the homes you visit, the atmosphere of those where there is music, is brightest and happiest?

The reason is not hard to seek. Nothing is so inspiring as music. Nothing has such power to lift us above the prosaic. The

Pianola Piano

Will Make Your Home Musical

This is the piano that people are buying today. It is the piano that is changing dull homes all over the world, into cheerful ones—that is satisfying the music-hunger of thousands upon thousands of unskilled music-lovers.

Learn *now* what so many others have learned before you, that the music the PIANOLA Piano furnishes you never tire of, because it is the kind you take part yourself in making.

Only at Aeolian Hall can you obtain the genuine PIANOLA Piano in Manhattan. Remember that the PIANOLA Piano originally created the demand that its many imitators are now endeavoring to help supply.

PIANOLAS - cost $250 to $450.
PIANOLA Pianos cost $550 and Up.
Moderate Monthly Payments.

The Aeolian Co. Aeolian Hall, 362 Fifth Ave., New York
The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES FOR MEN

A trial will convince that W. L. Douglas shoes are the best in the world.

Greater New York Stores: 93 Nassau Street; 755, 853, 1349, 1437 Broadway; 984, 1452, 2202, 2779 Third Ave.; 356 Sixth Ave.; 345, 663 Eighth Av.; 256 W. 125th St., Brooklyn: 421 Fulton St.; 705, 1007, 1367 Broadway; 475 Fifth Av.; 1775 Pitkin Av.; Jersey City: 15 Newark Av.

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Largest in the World. Every detail. 40 years' experience.

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Storage Warehouse, Moving Vans.

Eade's GOUT Pills

Instantly Relieve and rapidly Cure GOUT, RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and all pains in the head, face and limbs.

At all Druggists or
E. FOUGERA & CO., Sole Agents, N. Y.

John Jameson

THREE STAR

Whiskey

Frederic's PEARLS

No jewel case is complete without them.

1 WEST 34TH ST.
Opp. Waldorf-Astoria.
479 FIFTH AVE.,
at 41st St.;
903 BROADWAY,
at 20th St.

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ANYBODY can strop the AutoStrop Safety Razor as quickly, handily and expertly as the head barber. That's why you can give yourself a head barber shave with it.

You don't remove the blade to sharpen or clean. Automatically strops itself. No other razor does this.

You will probably not believe this until you try it.

Therefore, get one. Try it. If it does not give you a head barber shave, take it back. Dealer has authority from us to refund your money.

Will you put it off and forget it, or will you get one this morning?

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR
Strops Itself
AUTOSTROP SAFETY RAZOR CO.
345 Fifth Ave., New York

Outing Wear

The usual idea of Outing Wear is any suit worn without a waistcoat.

There is a lot more to it than that. We have a great choice of lightweight fabrics suitable for the warm days, in town or country.

It is a distinguishing merit of our Summer Suits that they are made to hold their shape—not merely to look well when tried on.

$15 to $25.

Browning, King & Company
Broadway at 32nd Street
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Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit

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In Hot Weather

You Can Be Easy in Our

U-CAN-B-E-Z SHOE for Men.

It was created to give the utmost comfort to the feet.

Black and Russet High and Low Cut.

$5.00 $5.50 $6.00

We carry Every Style of Men's Shoes at all prices.

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

Men's Pure Thread Silk Sox - - 50c

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

VENTILATED, NON-RATTLING
PATENT WINDOW AWNINGS.
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MOST INFLUENTIAL CIRCULATION.
The New York Times is read by more bankers, brokers, railroad men, and investors than any other newspaper in the United States, and it publishes a larger volume of financial advertising than any other medium, excluding all questionable announcements.—Adv.

LOSS OF FIGHT HARD BLOW TO FRISCO

John L. Sullivan Says Business Men Are Downcast Over Change.

WARM GREETING ON COAST

Old-Time Champion Brought Back Twenty-seven Years to the Time When He Fought Robinson There.

By JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 20.—Well, we finally got here on schedule time. That seems pretty good, coming all the way across the continent and getting here right on the dot. I was rather amused at the enthusiasm that greeted me at the Ferry House. It seemed as though I was going to be one of the principals myself. However, the San Francisco people always were good to me, and this time was no exception, even though we could not be entertained with the fight in this remarkable city. It was no fault of the San Francisco people.

The enthusiasm of the crowd which gathered around our automobile this morning took me back twenty-seven years ago, when I came here to fight their champion, Robinson. Market Street that day was strewn with flowers for me to walk through, and it was too bad that I had to "lick" Robinson, but that is one of the fortunes of war. At that time we had none of the qualms that confronted us to-day with the Executive's recent action and all that sort of thing to prevent the fight between Jeffries and Johnson.

It seems to be the opinion here among the San Francisco people that the Governor has come to his exclusive ideas at a very late hour when he could have done this three or more months ago, and that he has allowed the promoters to go ahead when they could have saved the money which they have spent so lavishly in building an arena here and in other directions.

It is without doubt a foregone conclusion that the contest between Jeffries and Johnson will not be held in San Francisco, as the Governor has positively stated that he will not tolerate a prizefight, as he terms it. Rickard is already in Nevada negotiating and teams are carting away lumber of the half-finished arena at Eighth and Market Streets, and the fighters, trainers, &c., have all packed up their paraphernalia and are now about to start for Nevada to pitch their tents and continue their training in the high altitude of the sister State.

This change of base will probably affect Johnson's physical condition more than it will Jeffries's, because the big boilermaker has been accustomed to mountain localities, and, as a matter of fact, loves them, while Johnson has been training at the sea level.

I was indeed surprised to find what extensive preparations had been made here. We got the idea somehow or other while we were coming across the country that the people here were lying back a little on account of the disposition of the Governor in his first objection. On our arrival we found the business men really downcast over the whole affair. It seems that this is rather the hardest blow that San Francisco has had since the fire.

An hour after we arrived a meeting was called at Tom Dillon's, who is a hatter of San Francisco and one of the city's popular residents, and fifty of San Francisco's business men sent broadcast 2,000 petition blanks, with the following heading to each one:

"To the Hon. P. H. McCarthy, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco:

"Sir: Whereas his Excellency, James N. Gillett, Governor, has declared that it is his intention to prevent the boxing contest scheduled for July 4, 1910, between James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson; and,

"Whereas, This threatened interference on the part of the Governor will, if carried out, deprive our city and State of one of the greatest opportunities ever presented to promote the various interests of the city and State, being to our citizens millions of dollars, and attracting thousands of non-resident investors to the many industries and resources capable of development within our State.

"Therefore, the undersigned residents, merchants and business men of San Francisco, representing the various industries of our city and State, respectfully petition your Honor to intercede with his Excellency, James N. Gillett, Governor of the State of California, with a view to having the Governor recede from the position heretofore taken by him and permit said contest to take place within the law as at present arranged. And your petitioners will ever pray."

Up to 2:30 to-morrow afternoon it is expected there will be 40,000 signatures affixed to this petition. What effect this will have on the Governor, of course, remains to be seen, but in my opinion it won't have any. Our party has already arranged for a sojourn in Reno or Goldfield, Nev., and the State of Nevada will probably see us not later than Wednesday morning. This Executive interference has taken out of our minds all thought of the two fighters. It was our intention to hike right out to Johnson's quarters as soon as we arrived here, but we learned that there was nothing doing out there of a material nature, and the same is true at Rowardennan.

I have a good deal of sympathy for these two fellows, because I have been in the same boat myself, and it does seem that with the enlightenment of civilization and the past experiences there ought to be some more definite purpose about delicate affairs of this sort, and some consideration for people who like a good scrap, especially when they make preparations so far in advance and go to so much trouble to enjoy their favorite game.

You can talke about the undesirable element of society and the thugs and bruisers all you want, but latter-day conditions have proved, and mighty thoroughly, too, that it is not the thug or the strong-arm individual or the undesirable citizens generally who patronize fights. The spectators at the verious fight clubs are a mighty staunch and responsible element of society, at least those that I have seen around boxing rings in the last few years, and one would think that some consideration should be shown to this class.

We have heard of political intrigues, the Panama Exposition, and countless other reasons for the Governor's action, but none of them seems rational or sensible, and it is still a puzzle to me why this fight was not allowed to take place in San Francisco. The people seem to want it, everything has been made ready for it, but almost at the eleventh hour, the Gubernatorial objection falls like a pall over the city. Heartily sympathize with this fellow Rickard, because he has shown a spirit of gameness that goes with the strenuous business that he engaged in for the last six or seven months. He deserves all that he can get out of this affair, and I only hope that the sports who showed every indication of supporting the fight here in Frisco will go a little further and take it in over in Nevada, even though it does mean an all-night ride. That is all it does mean, however, if it is held in Reno, and surely that is not a great task to the dyed-in-the-wool sport. But the thing that occurs to me is that San Franciscans and the folks in this locality will be so badly disappointed and so discouraged and disgruntled that they wouldn't go to see the fight if it were only across the bay.

But say, it looked too good to be true to hold a championship right in the heart of the city. Why, it is but four or five blocks from the St. Francis Hotel, where we are stopping, and no other fight in the history of pugilism has taken hold of the people so much as this one between Jeff and Johnson. As far as the people are concerned they are in hearty accord with the promoters, and it is their wish to have the fight held in San Francisco, but it seems to be the consensus of opinion that there is a "nigger in the woodpile somewhere." There is no specified reason given by the Governor for his so-called interference in preventing the contest taking place in this city. One argument simply says that it is against the law of the State of California, and when you put the question to business men of the city and ask them for any specified reason why the Governor interfered there are all sorts of conjectures, and even when the question is asked why the Governor did not interfere some three, four, or five months ago, knowing full well that the community was informed that the contest was to be held in San Francisco, why he did not at that time come out and make the statement that he now so boldly makes, there is no common answer. The Governor has the power and the wherewithal to prevent the contest and so declares himself.

You can inform your readers that my colleague and I will keep the general public throughout the country informed of every phase of the situation that occurs between now and until the fight is over.

There have been a great many reports published in the papers throughout the country that I said I thought Jack Johnson would beat Jeffries. I do not know who circulated these stories. I have never made any such statement either about Jeffries or Johnson. I have been engaged to report all the details of the affair up to the date of the battle for THE NEW YORK TIMES, and I say here, once and for all, that I never made the assertion attributed to me to any representative of a New York paper, or of any other paper. I have always had one motto, and that was from the beginning of my career and will be until the time comes for me to take the long sleep from which none of us awake, and that motto is, "May the best man win."

RICKARD GOES TO RENO.

San Francisco Given Up as Place to Hold Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—Tex Rickard, promoter of the Jeffries-Johnson fight for the championship of the world, turned his back on San Francisco this morning and left at 10:40 o'clock for Reno, Nev.

Two places in the Sagebrush State are anxious for the big mill. They are Reno and Goldfield. Representatives of each will urge their respective claims and inducements at a conference to-night, and to-morrow at noon Rickard will announce his decision.

Rickard drove to the ferry from the St. Francis in an auto, accompanied by several friends and Tom Flannigan, one of Jack Johnson's trainers. He met a group of newspaper men and chatted pleasantly until time for the boat to leave.

"I have received word from the Goldfield delegation and will meet them at Reno to-night," said Rickard. "I have not reached any decision as between Reno and Goldfield and will not do so until after I have heard all of the arguments of both contingents. I realize better than any one that the delay is costly, and will make a positive statement to-morrow regarding the scene of the big fight."

The promoters of the fight have already taken in $131,000 from the sale of seat certificates. Many San Franciscans are among the holders of seat certificates, and any number of these will be unable to go to Nevada to see the mill.

Those who have given up their money and received certificates entitling them to seats, and who will be unable to attend the battle, are wondering whether they will get their money back. The fight promoters' certificates read that money will be refunded if the fight doesn't take place, but do not state where.

That active preparations are making to shift the Langford and Ketchel fight to Nevada was made manifest to-day, when Joe Woodman instructed his Reno representative to secure training quarters at Reno for Langford. Sid Hester, who promoted the Nelson and Wolgast match, is in Reno, and it is believed that he is trying to get a permit for a fight between Langford and Ketchel.

Jack Johnson spent the day preparing to make the journey to Nevada, which he will take by train, having abandoned the idea of going by motor. It was with some difficulty that he was dissuaded by his managers from making the trip in his racing car, but he was persuaded that the pleasure of such a journey would be outweighed by the danger of dropping into one of the deep canyons of the Sierra Nevada Mountains.

RENO, Nev., June 20.—William McCarney, representing Rickard, Gleason, and Sid Hester, arrived in Reno to-day from San Francisco and completed preliminary arrangements for training quarters for the big fighters, who are to battle on July 4. This afternoon the Business Men's Committee of Reno held a meeting and discussed the situation.

Johnson may have trouble securing suitable training quarters in this city. It was thought that arrangements had been completed on Saturday for him to train at Laughton's Springs, a short distance from Reno. To-day, however, the owner of that resort stated he would not allow Johnson to train there, and McCarney is now looking for other accommodations.

The Goldfield "boosters" arrived in Reno last night and are confident they will land the contest. It was announced by the local railroad officials to-day that the Southern Pacific Company would not guarantee to handle any special trains any further than Mina in case the fight should go to Goldfield. It appears that the strike called several weeks ago on the Tonopah & Goldfield Railroad has not been declared off, and the Southern Pacific trainmen have refused to work the trains any further than Mina, which is the terminus of the Southern Pacific system in Southern Nevada.

To-day Frank Hall, manager for John L. Sullivan, arrived in Reno. He was en route to San Francisco, but was stopped here by telegrams. He is arranging for the stay of Mr. Sullivan and party here. Mr. Sullivan will report the training and contest of the two fighters for THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Special to The New York Times.

ROWARDENNAN TRAINING CAMP, Cal., June 20.—This camp is certainly up in the air to-day. Without definite word from Rickard as to the battleground, and as to the possibility of a suit being brought against Jeffries by the Rowardennan management because of an alleged breach of contract in refusing to remain here until July 2, no one seems to know where he is at. Jeffries was up early this morning, and it was plainly to be seen that he was in anything but a pleasant frame of mind. After breakfast he loafed around his cottage, chatting with his trainers.

APPEAL TO GOV. DICKERSON.

Pleas That He Prevent the Fight in Nevada—Powerless, Authorities Say.

CARSON CITY, Nev., June 20.—Hundreds of letters and many telegrams pleading that steps be taken to prevent the holding of the Jeffries and Johnson fight in Nevada are pouring into the office of Gov. Dickerson, who is now in Oregon.

"Supreme Justices, the Attorney General of Nevada and court jurists have given it as their private opinion that there is nothing in Nevada's laws that would empower the Governor to interfere," said Private Secretary Finch to-day. "The law is plain. It makes this sort of contest legal. I cannot say what will be done."

OPPONENTS OF DIAZ PLANNED A REVOLT

Smuggled Arms and Ammunition Discovered — Hundreds of Arrests.

A HOUSE-TO-HOUSE SEARCH

Being Conducted in All the Border Towns—Martial Law Proclaimed—Arms Came from United States.

CANANEA, Mexico, June 20.—The discovery of smuggled arms and ammunition, followed by the arrest of the leaders of the discontented faction and the proclamation of martial law in Cananea and other border towns, has probably checked and discouraged a serious outbreak against the Mexican Government, scheduled to take place on June 26, election day.

The revolutionary movement originated among young men of Northern Mexico, followers, it is said, of Gen. Bernardo Reyes, now in Europe, and Señor Madero, candidate for the Presidency, now under arrest in Monterey on the charge of causing crowds to form.

The discontented faction demands political liberty, free speech, and the "right to vote." They announce that they will go to the polls on election day prepared to fight if their constitutional rights are denied to them.

The discovery that men were smuggling arms across the border from the United States was followed by police raids in many villages of Northern Sonora. Four men were arrested yesterday at Villa Verde and a number of rifles and revolvers and 4,000 rounds of ammunition were captured.

At Chivectria, near Cananea, forty-five rifles with ammunition were captured, and at Bueno Vista one house yielded twelve rifles with ammunition.

Dealers in Bisbee, Douglas, and Naco, Ariz., have sold all the rifles and ammunition they had in stock. The police are now conducting a house-to-house search for arms in all the border towns.

Cananea, the centre of the movement, is guarded by two companies of the Twenty-fifth Infantry an da company of Rurales under Col. Kosterlitzky. The gendarmes are under arms. Gen. Torrez has assured the Cananea authorities that he will send 400 men by special train if necessary.

Hundreds of arrests for causing disturbances at public meetings have been made throughout Sonora, and leaders of the revolutionary movement have been deported.

Twelve leaders at Cananea have been taken to Hermosilla, where they will be held until after the elections. The troops have orders to disperse any gathering of fifty or more persons.

Chief of Police Rafael Lopez of Cananea has resigned and disappeared. It is said that he departed as a consequence of warnings that his fate would be the same as that of the Mayor and the Chief of Police of Culican, who were recently killed.

The official residence of Gen. Luis Torrez in Cananea is being prepared for occupancy.

RIO SONORA, Mexico, June 20.—The uprising in Sonora against the Mexican Government is assuming serious proportions.

It is alleged by Federal officers that ammunition has been shipped into Mexico from Douglas, Bisbee, Naco, and other Arizona towns. Rurales have seized in Cananea three thousand rounds of ammunition.

Many rifles have been confiscated from Mexicans caught in the hills near Villa Verde, just south of the American boundary line. The prisoners are held at Nogales.

Col. Kosterlitzky, with a band of Rurales, entered Sauceda to-day. He is spreading his force along the border. They will be joined by troops that are marching overland. Six hundred soldiers have been sent from Cananea to Culician.

It is said that next Sunday, San Juan's feast day, is the date set for rioting.

PROPOSES DEMAND ON CHINA.

Britain Suggests an Identical Note Regarding the Han-Kow Loan.

PARIS, June 20.—Great Britain has asked the Governments of France, America, and Germany to present an identical note to China for the immediate ratification of the Han-Kow loan agreement.

An agreement for the Han-Kow—Sze-Chuen loan of $30,000,000 for the construction of railroads in China was signed in Paris on May 24 by the agents of financial groups representing America, France, Germany, and Great Britain.

It is the intention of the constructors to build a line first from Han-Kow south through Hu-Pe and Hu-Nan Provinces to the northern border of Kwang-Tung Province. In the two first-named provinces considerable opposition on the part of the gentry and other popular leaders has developed against the acceptance by the Chinese Government of the loan.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 20.—Willard D. Straight, ex-American Consul General at Mukden and now representative of an American syndicate, has arrived here. He will have a conference to-morrow with M. Kokovtzoff, the Minister of Finance, on the subject of Chinese railroads.

French Steamer Sunk; 10 Drowned.

HOLYHEAD, June 20.—The French freight steamer La Rochelle, from Bordeaux for Liverpool, was sunk through collision with the British freighter Yews off Skerries, Ireland, to-day. Ten members of La Rochelle's crew were drowned.

SULTAN OF SULU COMING.

Potentate Who Wanted to Marry Miss Alice Roosevelt Is to Visit Us.

MANILA, June 20.—The Sultan of Sulu, who once offered his hand in marriage to Miss Alice Roosevelt, is to visit America.

He announces that the chief object of his trip abroad is to dispose of a collection of pearls valued at something like $250,000, the proceeds of which will be devoted to improving the condition of his people. He will be accompanied by fourteen prominent Moros. He has already sailed for India, and will make stops at several European cities.

In August, 1905, President Taft, who, in his capacity as Secretary of War, was touring the Philippines with a Congressional delegation and an unofficial party, visited Sulu. The Americans, including President Roosevelt's daughter, were entertained lavishly by Sultan Hadji Mohammed Jamalul Kiram, who showered them with gifts and finally declared his wish to make Miss Roosevelt his Sultana. He insisted that his people were unanimous in their desire that she remain among them. Miss Roosevelt, however, returned home to become the wife of Congressman Longworth, another member of the party.

The Sultan of Sulu claims descent from that valiant Dyak Borneo Chief Paguian Tindig, who, early in the sixteenth century, conquered the Sulu Archipelago, founded the Sultanate, and opened the way for the introduction therein of the religion of the Prophet. This Sultanate, politically regarded as an integral part of the Philippines, came into the possession of the United States as a result of the Spanish-American war. Under the old régime this group of about 140 islands constituted a vassal domain in the suzerainty of the King of Spain.

The authority of the Sultan is nominal, but the devotion of his subjects is unqualified, and he is a rich potentate. He receives an annual income from the British North Borneo Company in lieu of his sovereign rights in Brunei, and he has a great number of valuable pearls.

The Sultan is short and thick set. He wears a slight black mustache, and his hair is closely cropped. His eyes are small. His dress is picturesque, and he can be extremely affable.

GETS KITCHENER'S POSITION.

Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton Is Appointed to the Mediterranean Command.

LONDON, June 20.—Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, Adjutant to the Forces, has been appointed to the post of Inspector General of the Mediterranean Forces to succeed Field Marshal Lord Kitchener, whose resignation was communicated officially to the House of Commons by War Secretary Haldane on June 13.

Gen. Sir Ian Standish Monteith Hamilton, K. C. B., D. S. O., was born in 1853 and entered the army when he was 20 years old. He served with much distinction in the Afghan war of 1878-80, the Boer war of 1881, the Nile expedition of 1884, the Burmese expedition of 1886, and the Chitral relief force of 1895.

In the South African war he took part in the defense of Ladysmith, acting with great dash and gallantry on various occasions, and in the later stages of the campaign he was Chief of Staff to Lord Kitchener, being one of the few high officers who obtained the cordial approval of that extremely exigent commander.

Soon after the close of the war Sir Ian was appointed Quartermaster General, and he obtained the much coveted post of representative of the British-Indian Army with the Japanese during the war with Russia, his experiences in that capacity resulting in an interesting published volume besides his confidential reports.

It was expected that Lord Kitchener would throw up the Mediterranean command, following the example of the Duke of Connaught, who declared that the post was valueless—a waste of the taxpayers' money. The only chance of the position—of which the headquarters are in Malta—becoming important appears to be in case of a serious revolt in Egypt.

MADRIZ GETTING DESPERATE.

Wires to Powers Accusing This Country—Prisons Crowded with Citizens.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—"Indications of demoralization are betrayed by the Madriz faction, which is evidently endeavoring to retain such prestige as it now possesses through extreme measures."

This statement is contained in a dispatch which Consul Olivares, stationed at Managua, has sent to the State Department. It is dated last Friday, on which day the Managua newspapers published a telegram addressed by Minister General Baca to the principal nations of Europe and Latin-America, accusing the American Government of violation of neutrality in favor of the Estrada forces.

Mr. Olivares adds that throughout Western Nicaragua the prisons are crowded with reputable citizens and that in Granada families are being prevented from obtaining food in order to coerce them into paying the latest forced loan of 500,000 pesos.

A dispatch from Consul Moffatt at Bluefields states that William Pittman, the Boston mining engineer, who was captured by the Madriz forces, has not been removed from Bluefields Bluff, as was reported.

Opens American Fisheries Case.

THE HAGUE, June 20.—George Turner of the American counsel opened the case for the United States to-day in the Newfoundland fisheries dispute before the Arbitration Tribunal. Mr. Turner followed Sir Robert Finlay, who recently concluded his statement of the British contentions.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LORENZO MARQUES, June 20.—The Portuguese military occupation of the interior districts of Mozambique is meeting with fierce opposition from the tribesmen. A pitched battle between the soldiers and natives took place on June 15 at Celege. Over 100 tribesmen were killed before the Portuguese captured the town.

MANILA, June 20.—The steamer Mongolia of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, from San Francisco May 24, which arrived to-day, reports having experienced a severe seismic disturbance when off the Pescadores Islands last Friday.

Building for Health and Comfort.

"A Very Good Piece of Work, I Assure You, and a Merry."

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Last Residential Development On New York's Ocean Front. City and Seashore Combined. An All-Year Home.

The art of the architect, builder and horticulturist is represented in New York's Riviera, Manhattan Beach Estates, a residential section that is causing increasing interest because of its desirable features—combination of seashore and city—its accessibility, its healthfulness, its restriction to exclusive and comfortable homes. Sewers and city improvements installed and free from assessments. It is indeed representative of the best in building and location. No waiting for trains—they run every minute. No glancing at time tables—they are not needed.

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SWISS RIBBED LISLE THREAD VESTS . 45c. & 65c.

MEN'S & WOMEN'S LISLE THREAD HOSIERY

CONSISTING OF WOMEN'S LISLE THREAD HOSE IN PLAIN BLACK, AND MEN'S MERCERIZED LISLE THREAD HALF-HOSE IN COLORS,

USUALLY $3.00 AT $1.50 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS

CHILDREN'S SOCKS, WITH WHITE OR TAN GROUNDS AND FANCY TOPS,

USUALLY $1.50 AT $1.00 PER HALF DOZEN PAIRS

MEN'S & WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

MEN'S INITIALED HANDKERCHIEFS,
USUALLY $2.65 & 3.00 PER DOZEN AT $1.85 & 2.15

MEN'S HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
USUALLY $2.75 & 4.00 PER DOZ. AT $2.00 & 3.00

WOMEN'S INITIALED HANDKERCHIEFS,
USUALLY $1.50 & 2.50 PER DOZEN AT $1.00 & 1.75

WOMEN'S HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
USUALLY $2.50 & 3.50 PER DOZEN AT $1.50 & 1.90

WOMEN'S EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS OF LINEN AND SHAMROCK CLOTH,
USUALLY $3.00 & 6.00 PER DOZEN AT $1.50 & 3.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Keeps the Entire Room Delightfully Cool

ECK Hurricane OSCILLATING ELECTRIC FAN

ALWAYS LOOK FOR THE LITTLE BRASS GEAR WHEEL

Automatically adjusted to any position—always ready—always works—nothing to get out of order—its extra large blades throw out an immense volume of air—no disagreeable buzzing—just a quiet steady breeze. Strongest and most durable construction.

The best dealers sell this unique oscillating fan.

THE ECK DYNAMO & MOTOR CO.
19 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK

FIND TRUNKMAKER IN SACHS MURDER

Agent for the Kind in Which the Body Was Stowed Reports to the Police.

SOLD IN MANY CITY SHOPS

Detectives Searching for the Dealer Who Disposed of One to the Jeweler's Slayer.

Detectives searching for the murderers of Moses Sachs, the aged jewelry vender who was robbed of $3,000 in jewelry and several hundred dollars in money, strangled, and thrust while still alive into a trunk last Friday, where the body was found the next day in a hallway at 51 Goerck Street, made an important find yesterday when they discovered the manufacturer of the trunk.

Jacob J. Eichner of 39 and 41 Walker Street went to Police Headquarters in the morning and identified the trunk as one of the kind handled by him and made by the Appomattox Trunk and Bag Company of Petersburg, Va. Eichner is the New York representative of the firm, and sells the trunks wholesale, he said, to about 200 Jewish and Italian dealers throughout the city.

Owing to its gaudy appearance this style of trunk, known to the trade as "Style 23," is popular with foreigners, particularly Italians. It is made of crystal tin, painted yellow, and has many cheap brass trimmings. It is by these ornaments that manufacturers distinguish their individual make. To clinch his identification Eichner showed the police a catalogue containing a picture of the kind that was found.

This particularly kind of trunk, he said, was first put on the market about two years ago. The wholesale price is $3.85, and it retails at about $5. With the list of retail trunk dealers furnished by Eichner detectives made a systematic canvass and found many records of sales in the last month. At several places in congested districts on the lower east side, where the murdered peddler was well known, they found that trunks of the make described by Eichner are sold daily.

About the only substantial clue along these lines that the detectives turned up was the finding of a trunk dealer named Charles Aaronofsky at First Avenue and Fourteenth Street, who said that on May 27 he sold a "Style 23" trunk to an Italian woman about 30 years old. It was delivered, Aaronofsky thought, to a tenement in Thirteenth Street, between Avenues A and B. Two days later, he said, the woman returned with an Italian and bought a second trunk. This was sent to a house in Avenue A, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets.

A Point in the Case.

The possible connection between these sales and the murder, the detectives pointed out, lay in the fact that Pietro Carollo, one of the men now under arrest in connection with the case, lives on the second floor of a tenement at 617 East Sixteenth Street, just around the corner from Avenue A. He has lived at that address for some time with his sister, a good looking Italian woman of about 30. It was to his Sixteenth Street home that Carollo tried to induce Sachs to go when the peddler left the grocery store of Pietro Lombardi at 178 Chrystie Street at about noon on Friday, a few hours before he was killed. Alexander Carollo, a brother of the man under arrest, said yesterday that Pietro came home about 4:30 o'clock on Friday afternoon and spent the evening there. The murder is supposed to have occurred between 2 and 3 o'clock that afternoon.

Inspector Russell, who with Capt. Carey of the Homicide Bureau is still actively directing the work of the detectives in the case, does not attach much importance to the Aaronofsky trunk clue, for he now believes that Sachs was not murdered uptown at all, but in the immediate vicinity of where his body was found. Yesterday's events tended to carry out this theory, for the detectives could get no corroboration of the statement made on Saturday by Mrs. Marie Dieguardio of 53 Goerck Street that she saw a covered wagon to which was hitched a bay horse standing in the shadow of the Williamsburg Bridge at Goerck and Delancey Streets a few yards from the hallway at 51 Goerck Street where the trunk was left. On Saturday she said she saw the wagon between 2 and 3 o'clock and that it contained several macaroni boxes.

Questioned yesterday, she said she did not see anybody carrying a trunk, nor did she see one in the wagon. No one else in the vicinity, apparently, saw the wagon or at least noticed it particularly, and Inspector Russell is inclined to believe that a wagon did not enter into the case at all. He thinks the trunk with the body inside was carried by two men from the place of the murder to the Goerck Street tenement. It is an hourly occurrence for wagons to be left standing in the shadow of the Williamsburg Bridge.

This theory received corroboration, according to the police, by the statement made yesterday that a woman saw two men carrying a trunk along Mangin Street, the next street to Goerck, in the direction of the East River. According to this woman, whose name the police refuse to reveal, she saw the men take the trunk into a hallway at 61 Mangin Street. They were about to leave it there, she is reported to have said, when a woman entered the tenement and asked them what they were doing with the trunk. Instead of replying, she said, the men turned around and carried the trunk toward Goerck Street. No one could be found yesterday in the tenement at 61 Mangin Street who would say there had been any such occurrence to their knowledge.

The theory that the murder was committed downtown was further confirmed yesterday by the statement of Giuseppi Grattano of 210 East Twenty-ninth Street, where Sachs went on Friday to sell some jewelry. On Sunday Grattano could not be found, but he was at his shop yesterday and talked freely about the case. He does not own the Twenty-third Street butcher shop as the police at first believed. It is owned by Pietro and Antonio Fiumefreddo. Grattano has a room there and lives in the tenement overhead. He is not a butcher, but a dealer in oil and cheese.

He Met Sachs on Friday.

"I was fond of old man Sachs and had known him about a year," said Grattano. "I have bought jewelry from him several times. Last week I had arranged to buy from him a ring and a watch and chain. I didn't like the chain he first showed me, and he promised to bring a different one on Friday. He also said he would have a diamond reset for me.

"On Thursday I was to have gone to his home and make a payment, but I was ill, so he came to my place on Friday instead. He arrived about noon. I think it was between 12 and 1 o'clock. I took the jewelry and talked with him a while. When he left I went with him as far as the door. He told me he had another customer to see, and then he was going to his son's store at Third Avenue and 107th Street. I watched him as he walked away. He went east in Twenty-ninth Street in the direction of Second Avenue, but was lost in the crowd before he got half way there, and I thought no more about him."

The detectives believe Grattano is telling the truth and that the customer the aged peddler had in mind when he left Twenty-ninth Street was Pietro Lombardi, the grocer at 178 Chrystie Street. He had been to Lombardi's place earlier in the day and returned there to complete the business deal. Lombardi was arrested on Saturday with Pietro Carollo and Frederico Piedzurro, both of them his friends, and both of whom were in his store late Saturday afternoon. He was held as a material witness and kept in the House of Detention. Yesterday he was absolved of all blame in the murder and released.

The detectives learned yesterday from Samuel Rothman, who keeps a jewelry store at 19 Rivington Street, where Sachs left his jewelry case on Friday while he made the sale of a pair of earrings to Pietro Lombardi just around the corner in Chrystie Street, that a rumor had been circulated through the Italian and Jewish colonies early last week that Sachs had made an important sale of diamonds for which he received $800. The knowledge of this, he thinks, may have prompted some one whom Sachs trusted to murder him. As a matter of fact, he said, Sachs did not make the sale. When he finally left his store about noon on Friday he had at least $300 in cash besides his jewelry, Rothman said.

GAS KILLED DICKINSON.

Death Due to Inhaling Laboratory Fumes, Coroner's Jury Finds.

A Coroner's jury decided yesterday that the inhalation of "irritant fumes" had caused the death of Charles C. Dickinson, former President of the Carnegie Trust Company, who died in St. Luke's Hospital on May 24, eight days after he was taken there from the laboratory of Dr. Lange in Scranton, Penn.

This verdict was delivered under instruction of Coroners Feinberg and Winterbottom, and was in variance with the sworn statement of Coroners' Physician Otto H. Schultze, who performed the autopsy. He said he had failed to find any trace of carbon. It came out at the inquest that after the body of Mr. Dickinson had been taken to Kensico Cemetery and been made ready for interment, Dr. Schultze appeared on a special commission from the Casualty Company of America, in which Mr. Dickinson carried a $55,000 accident insurance policy, and performed another autopsy, he having already made one report as Coroners' physician. Dr. Schultze said that he had found the tissues between the muscles of the heart defective, and that the lungs were unusually small.

Stanton Dickinson, brother of the dead man, testified that he and some other men were in the laboratory the day Dr. Lange was fusing a metal composition with hydrochloric and nitric acids, and that when the fumes arose all those present became nauseated except one man.

Mr. Dickinson, the witness said, hurried to New York, stopping at Wilkesbarre to see a doctor. When he arrived here he went to see his family physician, Dr. English, who sent him to St. Luke's Hospital.

In his charge to the jury Coroner Feinberg said that he and Coroner Winterbottom were convinced that the inhalation of the gas fumes had caused Mr. Dickinson's death.

Lawyer Herbert Smythe represented the Casualty Company of America, and former City Court Justice Wadhams appeared for the Dickinson family.

FIRES AT DOG, HITS COMRADE.

Policeman Wounds Another When Three Are Attacked by the Animal.

When three policemen on Riverside Drive were attacked yesterday by a dog one was bitten in the ankle and another was shot in the leg. The dog was finally killed.

Policeman John Mullens of the West 100th Street Station was near Ninety-fifth Street on Riverside Drive when a dog sprang at him. Mullens drove the animal off with his club and in doing so his club struck the sidewalk, bringing Policeman Andrew McLaughlin. The dog continued to attack Mullens and McLaughlin, who fired several shots at it as it ran. At Ninety-third Street Mullens fell over a bench and the dog disappeared in the bushes.

Mullens felt a pain in his leg, but attributed it to his fall, until it became worse. Then he discovered a bullet had gone through the fleshy part. He walked to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where his wound was dressed. Afterward he went home.

Fifteen minutes after Mullens and McLaughlin had lost track of the dog it reappeared at Ninety-second Street, attacking Policeman Adolph Beerman, biting him in the right foot. Beerman beat the dog off and finally shot it. Then he went to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, where the wound was cauterized, and then he went to the Pasteur Institute for treatment.

HOLD DUFFY FOR OLD MURDER

Truckman Thought to be Implicated in Killing in Bowery Lodging House.

William J. Duffy, who is entered on the police blotter at Headquarters with the alias, O'Brien, 604 Smith Street, Brooklyn, was taken to Police Headquarters yesterday as a suspicious person. Later the charge was changed to murder. Duffy says he is a truckman and is single. He was taken prisoner by Lieut. Detective Edward Armstrong. He had been arraigned in the Long Island City Court for assaulting policemen at North Beach a few days ago.

Duffy is charged with complicity in the murder of Frederick Devlin, who was shot to death on the morning of Feb. 17, in the Waverly Hotel, a lodging house, at 9 Bowery.

Two men walked into the Waverly Hotel that morning and approaching Devlin, demanded money. Both had revolvers in their hands. All that Devlin had was 10 cents, which he gave to them. Then, as Devlin turned a shot was fired into his back. He died two hours later in the hospital.

After Devlin fell his assailants went up to the night clerk, James Desmond, and struck him on the head with the butts of their revolvers, and took $9.37 from the cash drawer.

SAMRI ELLIS SECRETS REACH PROSECUTION

Written in Little Book Kept by Dead Assistant and Now in District Attorney's Hands.

CORONER'S INQUIRY GOES ON

Prosecutor Informs One Witness That It Was Impossible for Hamburger to Have Killed Himself.

After spending the entire day examining witnesses regarding the shooting of Paul Hamburger, the young door attendant, in "Samri" Ellis's "mystic healing" parlors in West Forty-fifth Street, Assistant District Attorney Robert J. Turnbull said yesterday that he was convinced that Hamburger could not possibly have shot himself.

The Assistant District Attorney intimated that he had strong evidence against "Samri" Ellis, who is now in the Tombs Prison charged with having shot Hamburger with the revolver which Ellis purchased only half an hour before the shooting occurred.

The "little black book," in which Hamburger was in the habit of writing "Samri" Ellis's business secrets was said to be in the possession of the District Attorney's office.

"THE TIMES printed some valuable information concerning Hamburger and Ellis this morning," said Mr. Turnbull. It is understood that he referred to the fact, published exclusively in yesterday's TIMES, that a woman had complained against Ellis about six weeks ago and that Hamburger had gone down to the District Attorney's office to refund $100 which Ellis had obtained from the woman and that the coolness which, according to Mrs. Minchenberg, recently existed between Ellis and Hamburger dated from about that time.

Mrs. A. H. Harris, the lessee of the house in West Forty-fifth Street in which Hamburger was shot, as well as Mrs. Minchenberg and the uncle of Paul Hamburger, were all examined at length by Assistant District Attorney Turnbull in Coroner Holtzhauser's office. Mrs. Harris, a middle-aged woman who makes a favorable impression, evidently had little to do with the "mystic healers" beyond leasing them the first floor of her house.

The Landlady Testifies.

"I lived in the basement of the house and used to see the Ellises and their assistants every day," Mrs. Harris told the Assistant District Attorney. "They came last January. I didn't want to take them at first because I had had a disagreeable experience with another 'clairvoyant' tenant. Sometimes the rent money was brought to me by 'Samri' Ellis, sometimes by his brother, Edmund, and sometimes by Paul Hamburger. He was an attractive boy. He told me of his trouble with his family abroad, and said that he intended, in spite of it, to make a success of life. He was always treated well by Ellis, so far as I could judge.

"I was in the basement last Friday morning when the shot was fired. I ran up stairs with Miss Devoe, my friend, after me. As I ran through the hall to the parlor I heard 'Samri' saying: 'Oh! Why did he do it? Why did he do it?'

"When I reached the parlor door, I saw Hamburger lying flat on his back on the floor with his feet pointing toward the window. 'Samri' Ellis was bending over him, opening his shirt, and Edmund Ellis was kneeling beside him."

"You know—don't you—that it was impossible for Hamburger to have killed himself; that he could not possibly have fired the shot that killed him, and that there must be some reason for killing him," said Assistant District Attorney Turnbull earnestly at this point.

"Is that so?" asked Mrs. Harris, who seemed rather taken back.

"It is impossible to explain the shooting of Hamburger on the ground of suicide," said Mr. Turnbull, impressively.

"The Ellises did a thriving business," she stated in another part of her testimony. "Between twenty and thirty nicely dressed women, many of them in automobiles, visited the 'mystic healing' parlors every day."

The Coroner Out of Sorts.

In the afternoon Mrs. Minchenberg and Hamburger's uncle were examined in private.

"The newspapers have not treated me fairly," the Coroner explained. "While I was holding an examination in this case on Saturday morning the body of the murdered jeweler, Sachs, was discovered in a trunk in Goerck Street. I was too busy examining into this Hamburger case to go out on the Sachs case right away. The newspapers attacked me next morning for having been late in arriving at the scene of the Sachs murder. This wasn't fair. I can't be in two places at once, and if the newspapers are going to attack me unfairly, I am going to refuse to give them information."

M. Harold Hochdorf, counsel for "Samri" Ellis, had a long talk with the "mystic healer" in the Tombs and subsequently examined "Samri's" brother, as well as Rettman and Dempsey, the "mystic healer's" assistants.

"I have discovered the telephone company's mechanician who was in the mystic healing establishment just before the shooting to fix the telephone, and I consider him a strong witness," Mr. Hochdorf said later. "To-morrow I am going to have a surgeon of my own go to the Morgue and examine Hamburger's clothes and skin for powder marks.

"I said to Ellis this morning: 'Ell's, you know that if the pistol went off accidentally in your hands and that Hamburger was shot in this way, you have nothing to conceal.' Ellis replied that Hamburger shot himself, and that the office window was open when he did it. He said Hamburger probably didn't know the new revolver was loaded."

AGED WOMAN RUN DOWN.

Her Collar Bone Broken by a Cab in Fifth Avenue.

In the presence of hundreds of persons, while crossing Fifth Avenue at Fourteenth Street, Mrs. Charles Fay, aged 64, of Bath, N. Y., was knocked down and run over yesterday by a horse and cab. The driver, Gustave Youngsberg of 29 Manhattan Street, was locked up, charged with intoxication and reckless driving, after the crowd had threatened him.

An automobile, owned by Henry M. Moeller of 6 West Seventy-fifth Street, was standing in Fourteenth Street, with some members of Mr. Moeller's family, at the time of the accident. The chauffeur took the car around on the avenue, and Mrs. Fay was lifted in and a fast run made to St. Vincent's Hospital.

Dr. Miller found that Mrs. Fay was suffering from a broken collarbone and general shock. On account of her age her condition is extremely serious.

HELD FOR ROBBING FATHER.

David Merowitz Was Traced and Finally Captured by His Brother.

David Merowitz, the wayward twenty-year-old son of a wealthy grain merchant at 16 Beaver Street, Williamsburg, was held for the Grand Jury on a charge of burglary by Magistrate O'Reilly in the Manhattan Avenue Police Court yesterday.

It was alleged that a week ago Merowitz, who had not been at home for several days, sneaked into his father's rooms by way of the fire escape and hid under a bed until the opportunity presented itself to force open a safe, from which it is alleged he stole $200. He disappeared, and when the robbery was discovered he was suspected and the police notified.

A brother of David traced him to Mountaindale, Sullivan County, where the youth was enjoying himself on the proceeds of the burglary. The brother had him locked in a room and detained there until the arrival of the police from Brooklyn, who brought him back yesterday. Merowitz's face was terribly cut and bruised as a result of a fierce resistance he made before being arrested. The police say that he admitted having robbed his father.

WHITE SLAVER'S LONG TERM.

Applause in Court When Lombardo and Clement Are Sentenced.

An outburst of applause was heard from the spectators in the County Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, when Judge Dike imposed long sentences on two prisoners whose entrance into the white slave traffic was speedily checked and was followed by their arrest and conviction. Larry Lombardo, 25 years old, of 274 Central Avenue, and Vincent Clement, 19 years old, who lives at the same address, are the convicted men. Their intended victims were Harriet Scott and Margaret Houston, who informed the police and caused their arrest.

Judge Dike sentenced Lombardo to not less than five nor more than ten years in Sing Sing. On account of Clement's youth the court sentenced him to Elmira.

MISSOURI SUES TO OUST PACKERS

Ouster Proceedings Against Armour, Swift, Hammond, and Other Meat Dealers.

CONSPIRACY IS CHARGED

Accused of Combining to Control Prices of Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs, and Dairy Products.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 20.—Attorney General Elliott E. Major began ouster proceedings against five meat packing companies to-day by filing quo warranto informations in the Supreme Court. The companies attacked are the Armour Packing Company, Morris & Co., Swift & Co., Hammond Packing Company, and St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Company.

The five companies are named in two petitions, which ask that the corporations be excluded from all corporate rights, that their licenses be forfeited, and that all or such portion of their property as the court may deem proper be confiscated, or in lieu thereof a fine be imposed.

The Armour, Swift, and Morris Companies are charged with having entered into a conspiracy in 1909 to control the prices to be paid by dealers in live stock, poultry, butter, eggs, dairy and agricultural products, to control the prices to be paid by retail and wholesale dealers for dressed meats, and to control the prices to be paid by all retail and wholesale dealers for butter, eggs, poultry, game, dairy and agricultural products and by-products from the business of slaughtering live stock.

The second count of the petition charges that the three packing companies conspired to restrain trade and destroy competition in the purchase and sale of such products by fixing a price to be paid by all the members of the alleged agreement and conspiring to control the business of buying, selling, and dealing in packing house products.

The Hammond and St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Companies, as subsidiary companies of the National Packing Company, are charged with conspiracy to control the meat packing business in Missouri.

The National Packing Company, the information filed in the court to-day alleges, was chartered in New Jersey in 1902, with a capital stock of $15,000,000, to engage in meat packing and selling, and to hold stock of any other corporation.

"The National Packing Company," the petition says, "was not organized in good faith for the purpose of engaging in the business authorized by its charter, but as a corporation scheme to effect an unlawful trust.

"The Hammond Packing Company and the St. Louis Dressed Beef and Provision Company," said Attorney General Major, "are owned and controlled by the National Packing Company of New Jersey, which is owned by three big packers. Swift owns seven-fifteenths, Armour six-fifteenths, and Morris two-fifteenths. While the National owns these supposedly independent corporations, it has been holding them out to the public as separate entities and independent corporations and competitors in business.

"I have not instituted suit against the Cudahy Packing Company and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger because the examination which I conducted was laid along certain lines and led into a field of inquiry which did not disclose whether they were guilty of any violations of the law."

The packers must make a return to the suits by June 30.

New Postmaster at Morristown.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Among the nominations sent to the Senate by the President to-day was that of Charles McCollum to be Postmaster at Morristown, N. J.

LOUIS ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE
BRUT SEC
1900 VINTAGE
E. La Montagne's Sons
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Two Sizes, 25c and 50c

Only once a year is this opportunity offered to secure practically new

KNABE PIANOS
(RETURNED FROM RENTAL)
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Sharply Reduced Prices

These pianos have graced the drawing and music rooms of representative residences of New York and vicinity. All were NEW LAST FALL—hence have been but little used. The majority of the instruments offered are equal to new—our experts have made them so. Every instrument is guaranteed by the House of Knabe.

GRAND PIANOS

KNABE; Baby Grand; Mahogany. Was $950... $725
KNABE; Baby Grand; Rose. Was $850..... $650
KNABE; Baby Grand; Ebony. Was $850..... $550
KNABE; Mignon; Rose. Was $750. Now..... $650
KNABE; Mignon; Ebony. Was $750. Now..... $615
KNABE; Mignonette; Mahogany. Was $700. Now $595
KNABE; small; Mahogany. Was $800. Now.... $550
KNABE; small; Mahogany. Was $800. Now.... $445
Chickering; small; Mahogany; Louis XV. Was $750. $620
Chickering; small; Rose. Was $800 ..... $345
Kranich & Bach; Baby Grand; Rose. Was $700.. $285
Erard; Baby Grand; Rose. Was $700. Now..... $270

UPRIGHT PIANOS

KNABE; Mahogany. Was $600. Now only..... $445
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $600. Now only..... $420
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $575. Now only..... $375
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only..... $380
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only..... $375
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $550. Now only..... $360
KNABE; Ebony; like new. Was $575. Now..... $320
KNABE; Rose. Was $575. Now only $355
KNABE; Mahogany. Was $575. Now only..... $250
KNABE; Rose. Was $600. Now only $240
Chickering; Ebony. Was $500. Now only..... $345
Chickering; Rose. Was $500. Now only..... $320
Chickering; Rose. Was $500. Now only..... $290
Steinway; Rose. Was $600. Now only $375
Steinway; Rose. Was $550. Now only $320
Steinway; Ebony. Was $550. Now only..... $220
Weber; Rose. Was $500. Now only $180
Sohmer; Rose. Was $400. Now only $175
Haines Bros.; Mahogany. Was $350. Now only.... $245
Haines Bros.; Mahogany. Was $350. Now only.... $250
Ivers & Pond; Mahogany. Was $375. Now only.... $165
Briggs; Mahogany. Was $300. Now only..... $155
Briggs; Mahogany. Was $300. Now only..... $150
Newby & Evans; Walnut. Was $300. Now only.... $125
King; Ebony. Was $250. Now only $70

PLAYER-PIANOS

KNABE-ANGELUS; Mahogany; 88-note; only shopworn. Was $1,050. Now $870
KNABE-ANGELUS; Mahogany; a beauty. Was $950. Now $710
Ebersole; Mahogany. Was $800. Now only..... $460
Marshall & Wendell. Was $700. Now reduced to... $410
Armstrong. Was $700. Now reduced to..... $365

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Some of the above pianos will be sold as low as $5 down—$5 monthly.

Wm. KNABE & Co
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Stern Brothers
Are offering the remainder of their
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Street, Carriage & Tailor Gowns
Handmade and Embroidered
French Lingerie Dresses
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Remarkable Reductions
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With Portraits.
Here we have Mr. Roosevelt at first hand. The words here printed are his own, out of his mouth as he spoke them. The compiler has given the most characteristic utterances of Mr. Roosevelt upon many different subjects of vital importance and has so arranged and classified them that the reader may turn at once to the paragraph that he is in search of.
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ALL CARS TRANSFER TO Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street.
Your Summer Shirts to Order are better made at Bloomingdales'. For twenty years we have been making shirts to order for thousands of New York's discriminating men. Superiority of materials and workmanship, perfection of fit and the invariable moderation of price are the reasons why so many men year after year place their confidence in our shirt making organization.
A special feature this week:
We will make to your measure in any style
3 Imported Madras Shirts for $7.25
You may have plain negligee, pleated or with double cuffs. There is a splendid collection of designs for selection. Fit and quality are guaranteed. If you do not find it convenient to call write or phone our Men's Shirt Shop, 5900 Plaza, and we will send a representative with samples.
BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

31 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK
A Special Sale To-Day
Couch Hammocks, $10

MADE with strong canvas bodies, in white or khaki finish; with wind shield to match. Large soft top matresses and chains and hooks, ready to hang. Exceptional value, at $10.
Other Couch Hammocks $5.75, $8.75, $12.75 and $16.75.
Regular $5.00 Comfortable Hammocks
Closely woven hammocks with large throwback pillows, concealed spreaders and deep valance. A variety of patterns to choose from in all colors. Marked at..... $2.25
Others at 79c, $1.25, $3.50 and $4.50
Camp Stools, canvas seats 25c
Camp Chairs, canvas seats 39c
Camp Chairs, carpet seats 85c
Folding Chairs, wood back and seat..... 75c
Bentwood Settees, red or green..... $3.50
Bentwood Rockers..... $2.50
Bentwood Chairs..... $2.00
Swinging Lawn Chairs... $4.75
Croquet Sets, $1.25
Eight mallets and balls, neatly varnished; strong steel wickets and colored posts.
Others at 69c, 98c, $2.00 and $5.00.
Lawn Settees, $1.25
Five slats on back, seven on seat; all hardwood painted and varnished. Length 3½ feet.
Others 69c, 98c, $1.25 and $2.75.
SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

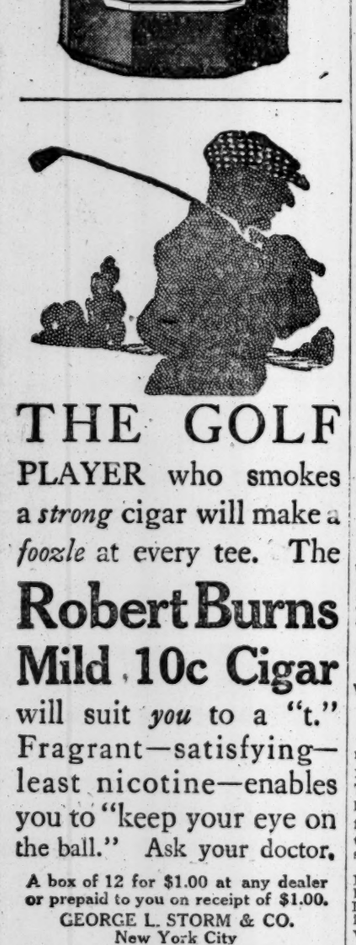
Society Brand Clothes

"I MIX my paint with Brains," said Whistler. We use the same implement in styling *Society Brand Clothes* for Young Men. They're made by tailors who think style, live style, act style—fashion oozes from their very finger tips. *Society Brand Clothes* for Young Men is the echo to the World's cry for better clothes. Our style panels are a new way of illustrating clothes as they really are. What! Never seen them? Get a postal—quick! Put your name on one side and ours on the other and see what happens!

Made in Chicago by
Alfred Decker & Cohn
Sold in New York by
HENRY MORITZ
1241 Broadway 30th & 31st Sts.

Get ketchup that is pure and it is certain to be good. Only unfit materials or careless preparation need to be hidden by Benzoate of Soda.

HEINZ TOMATO KETCHUP



THE GOLF PLAYER who smokes a *strong* cigar will make a *foozle* at every tee. The

Robert Burns Mild 10c Cigar

will suit *you* to a "t." Fragrant—satisfying—least nicotine—enables you to "keep your eye on the ball." Ask your doctor.

A box of 12 for $1.00 at any dealer or prepaid to you on receipt of $1.00.
GEORGE L. STORM & CO.
New York City

A Connoisseur will tell you that the delicious flavor and boquet of

METROPOLITAN
Lawn Tennis Championship
Starting 4 P. M. To-day.
Continuous Play by American Experts
West Side Tennis Club,
238th Street and Broadway.
Take Broadway Subway direct to grounds. 30 minutes from Grand Central Station
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

CLOAK MERCHANT HELD AS A SMUGGLER

Pollack Came on the Same Ship with Roosevelt, Carrying $3,000 in Gems in His Clothing.

DENIED HAVING ANYTHING

Customs Men Also Seized His Trunks and Sent Them to Public Stores for Appraisement.

Isaac Pollack of the firm of Weltman, Pollack & Co., 35 West Thirty-third Street, a fellow-traveler on the Hamburg-American Line steamship Kaiserin Auguste Victoria with Col. Roosevelt and his family, was arrested yesterday, charged with smuggling. He was brought before United States Commissioner Rush in Hoboken and held in $1,000 cash bail for examination Friday. On the same vessel an employe of the firm arrived. When it was found that his employer had undeclared articles in his possession the employe was pursued uptown. He was questioned by the customs men and allowed to go after he had sworn off about $750 worth of jewelry.

Pollack is in the suit and cloak business and the customs men were watching for his arrival, especially after his declaration showed that he had purchased very few goods abroad. Inspector George W. Harnisch, who was making the examination of his baggage, thought the purchase prices given by Mr. Pollack showed undervaluation, and he so reported to Deputy Surveyor John Raczkiewicz, who assigned Acting Deputy Surveyor John J. O'Connor to the case. O'Connor looked over the contents of the trunks and ordered them sent to the Public Stores for a thorough appraisement.

The officials then questioned Mr. Pollack as to whether he had any dutiable articles concealed upon him. The traveler emphatically denied that he had purchased any jewelry abroad, or that he had any on his person.

A search was ordered, which resulted in the finding of two ladies' gold mesh bags studded with diamonds, rubies, and emeralds of the value of $1,500; two thin model gold watches with Swiss movements, which are worth about $150 apiece; two ladies' long gold neck chains; a "Pay-as-you-enter" change case and a powder puff case attached to a long pearl chain, and a new style bracelet of solid gold links with a small gold watch set in it.

After he had been relieved of these articles the deputy again asked him if he had anything else upon him.

"Only this," he said, taking out a small leather purse and shaking it, saying that it contained some change.

The customs men were not satisfied, and they took the purse. In one side they found a secret compartment and from it took a diamond lavalière the pendant of which was a pear-shaped diamond of three carats size surrounded by rubies. It is estimated as worth about $700. The whole amount of the seizure is put at $3,000.

Mr. Pollack resides in Brooklyn. According to Deputy Surveyor Smyth, who examined him, his explanations were very unsatisfactory, so he was placed under arrest and sent to New Jersey to be tried.

Pollack had excused his failure to declare the jewelry by saying that he was very nervous and excited. He concealed the articles, he said, for fear of being robbed.

TO ARREST MAGISTRATE.

Attachment Issued for Higginbotham for Contempt of Court.

Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court in Long Island City issued yesterday a body attachment for Magistrate E. Gaston Higginbotham of Brooklyn, and ordered his arrest on a charge of contempt of court. The contempt consisted in the Magistrate's failure to appear before Judge Humphrey as a witness against John Peterson, who was yesterday put on trial charged with having looted Magistrate Higginbotham's Summer home in Far Rockaway March 5 last.

The attachment was given to the Brooklyn Sheriff's office for service, but up to a late hour last night Magistrate Higginbotham had not been apprehended. By to-day, it is thought, the Magistrate, voluntarily, will visit Judge Humphrey's court to explain his absence there yesterday.

The failure of the Magistrate to appear caused a delay in Peterson's trial, for only his testimony was needed to end the prosecution's case. Assistant District Attorney Collins had sought to bring out by other witnesses that on March 5 Peterson and another had visited the Magistrate's Summer home, discharged the caretaker. Rudolph Lambecht, and taking the keys from him, looted the house. Peterson's counsel moved that his client be dismissed, but Judge Humphrey adjourned the trial till to-day.

FAINTS ON WITNESS STAND.

Woman Falls Unconscious at Jurors' Feet in Policeman's Trial.

Mrs. Anna Hopkins of 99 Randolph Avenue, Jersey City, while giving testimony yesterday in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, Jersey City, at the trial of Policeman Harry Harms for manslaughter, fainted and fell from the witness stand to the floor at the feet of twelve jurors and several lawyers.

Prosecutor Pierre Garven and Assistant Prosecutor James W. McCarthy carried her to a jury room, where in half an hour Dr. Arthur P. Hasking succeeded in bringing her back to consciousness. When this was done she resumed her testimony.

It is alleged that Harms beat Mrs. Hopkins's husband, Charles Hopkins, on the head with a nightstick on Jan. 12; that death in a patrol wagon was the result. The police say that Mrs. Hopkins said she went to Policeman Harms for protection from her husband. On the witness stand she said that Harms had insulted her, and her husband called him to account for it, and that a fight resulted in which Harms struck her husband. About a dozen witnesses corroborated Mrs. Hopkins's testimony in that her husband was beaten by the policeman.

CHAUFFEUR USES A PISTOL.

Shoots at Strikers Who Hurl Bricks—Diners in a Panic.

Three hundred diners in a restaurant at Nevins Street and Flatbush Avenue rushed in a panic to the street last night when a brick crashed through the window in the restaurant front, followed by three shots.

When the diners reached the street they found a crowd of several hundred gathered around George Locke, a chauffeur for the Green Taxicab Company of Brooklyn, who ejected three empty shells from his revolver as he climbed back into his taxicab. He said three men had thrown bricks at him, and he had fired at his assailants, who fled. He said the men were striking chauffeurs of the company.

Although Locke had a permit to carry a revolver, he was arrested by the reserves of the Adams Street Station on a charge of shooting in a public street.

RIKER'S DRUG STORES are relieving foot sufferers with

White Cross ANTISEPTIC Foot Powder

This wonderful Powder makes new shoes that pinch comfortable—and sweating, swollen, tired, aching feet, fit for use. Try it—You need it this Summer.

10c. and 25c.

TELEGRAPHERS TO GO SLOW.

Unions in Convention Vote for Conservatism—Wireless Men Complain.

Delegates from this city to the International Convention of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, which has been in progress in Chicago for two weeks, returned to New York yesterday and held a meeting in the Tower Building, 50 Broadway. The New York branch of the union is the largest, and next to it is the Chicago branch.

Miss Hilda Svenson, Secretary of the New York local, said after the meeting that the convention decided on a conservative policy, based on proposals of National President S. J. Konenkamp. Miss Svenson said the commercial telegraphers would follow the policy of the railroad brotherhoods, and not insist upon the closed shop.

Regarding the recently unionized wireless operators, who have headquarters in New York, she said that the wages of wireless operators were lower, comparatively, than in any other branch of telegraphy. They are paid $30 and $35 a month and their board. She believed that the novelty of the work was an attraction to the wireless men at the first, who did not then think so much of wages as of free trips on the ships to every part of the world.

KITTLE DENIES HIS GUILT.

Banker Enters His Plea to the Cotton Pool Indictments.

Charles A. Kittle, a member of the banking firm of S. H. P. Pell & Co., 43 Exchange Place, who was indicted on Friday by the special Federal Grand Jury with James A. Patton, the cotton pool operator, and six others, appeared before Judge Hand in the United States Circuit Court yesterday and entered a plea of not guilty to the indictment. He is charged with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. He has until Thursday to enter any special plea or make any motion he may desire. He furnished $5,000 bail before Commissioner Shields through the National Surety Company.

Kittle was accompanied by Adrian H. Larkin and John D. Lindsay, counsel. Mr. Larkin told Judge Hand that he would like to examine the minutes taken before the Grand Jury, and might possibly make a motion to quash the indictment, which he styled as an extraordinary document. He said that in looking over the facts in the case he found that Kittle was the victim of a "pen-and-ink artist," as his name had been written in the indictment after it was printed. He said this was an afterthought, and was evidently done because Kittle refused to answer questions before the Grand Jury.

MORE AIDS AT BELLEVUE.

Three Physicians Chosen to Assist in the Administration.

Three medical appointments were made yesterday afternoon by the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals which, it is expected, will place the hospital in a position to render better service than it now gives the public.

The most important appointments were those of two Assistant Medical Superintendents. These appointments have been urged by Dr. W. H. Smith, the General Medical Superintendent, for some time, on the ground that the hospital has grown to such an extent that closer supervision was necessary. The men appointed, who will have apartments at the Male Nurses' Training School in Twenty-sixth Street, will supervise the wards, watch the character and quantity of food furnished to patients, and investigate complaints made by patients.

The appointees are Drs. George O'Hanlon and Mark L. Fleming. Both of them appeared before the Municipal Civil Service Board several days ago and were approved. A third appointment was that of Dr. Edward S. Bishop to the post of assistant resident physician in charge of the alcoholic service.

MANHOLE COVERS GO SOARING

Nine Blown Into the Air by Gasoline Explosion in a Sewer.

An explosion in a sewer in Fiftieth Street, between Eleventh Avenue and the North River, threw yesterday nine iron manhole covers into the air, one of them going over the recreation pier at the foot of the street and falling into the river. The noise was heard for blocks, and drew such a crowd that the reserves from the West Forty-seventh Street Station were hurried to the vicinity. The recreation pier was crowded, many women being frightened to the verge of hysterics.

A great quantity of smoke came from the open manholes, and the odor of gasoline filled the air. Three of the covers were smashed when they struck the pavement.

H. E. Bramley, who said he was connected with the Consolidated Gas Company, was in the neighborhood when the explosion occurred, and said he believed gasoline from neighboring garages had found its way into the sewer, and had become ignited.

ZOO DENIZENS AT AUCTION.

Timber Wolf, Coyotes, and Two Acudads Listed for Sale in Brooklyn.

Any flat dweller who may be yearning for a house pet upon which to lavish care and affection can satisfy the hankering by visiting Prospect Park, Brooklyn, a week from to-morrow, when a timber wolf and seven coyotes are to be offered for sale.

The Park Department is thinning out the menagerie in the park, and yesterday announcement was made of an auction there on Wednesday of next week. Those who have not a fancy for a wolf or a coyote as a household pet may select an aoudad or a coati, which is also called quasje. Two of the aoudads are to be offered for sale, and they would make a fine team to a cart for little Harold or Gladys, with a mounted policeman riding on either side of them.

In addition to these, there will be offered for sale fifty-lambs, as many sheep, fifteen rabbits, fifty ducks, two Angora goats, and six horses.

TO APPRAISE PANAMA HATS.

Undervaluation Will Reach $1,000,000, It Is Estimated.

The customs authorities will begin today the appraisal of the Panama hats seized recently by the Government for undervaluation. The undervaluations, estimated, it is said, at $1,000,000, were brought to light by an investigation by Special Treasury Agent Wheatley.

The goods to be examined in the office of Appraiser George W. Wanmaker are stored in warehouses. Two lots, representing as many importers, were carted yesterday to the Appraiser's stores and deposited in Room 210, where the inspection will be made.

More than 145 bales of hats are now in the Public Stores, and their examination and appraisal will occupy ten days. If it is found that the hats have been undervalued 75 per cent. they will be forfeited and will be sold by the Government.

TRAIN HITS STAGE, TWO HURT.

Vehicle Demolished—The Driver and a Companion Will Die.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 20.—The night boat train on the New Jersey Southern hit a passenger stage at the South Broadway crossing here to-night. Karl Salinsky, owner of the stage, who was driving, and his brother-in-law, W. Wolfshon, who was riding with him, were thrown out. They are in the Monmouth Memorial Hospital and will probably die. The horses were killed and the stage demolished. It was empty at the time.

The train is due here at 9:57, and meets the boat which leaves New York at 8:10. The stage was hurrying to the station to pick up passengers from the train. The engineer stopped his train suddenly in a vain effort to avoid hitting the stage, and the passengers were considerably shaken up and frightened.

QUARREL OVER CARDS ENDS IN BLOODSHED

Theatre Crowd Sees Five Men Fight with Razors and Ice Tongs.

POLICEMAN TAKES A HAND

Fires at Three Spectators, Then Disappears—Combatants All Taken Prisoners to a Hospital.

Five Italians were playing cards last night in the cellar of Rocco Affenia, an iceman, at 381 West 125th Street, opposite the West End Theatre, when one accused another of cheating. A moment later two were armed with ice tongs, two with razors, and one with a revolver, and began a general fight.

They fought their way, screaming and stabbing, to the sidewalk, as the crowd was entering the theatre. In a moment the street was in turmoil, hundreds of persons crowding around the combatants.

A policeman bearing on his coat the number of the Fortieth Precinct, jumped from an Amsterdam Avenue car, and, seeing three men, not concerned in the fight, rushing toward the corner, fired a shot at them. The bullet shattered a window of a drug store at 388 West 125th Street, passed through to the counter, and imbedded itself in the wall a foot from where J. M. Reichardt, the proprietor, was waiting on two women customers. Then the policeman realized that some one had blundered, so he jumped on a trolley car and disappeared.

Meanwhile the crowd, increasing at the sound of the shot, thronged the streets until Capt. Farrell ordered out the West 125th Street Station reserves and started to disperse the people.

The combatants were found lying on the sidewalk. The weapons lay near them. Rocco Affenia was cut about the head and neck with a razor. Antonio Iosco of 149 Morningside Avenue East had several holes in his head, inflicted by ice tongs. Antonio De Mattollo of 293 West 142d Street was unconscious from many stabs of ice tongs. Giuseppe Mallanic of 196 Mott Street was cut about the head and body with a razor, and Ralph Occone of 2,704 Eighth Avenue was cut with ice tongs about the head. All were removed to the J. Hood Wright Hospital, charged with felonious assault.

TENER AHEAD FOR GOVERNOR.

Delegates and Leaders Gathering for Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

HARRISBURG, Penn., June 20.—Delegates to the Republican State Convention and party leaders from all parts of Pennsylvania are here in numbers to-night preparing for Wednesday's gathering to nominate candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs, and State Treasurer.

Interest centred in United States Senator Penrose, who, in his capacity of party leader, came here this afternoon and opened the headquarters of the Republican State Committee. The Senator declined to be interviewed on the makeup of the ticket, declaring that the duty of naming candidates would be met by the delegates.

For Governor the name of Congressman John K. Tener of Washington County is on every tongue, and there is little doubt that he will be the nominee. Mr. Tener's headquarters are open, but he will not be here until to-morrow.

United States Senator Oliver arrived to-night, as did also Mayor Magee of Pittsburg. Both were silent as to their choice for Governor. Lieut. Gov. Murphy, a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination, opened headquarters to-day. State Senator Crow, who at one time looked like a winning candidate for first place on the ticket, also came here to-night with a delegation from his county.

For Lieutenant Governor Joseph R. Grundy, a wealthy mill owner of Bristol and leader of the Bucks County Republican organization, looms up strongly. For Secretary of Internal Affairs and State Treasurer, Henry Houck and Fred C. Wright, the present incumbents, will be unopposed.

WAS WALKING IN HER SLEEP.

In Night Clothing Miss Chappelle Awoke Six Blocks from Home.

Lieut. Lyman and Policeman Cook were standing early yesterday morning on the steps of the Clymer Street Police Station, in Williamsburg, when a woman clad only in a night gown, walking in her sleep, came along toward them. Cook was about to awaken her, when the gong in the headquarters of Engine Company 111, near by, ringing for a fire, aroused her. When she realized where she was and her condition, she began to sob and begged the policeman to take her home.

Cook led her into the police station, where the Lieutenant provided her with an old coat and a pair of slippers. She said she was Miss Estelle Chappelle of Pompton Plains, N. J., at present visiting her sister, Mrs. Longley, living at 556 Bedford Avenue.

Miss Chappelle told Lieut. Lyman she long had suffered from insomnia, but that she had never before wandered away from her home. She had traveled six blocks. As the young woman was suffering from exposure, the Lieutenant called a taxicab and Cook took Miss Chappelle home.

CITY CAN'T TEAR UP TRACKS.

Court Holds That the State Must Act in the Fulton Street Case.

The City of New York cannot proceed against a railway corporation possessing a State charter to tear up its tracks on the ground of nuisance, danger, continuing trespass, or lapse of the franchise by non-use, according to a decision handed down yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Erlanger.

The decision sustains a demurrer made by Gilbert H. Montague, receiver of the Fulton Street Railroad Company, against an action brought by the city to remove the tracks in Fulton Street, which have not been used in two years. The city alleged that the company had not complied with the terms of its franchise as to paving and snow removal, in addition to failure to operate. Justice Erlanger holds that proceedings for removal must be initiated by the State.

WARRANT FOR GRESSER MAN.

District Leader Duggan Accused of Striking a Political Worker.

Gustav Newman of Glendale, L. I., appeared before Magistrate Connolly in the Flushing Court yesterday and obtained a warrant for the arrest of Patrick Duggan, a foreman in the Department of Parks, Brooklyn, and leader of the Gresser forces in the Third Assembly District, Queens. Newman alleged that Duggan assaulted him as the result of a political row.

Until last Friday Duggan was President of the Unity Club of Glendale, a Democratic organization. While the members of the club were holding their annual election on Friday Newman criticised Duggan in a speech. The members of the club then elected John H. Nuhn as President.

While attending the outing of the John Schmidt Association on Saturday night at Riebling's Park, Glendale, Newman said that Duggan approached the table at which he was sitting and struck him in the face. A ring which Duggan wore, Newman said, cut a deep gash over his eye. Friends of Duggan then surrounded him, brandishing beer bottles, he told the Magistrate, and it was only with difficulty that he made his escape.

Duggan has not yet been arrested.

HEGEMAN ESTATE, $290,039.

Two Other Estates Valued on Appraisals Filed in Tax Office.

John A. Hegeman, who died Nov. 26, 1908, left an estate in real and personal property of $290,039, of which $28,591 was personalty and $261,447 was realty, according to an appraisal filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office.

Mary B. Cowperthwait, who died Nov. 9 last in Philadelphia, left an estate consisting entirely of 1,080 shares of stock in the American Book Company, which were valued at $162,000 by an appraisal filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office.

James McGovern, a special partner in the stock brokerage house of Benedict, Druesdale & Co., left personalty valued at $805,116, of which his interest in the house amounted to $100,539, according to a report filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office, which fixed $84,500 as the present value of a seat on the New York Stock Exchange.

POLE CRUSHES TWO BOYS.

Telephone Line Post Falls on Them and They Are Expected to Die.

By the falling of a telephone post in front of a dwelling at 197 India Street, Williamsburg, yesterday, Lawrence Reilly, 5 years old, and Harry Vedder, 7, both of whose parents live in that dwelling, were mortally injured.

The post was noticed a week ago to be in an unsafe condition, and the danger to pedestrians was increased when the storm struck it on Saturday. It looked on Sunday as if it might topple over at any moment, and the telephone company was notified, but apparently no notice was taken of it.

The two boys were playing on the sidewalk yesterday when the pole came down. Reilly's skull was fractured and the other boy was internally hurt. Both were removed to St. Catharine's Hospital. There the surgeons said they would die.

PROTECTING THE IMMIGRANT.

Civic League Reports That Port Conditions Have Been Improved.

BOSTON, June 20.—Problems confronting immigrants are discussed at length in the annual report of the North American Civic League for Immigrants, made public here to-night. Dr. Chauncey Brewer of this city is President of the league, and among the members of the Board of Managers are Cardinal Gibbons, Jacob A. Riis, Bishop Lawrence, Archbishop O'Connell, and Robert Watchorn, former Commissioner of Immigration at New York. The object of the league is to protect the immigrants on and immediately after arrival.

Speaking of conditions as the league officials found them at the docks when they began their work, the report says:

"Little was being done to frustrate the legion of scamps who received the incoming tide of strangers as soon as they passed the federal gates, and everywhere there was lack of co-operation.

"This situation the league is endeavoring to remedy and results already are notable."

"The New York committee of the league," says the report, "commenced at once to collect data, with such good effect that an intolerable situation has been bettered."

SAVED BY CAR FENDERS.

Boy and Girl Kept from the Wheels by New Equipment.

The new fenders with which the trolley cars of the Bronx were equipped about two months ago caught two children last night, one in Westchester Avenue and one in Third Avenue. Both accidents occurred about 6 o'clock.

Elma Bevons, eight years old, of 751 Tinton Avenue, ran in front of a Westchester Avenue trolley car at Westchester Avenue and 158th Street. Motorman John Fox couldn't stop his car in time to avoid hitting her, but he did press the lever which releases the new fender and the little girl was caught in this. She was carried beneath the car for about fifteen feet and when the car had been stopped and the child taken out passengers telephoned for Dr. Bower of Lebanon Hospital. He found the child had a scalp wound and possible internal injuries and took her to the hospital.

Jacob Schnet, 10 years old, of 516 Westchester Avenue, ran in front of a Fordham car in Third Avenue at 153d Street. The fender caught him also, although the car carried him thirty feet before Motorman Timothy Sheehan could stop it. Policeman Lonegan of the Morrisania Station got Dr. Goldblatt from the Lebanon Hospital, and he took little Jacob there with a scalp wound and a possible fracture of the skull.

DROWNING CHILDREN SAVED.

Policeman Clancy Rescues Two from Surf at Rockaway.

Patrolman Charles Clancy of the Health Squad, detailed to Queens Borough, rescued two small children from drowning at the foot of Kelley Avenue, Rockaway Beach, yesterday afternoon. They were about eight and ten years old. They and their mother got away without Clancy getting their names.

Clancy and Health Inspector J. H. Sales were inspecting bathhouses and the general sanitary condition of the buildings along the shore when they saw the two children wading. A few minutes later the children were swept off their feet by a wave, and before they could get up were carried out beyond their depth, clinging to each other.

Dropping only his helmet Clancy went to the rescue. He got the children and started in, but a wave took all three under and outward. Clancy is a strong swimmer, and started to kick shoreward. Cornelius Donohue started to his aid, but just then the mother came racing across the beach and plunged in. Donohue grabbed her as she was waist deep, and forced her back. About the same time Clancy reached shallow water with the youngsters.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Boy's Vacation—A Rifle.

If your boy has red blood in his veins give him a good rifle. Then he will have a *real* vacation. It will steady his nerves, improve his eye and make him careful.

Our rifles like our guns are not toys; they are the best—made by skilled gun makers all over the world.

Everything essential to the equipment for an outdoor vacation can be had at our store.

We are specialists in fine imported and domestic Guns, Rifles and Ammunition.

Von Lengerke & Detmold
Fifth Ave. & B'way
Bet. 23d & 24th Sts.

F. CHAUVENET'S Red Cap

THE RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY OF FRANCE
Invigorates Permanently
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Summer clothes tailored as are Smith Gray Summer clothes give all the comfort negligee garments can give and in addition, due to our long experience, combine a distinctive individuality and an assurance of absolute correctness of style and a shape retaining quality found in no other ready-for-service Summer clothes.

Smith Gray two-garment Suits in hundreds of exclusive designs, in the lightest woolen and worsted fabrics, range in price from 15.00 to 30.00.

There are also included in the Smith Gray & Co. Summer comfort clothes assortment, English, German and Belgian feather weight worsteds, English mohairs, thinnest serges, tennis flannels, Canadian crashes, Irish and domestic homespuns, velour flannels, Spanish linens, crashes, Shantung silks and khaki coats and trousers, and extra trousers in all sizes and models.

Thousands of men's, young men's and boys' Summer Suits which should have been on our counters between March 1 and March 15 are only now finished, as a result of the closing of our tailoring shops for a number of weeks during our recent reorganization.

In consequence, discriminating dressers may now obtain Smith Gray Summer comfort clothes at prices lower than ever before at this season of the year.

20.00 & 22.50 Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Suits, **15.50**

22.50, 25.00 & 27.50 Men's, Young Men's & Boys' Suits, **18.50**

27.50, 30.00 & 32.50 Men's and Young Men's Suits, **22.50**

32.50, 35.00 & 37.50 Men's and Young Men's Suits, **27.50**

Included are Suits in blue serge, light worsted, tropical crashes, velours and cassimeres—full, half and quarter lined, in all sizes.

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St, Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

ESTABLISHED 1840

Le Boutillier Brothers

CUSTOMERS ARE QUICK TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE SERIES OF SALES BEING HELD THIS MONTH THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE STORE.

EXAMINE THE FOUR ITEMS MENTIONED BELOW. YOU WILL FIND THEM VERY ATTRACTIVE.

THERE ARE MANY OTHERS ON SALE EVERY DAY, NOT ADVERTISED, THAT ARE EQUALLY GOOD.

SILK STOCKINGS—
Women's Pure Silk Black Stockings, with cotton tops and soles; also tan, gray, bronze and white with cotton feet only. Value 85c. pair } 59c

WOMEN'S WAISTS—
Women's white lawn Waists, trimmed with embroidery; also tailor-made crossbar Waists. Regular $1.00 } 79c

SILK GLOVES—
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A WORD TO THE WISE

THERE are no people on the face of the earth who know what they want and, it may be added, who know how to get it, better than the citizens of the United States.

It is not too much to say that they have revolutionized hotel life in every civilized country. Comparatively speaking it was but a few years ago when bathrooms in hotels were almost as rare as the dodo.

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In these and many other ways visitors to Europe from the United States have set up a new standard of comfort and have only given their valued patronage where their wishes are recognized.

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Look down the arrival list of the Savoy and you will see the names of the most cultivated citizens from every State of the Republic, who know what they want and get it at The Savoy, or the hotel could never have become what it is—the centre of all the social and business life of the traveling public who leave New York.

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SWAPPING ISSUES.

Secretary KNOX takes his stand with Mr. ROOT in defense of State rights. Mr. KNOX is now Secretary of State. Mr. ROOT was Secretary of State in Mr. ROOSEVELT'S Cabinet when he delivered in this city that memorable address in which the States were warned against the gradual transfer to the Federal Government of powers reserved to themselves, powers which they should freely and continually exercise for the benefit of their own people. Mr. KNOX, complying with the President's desire that he remain in the Cabinet, issues a brief statement declining to permit his name to go before the Republican Convention in Pennsylvania as a candidate for the Governorship. In the concluding paragraph of that statement the Secretary of State expresses views strikingly similar to those of Mr. ROOT in respect to the dignity, the powers, and the prerogatives of the States of this Union:

> In my judgment there is no more fruitful field for high public service at this period than in the States, whose proper powers and relations should be appreciated, exercised, and preserved for the general good of the whole country.

This is century-old Democratic doctrine. It is characteristic Democratic doctrine. It was the doctrine that, more than any other, differentiated the principles of the Democratic Party from the principles of its opponents. It was the doctrine that had the firm support of the Democracy until Mr. BRYAN in 1896 daubed the party banner all over with his grotesque symbols. The doctrine of State rights never had any particular interest for Mr. BRYAN. Since he came to the fore Democrats of prominence, notably in the South, have seemed to be indifferent to the rights of the States. It is strange, but it is true, that some of the leading Southern Democrats in Congress have given their support to measures of centralization that every Democrat would have denounced forty years ago.

The two parties seem to be swapping their issues. Republicans of eminence and great ability like Mr. ROOT and Mr. KNOX take up and openly proclaim the Democratic doctrine of State rights. On the other hand, the strange new issues invented by Mr. BRYAN or derived from his Populistic associates were, many of them, appropriated by Mr. ROOSEVELT, and President TAFT is enjoying them as a legacy from the last Administration. It is a very singular shifting about of issues and of positions.

In present conditions Mr. KNOX'S words must be read as a counsel of safety. The tendency to centralization, to the enhancement of the Federal power, goes on unchecked. With increased power there should come an increased sense of responsibility, greater care in the exercise of the powers conferred. Yet Mr. TAFT, returning from one of his innumerable journeys about the country, gayly signed the Railroad bill as it was agreed upon by the Conference Committee and passed by both Houses of Congress, although it is impossible that he should have known what the bill contained. He is even reported to have said that he signed the bill at once because "he knew he could find nothing in the bill which might affect his desire to sign that Representative MANN had not already discovered." So our Presidents, wielding these vastly greater powers, are to leave it to some casual Congressman to ascertain for them whether the measures conferring the new authority are what they ought to be. It seems to us that Mr. KNOX'S brief apostrophe to the old doctrine of State rights is timely.

THE BUDGET EXHIBIT.

By act of the Board of Estimate on June 17 a public presentation of charts, diagrams, plans, and photographs concerning budgetary proposals, before they are officially considered, has come to be the regular thing. The budget exhibit conducted last year under the private auspices of the Bureau of Municipal Research, but with the cooperation of departmental heads, was the forerunner of this official precedent. The report upon this plan prepared by Borough President MCANENY, Controller PRENDERGAST, and President MITCHEL of the Board of Aldermen, provides for the public circulation in advance of the principal estimates of expenditure by the city. The committee is given broad powers. It may

> take whatever other steps may, in its judgment, promote the purpose of the board to fully acquaint the taxpayers with the character and scope of the budgetary proposals, and to afford ample opportunity for their public discussion.

Such publicity they have never had before. This act of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment cannot give comfort to Tammany.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND.

Mayor GAYNOR at the outset told the committee on a "safe and sane" celebration of the Fourth of July that this city should not pay a dollar of the expenses except, possibly, for the fireworks display; that he recalled the Columbian celebration scandal some years ago, when the charges for bands were something awful, and the city had to foot the bills for services not rendered. Moreover, he expressed his confident belief that a call for funds would and should meet with a quick response from the patriotic citizenship of New York, that this would serve to make the celebration genuine. The various patriotic societies would contribute their share, including music, the public bodies represented in the parade would, of course, furnish their accoutrements, and good citizens would take part by their presence and their children's presence, and by means of their contributions.

Yesterday Mr. GAYNOR personally started the fund by sending his check for $100 to President JOHN H. FINLEY of the City College, who is Chairman of the Celebration Committee. His example will, we are sure, be promptly and generally imitated, according to the means of the private donors.

GOV. GILLETT.

JAMES N. GILLETT, Governor of California, has dared to make himself very "unpopular" with a large part of the population of his State, to antagonize an element which has shown itself in the past potent in revenge, to deprive San Francisco of a fine opportunity to make a great deal of money. In fact, in his suppression of the prizefight on the ground that such encounters are forbidden in the State, Gov. GILLETT has incurred a great deal of ill-feeling and made himself disliked. A weak man in the Governorship would never have ventured to stir up so much hostility that will last throughout his term of office. Doubtless Californians who take genuine enough pride in their State to see that the inevitable loss of profit through the transference of the fight to another State will be more than counterbalanced by the good repute resulting from the prohibition of the meeting approve the Governor's courageous action. But at present it seems that public sentiment in San Francisco and elsewhere is strongly against him.

Smart comment upon the Governor as a busybody, as a seeker for notoriety, as an upholder of Puritan ideas, has been printed in many newspapers throughout the country. MACAULAY'S famous remark that nothing could be more absurd than the British public in one of its periodical fits of morality has been again pressed into service. Gov. HUGHES has encountered the same sort of criticism in this State because of his efforts to suppress race track gambling. Gov. GILLETT'S position is the same as that of our own Governor. The law of California prohibits prizefighting and he has insisted on the enforcement of the law.

Circumstances may prevent any substantial recognition of his courage and his fidelity to his oath of office. But we doubt that. There is a great deal of interest in the Jeffries-Johnson meeting, to be sure; the pecuniary stake is large, fortunes are to change hands through the result. Men in all stations of life, some of boasted refinement, are eagerly interested in such encounters. Their sport has been interfered with. But the sober thought of the country will be with the Governor of California. He has done his duty in spite of great temptations to shirk it. He has thus risked immediate political injury, but he has at the same time assumed National stature. He deserves the heartiest praise of all good citizens.

CHANGES IN FRANCE.

There are important signs of substantial changes in the political life of France. Probably the nearest and one that may prove helpful to others is the adoption of a new method of electing the members of the Chamber of Deputies. At present each of the 592 Deputies is elected from a single district, after the manner of our members of Assembly, and, with the enormous influence the Government is able to exert through the patronage of the centralized system of administration, the choice of any but its candidates is exceedingly difficult. The proposed change is election by a general ticket in larger districts, practically all the members for each department being on the same ticket, though some of the larger departments will be divided and some of the smaller may be consolidated. Along with this arrangement the Government is pledged to a plan of proportional voting, by which a fairly equitable representation of minorities will be secured. The immediate advantage would undoubtedly be with the Socialists, but there would also be gain for the various shades of moderate or conservative opinion, and it is expected that the general character of the Deputies would be much improved. In any case the presence in the Chamber of a certain number of able and independent men could not but raise the level of legislative action.

The French Ministry has adopted a somewhat novel mode of testing the sentiment of the voters as to this and several other issues. It has had a census taken, so to speak, of the addresses given out by successful candidates and an analysis of the promises or appeals made, the addresses being in practice the French substitute for the party platforms of our own country. Of the 592 members elected it is found that 271 have pronounced definitely for the "scrutin de liste," or general ticket, with proportional representation; 92 more have pronounced for "electoral reform" only, but of these at least fifty voted in the last session of the Chamber of Deputies for minority representation. A clear majority of the new Chamber, therefore, may be counted on for this measure, if the Government decides to introduce it. What the Government will do is not entirely certain. M. BRIAND, the Premier, is fully committed to the principle, but when the Chamber voted it at the last session he demanded a reversal of the vote, and it was promptly accorded. His explanation then was that the vote had been a Socialist device and it would not be wise to strengthen that party's prestige on the eve of the elections. During the campaign he supported the principle with a good deal of apparent earnestness. He is reputed to be a shrewd politician, and it is reasonable to infer, in the light of the popular sentiment as to minority representation, that he will act at the present session.

The favor with which this reform has been received is a part of the general movement of French opinion in the direction of moderation and tolerance, and is on that account of special significance and promise. For a number of years now the prevailing disposition in French political life has been toward an aggressive and harsh application of radical ideas and policies. This tendency has mostly been sincere and logical. It originated in the fear that the republic would be overthrown by a combination of monarchist and clerical forces. The danger, for a long while after the downfall of the Empire, was a real one. The combination existed and its aim was sometimes avowed and at most but thinly veiled. It was an unreasonable, perilous, and unpatriotic combination, and it resulted not only in much mischief to the nation but finally in almost irreparable injury to the Church. What was at first an inevitable and justifiable defensive policy for the republic tended to become offensive, unjust, oppressive, and cruel. The annulment of the Concordat and the dissolution of unauthorized associations were in theory fair and in aim expedient, but the mode of carrying out the latter, and especially the treatment of the question of property, was in the last degree harmful to immediate and permanent interests of the nation.

There are many indications of a better spirit. The republic is felt to be beyond all danger from the forces that at one time unquestionably menaced it. The French people as a whole are somewhat wearied of the constant strife and uncertainty. The more intelligent and fair-minded are revolted by the tyranny and persecution of the politicians, who, like our extreme radicals in the period of reconstruction, are making "capital" of public excitement long after the occasion for it has passed. There is a distinct tendency toward pacification, and as an aid to this the electoral reform possesses great value.

DEFENDING ROYALTY.

Two monarchs in Europe are now on the defensive, it seems. That is to say, their friends are defending them vigorously against specified charges. The grave charge against the Kaiser is that he has either a boil on his knee or an abscess in the knee joint. As he lately had a sore hand, some part of his great empire is excited, because of the reputed impurity of Hohenzollern blood. But the Kaiser's physicians declare that he has only a watery blister on one of his knees, caused by chafing of the saddle flap while he was on horseback. Such eczematic troubles are common among people with the gouty diathesis; they are neither painful nor dangerous, and private citizens rarely speak of them. But the Kaiser cannot escape the "fierce light." Until he appears again in Berlin on horseback there will be more or less alarm about his health.

King GEORGE V.'s defender is the Dean of Norwich, the Very Rev. WILLIAM LEFROY, D. D., who, in a public address on Sunday, uttered the most remarkable and uncalled-for defense of a monarch ever heard in modern times. The first charge he took up was the obscure and, we believe, groundless one that the King drinks to excess. In the last ten years GEORGE has been almost continually under the eye of the British public. His one most striking characteristic has been sobriety. This has always been noticeable alike in his speech and his bearing. The Dean might have touched a popular chord in the British heart if, in his defense of his sovereign, he had declared that if the King drinks he certainly carries his liquor well.

The Dean also denied, in curious terms, the familiar tale of King GEORGE'S early marriage to a commoner's daughter before the death of his elder brother, the Duke of CLARENCE, made him a direct heir to the throne. This is firmly believed by a large proportion of the King's subjects. The remembrance of that marriage is actually cherished. It was regarded sentimentally by the people, and was never a cause of scandal. There were stories of old Queen VICTORIA'S kindness to the discarded wife and her children which touched the public heart. As a royal Prince, under the law of GEORGE III., EDWARD'S second son had no legal right to wed a commoner. But the English people believed that as an Englishman, who had no thought of Kingship in his head, he was justified in falling in love with an Englishwoman and marrying her. The record of such a marriage would be unobtainable, proof of it impossible, and its nullification, after CLARENCE'S death, inevitable. But the Dean was assailing a popular belief always regarded sentimentally, not a slander, when he used these words:

> That is absolutely, root and branch, an untruth. The King is a man who, with a wife of like disposition as himself, has been wont during his leisure to sit in his garden with his young children around him just the same as any of us might.

The fact that the King sits in his garden is not to be controverted. But the Dean will probably be rebuked for not holding his tongue.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Deal in Apples Elucidated.

This is hardly the place for solving problems in very elementary arithmetic, but, judging from the number of our readers who have already sent us letters in regard to a little transaction in apples that was presented to them for explanation on Sunday, even elementary arithmetic has its mysteries for many—which doesn't speak well, some may say, for our public schools. The apple problem, however, had more in it than met the eye at first glance, or at second either, for that matter, and there is vastly more excuse for getting puzzled over it than there was in regard to the age of the once altogether too-famous ANN.

The question propounded was in substance this: Why is it that if one sell 60 apples at the rate of 5 for 10 cents he gets $1.20, while if he divide the 60 apples into two lots of 30 each, and sell one lot at the rate of 3 for 5 cents and the other at that of 2 for 5 cents, he will get $1.25?

Now, it not only seems to be true, but it is true, that it makes no difference whether one sell 5 apples for 10 cents, or 3 of the 5 for 5 cents and the remaining 2 for the same amount, but the other problem is not, as there is a strong inclination to assume, and as the propounder of it hoped everybody would assume, a mere repeated sale of 5 apples twelve times. The disappearance of the 5 cents in the simpler form of selling is mathematically accounted for with ease by figuring out the average prices in both, but after one has done this the inclination to ask "Why?" does not at all diminish. To get rid of that it is necessary to attack the fallacious assumption—to see that when the ten possible sales of 3-for-5 apples has been made, with a balancing sale of 2-for-5 apples for each, there will still remain unsold 10 of the latter sort. In other words, while there are twelve sales of 5-for-10 apples, there are ten sales of 3-for-5 and fifteen of 2-for-5, making the source of the extra 5 cents obvious to the mind as well as on paper.

Forty or fifty years ago "sums" of this kind were a favorite mental diversion in the then more widely extended circles where books were scarce, and the brighter boys in the district schools would have scorned one as easy as this, but nowadays the youth who see any sporting possibilities in arithmetic are few indeed, and the humiliating, or ought-to-be humiliating, result follows that "ready reckoning" is almost a lost art among what may be called amateurs—those who do not constantly use figures in their business.

A Defense of the City Boy.

Before explaining why a thing is true it is always well to make sure that the thing is true and not false. We have, therefore, a double reason for differing with the correspondent who said yesterday that country boys did not have to guard against as many dangers or submit to as many restrictions as city boys do, and that therefore they were apt to be more courageous, to have more of initiative and originality—to be generally abler and cleverer. It is safe, we think, to deny this premise outright, and to question the accuracy of the assumption implied by the conclusion, which is that men of rustic origin are superior to those whose beginning was urban.

As to the superiority, so often asserted and admitted, there is doubt if it has any basis except the unquestionable fact that many country boys who enjoyed few "advantages" have managed to attain great eminence of one kind or another in later life, but the wondering comment which the attainment always receives when the great man's autobiography comes to be written is at least indicative that the attainment does not illustrate a rule, but is exceptional. And until recently, rural populations everywhere vastly exceeded the urban in numbers, and it was quite natural that they should have produced more notabilities than the cities did. Whether they have really done so or not we do not pretend to know, but we are strongly of the impression that the cities have done their full proportional share of the world's harder and better work, and wouldn't be a bit surprised if it were proved that they had done more than their share.

And the country boy is not without his risks or his restrictions. The roads are safer for him than for the city boy—or were before automobiles came in—but he has scores of ways for getting killed or injured that never imperil the city boy, since his introduction to farm animals and farm machinery is early, and some of the former are fierce and much of the latter is dangerous to the careless or inexpert handler. The country boy doesn't, indeed, have a policeman to interfere with his sports, but he has a father who is usually most ingenious and industrious in providing him with small jobs.

Everything considered, it probably takes more of innate ability to make a success of the country boy than of the city boy. The country boy of average or less intelligence either remains on the farm or he comes to the city to be one of its innumerable failures. In that case he gets into no biographical dictionary, and so doesn't interfere with the legend or illusion that all greatnesses and virtues are country bred.

Interesting News from Oyster Bay.

One of our own reporters—a good man and careful, naturally—vouches for the truth of the statement that Mr. ROOSEVELT has long had an understanding with his Oyster Bay pastor that the latter in his sermons would make no reference to politics or to important current events and controversies.

Both as President and ex-President Mr. ROOSEVELT would have several good reasons for wanting his pastor to avoid such topics, and several fair ones for asking him to do so, since anything the pastor might say about them his most distinguished parishioner would by almost necessary implication agree to if he didn't protest against, and either course might have its embarrassments. It is a little hard to believe that a clergyman worth a Rooseveltian hearing would consent thus to limit his choice of subjects, but to do so is not impossible, and—well, Mr. ROOSEVELT is a man persuasive as well as forcible, and his friends do almost anything he asks.

Of course nobody will object to the understanding between himself and his pastor, or, if objection be made, nobody will take it seriously. But let anybody who dares take a long breath and imagine what would happen if it came out that a man of a different sort and of different eminence—Mr. ROCKEFELLER, for instance—had made a like pact with his pastor! The very heavens would be split with innumerable shrieks of rage and lower deeps would rumble with as many groans of horror. Circumstances do alter cases, and it is not only in London's Guildhall that Mr. ROOSEVELT enjoys liberties that are denied to other men.

MONUMENT TO JUDAH TOURO.

An Appreciation of the Jewish Patriot and Philanthropist.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The suggestion of G. Wilfred Pearce in SUNDAY'S TIMES that a monument be erected to the memory of Judah Touro is one indeed worthy of consideration, not only because of his services at New Orleans, but because of his broadminded and catholic philanthropy and his patriotism. His activities were not confined to New Orleans alone. He is identified, perhaps, as closely with Newport, R. I., the place of his birth, and his name is inseparably connected with it, where a street and a square are named for him. The old Jewish cemetery, immortalized by Longfellow, was restored by him, and his funds saved for the town the old "stone mill," (supposedly a Norse relic,) standing in what is now known as Touro Park, and a fund set aside by him still maintains the old Jewish synagogue at Newport.

He gave not merely money but service as well. He took an active part in the defense of New Orleans, where he was severely wounded by a cannon ball, and was saved only by the bravery of his friend, Rezin Davis Shepherd, their whole-hearted and devoted friendship enduring through life. It was to Shepherd that he bequeathed the bulk of his estate.

The honor of completing the Bunker Hill Monument is shared by Touro and Amos Lawrence, a tablet commemorating their dual patriotism.

It was sufficient for him to know of distress to come to its relief, and his works of charity knew no distinction of race or creed; a notable illustration being his action in the case of the Universalist Church of New Orleans, which was threatened with extinction by a sale under foreclosure. Touro appreciating the church's embarrassment bought it in and then turned it over to its former congregation.

Among the bequests in his will were $80,000 to the New Orleans Almshouse, liberal bequests to the Massachusetts Female Hospital, to the Female Asylum and the Boys' Asylum of Boston. The Touro Infirmary of New Orleans is one of his charities; they covered a dozen States.

The suggestion made by Mr. Pearce recalls a similar effort made several years before the civil war. Opposition, however, developed on the part of some, who contended that Jewish tradition forbade the erection of "any graven image." The commencement of hostilities brought to an abrupt termination the discussion as well as the efforts to erect the memorial.

A modest shaft in the cemetery at Newport marks his resting place. But the monument far greater and more enduring than any that could be erected of stone or bronze is the conspicuous record of his achievements, and the love and appreciation in the hearts of the many recipients of his benefactions. "The last of the name, he inscribed it in the 'Book of Philanthropy,' to be remembered forever."

JOSEPH SPENCER MENLINE.
New York, June 19, 1910.

NAPLES SOCIETY ASKS AID.

Princess Mele Barese on Work for Protection of Animals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should be very grateful if you would again find room in THE NEW YORK TIMES for an appeal on behalf of the Naples Society for the Protection of Animals. The work done by our Inspectors during the last year was as follows:

Extra animals were attached to 25,020 carts, and the load of 4,230 others was diminshed; 36,638 persons were made to alight from overloaded vehicles; 23,837 sticks and 179 stakes were confiscated, besides nearly 800 spiked bits and other instruments of torture. There were 7,000 prosecutions and 2,080 animals were humanely destroyed in the lethal chambers at the society's office or by its agents at the municipal dogs' depot.

I shall not trespass upon your space with further details, but will add that the need of pecuniary aid is urgent as the building operations in Naples have increased on all sides, while our funds have fallen off lamentably of late. This has necessitated reducing our staff of Inspectors, which has caused a great increase in the sufferings of the animals. Subscriptions and donations will be thankfully received and promptly acknowledged by Miss P. H. Johnston, (Honorary Secretary,) The Beeches, Carlisle; by Mr. C. Calvello, (Director,) 2, Via Vittoria, Naples, or by myself, at 7 Chiatamone, Naples.

E. L. M. PRINCESS MELE BARESE,
(nee Mackworth Praed,)
President of the Naples Society for the Protection of Animals.
Naples, June 1, 1910.

"An Elusive 5 Cents."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is not, to my mind, the nickel that is elusive, but the example as set forth. On close examination it falls short of correctness in saying that "in the first lot of apples the sales are in equal parts."

Our friend may have made
10 sales of 3 apples for 5 cents=30 apples, .50
10 sales of 2 apples for 5 cents=20 apples, .50
So far 5 apples for 10 cents=50 apples, $1.00
But he still has left of the 2 for 5 kind ten apples which sell by themselves, bringing .25
And thus he gets for the entire sixty apples $1.25

Or 5 cents more than by straight sales of sixty apples at 2 cents.....$1.20

New York, June 20, 1910. I. POLACK.

The Bargain In Apples.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Sig. Manheim on "An Elusive Five Cents" recalls the "sixteen-to-one" theory of a one-time—et cetera—Presidential candidate. His statement appeals to the ready imagination without foundation in fact. It is specious, in other words.

In selling thirty apples at three for 5 cents and thirty at two for 5 cents Manheim is not, as he goes on to say, selling sixty at five for 10 cents. He is selling thirty at, approximately, 1 2-3 cents and thirty at 2½ cents, thus gaining in the average 5 cents on the sixty apples, (say .0833 of a cent per apple,) as against sixty sold at five for 10 cents.

New York, June 19, 1910. YANKEE.

The Young Man's Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to "J. K.'s" letter appearing in to-day's TIMES, allow me to suggest that the best way he, or any other young man who is a stranger in this city, can become acquainted with men who are not "too reckless and dissipated to prove acceptable as friends" is to join a branch of the Y. M. C. A. Let him have a talk with the membership Secretary and he will find him eager to be of help and to give him the "glad hand." This suggestion, which the writer believes scores of one-time strangers could indorse, is so simple that it seems odd it has not occurred to "J. K." long ago. OLD ELSTONIAN.

New York, June 17, 1910.

The State Flag.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to the communication about the State flag, the writer has noted the absence of it while passing armories. In other States the local standard is to be seen, and New York should be no exception. Its military history deserves it. READER.

New York, June 18, 1910.

HAMILTON'S PEACE FLAG.

League of Peace Appoints Mrs. Hamilton Its Custodian.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The League of Peace, recognizing in Charles K. Hamilton one of the most capable men who have up to this time appeared as masters of the "heavier than air" flying machine, placed in the hands of a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES for him on his trip of June 13 last, from New York to Philadelphia and return, the most beautiful expression they could have made of the World's Ensign of Liberty and Peace.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has informed us that this flag safely made the trip with Mr. Hamilton, that the messages to Gov. Stuart and Mayor Reyburn were safely delivered, and that the object lesson in dropping the "peace bombs" was successfully given. For all this we send Mr. Hamilton our earnest thanks, and we add our request that he will continue to make use of the World Ensign of Liberty and Peace in good-will to all the nations and peoples of the world, on all important occasions when he flies, particularly at Nashville, Tenn., on June 20, on July 2 at New Britain, the birth city of that great worker for peace, Elihu Burritt, and Mr. Hamilton's home, and at the demonstration to be given later to the citizens of New York.

We wish to appoint Mrs. Hamilton the sacred custodian of this Ensign of Liberty and Peace when it is not with her husband in his flights, she, with his good mother's assistance, (whenever this is possible,) to place it safely and strongly upon his machine for him before starting, that it may not only stand for all that it does to all peoples and to all ages yet to come, but for the wife and the mother love as well, and may it always bring him safety and success.

We would request Mrs. Hamilton to keep a diary of its use, and when it is worn and stained in service, if she will return it to the League of Peace with the story of the history it has made, we will at once furnish him with a new exact duplicate.

WILLIAM O. McDOWELL,
The Peacemaker.
New York, June 17, 1910.

BRITISH RUGBY.

Already Tried in the West—A Good Game to Watch.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial "British Rugby Coming" in to-day's paper is very much to the point. In California and Nevada the British game has been played by the leading institutions for the past four years. The Presidents of the University of California and Leland Stanford University were responsible for the start in 1906, and the game has been gaining in popularity ever since with both student body and public. The coaches made trips to British Columbia, New Zealand, and Australia, to study the game, and with the help of former residents of Rugby-playing countries have been turning out better teams every year. A picked team left for New Zealand and Australia last month, and should give a very creditable account of itself against the best teams of those countries.

From the spectator's point of view, the British game is far superior, as most of the game is very open and the movements of the ball back and forth very rapid. Very little time is taken out for injuries, and many games are played in which one team does not have to use a single substitute. This last remark applies to the game as played in California, as in many countries the use of substitutes is forbidden. If any one is hurt, the team must play short handed. This tends to eliminate rough playing. Those who have played the American and British games agree that the latter calls for a better type of athlete. The field is the same length, but quite a little wider than that required for the American game. There are fifteen men on a team. H. V. S. HUBBARD.

New York, June 19, 1910.

The Speech on Egypt.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Roosevelt, who has given as many days to the study of Egyptian affairs as some British statesmen have given years, told his audience in London how Egypt ought to be governed, and nobody has seriously protested against his almost childish impertinence, although a resolution will shortly be introduced in the House of Commons condemning the future interference of foreigners in British affairs. Mr. Roosevelt is, of course, a noisy and somewhat superficial gentleman, who takes his opinions more seriously than most thinking men do.

If at the time of President Garfield's assassination the English statesman William E. Gladstone had in the United States made a speech telling our Government what to do, would that speech have been treated with the indulgence that Mr. Roosevelt's address has been treated in England? Had the verbose Colonel of the Rough Riders been around at such a time, what would he have said of the English statesman's lack of good taste?

ANTI-HUMBUG.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 18, 1910.

The Public Faith in Roosevelt.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Acknowledgment is due you for your well-timed editorial remarks welcoming ex-President Roosevelt. But I do not think you emphasize sufficiently his first entrance into National public life and his rapid bound into public confidence.

The absolute confidence felt in him as a thoroughly honest man was welcome as water in a desert. The era just previous had been one that caused heart longing for honesty. The thorough honesty, personal, political, and official, of Mr. Roosevelt has never been questioned, and the people acclaimed him as one they could trust. That was the foundation upon which has been builded, and which I think should be recognized and emphasized.

New York, June 19, 1910. E. T. W.

Place of the Dowager Empress.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It may be of some interest to a "Veteran Diplomat" and to your readers to know that the Dowager Empresses of Russia (from all time) always take precedence of the Empress Consorts, until the birth of a Czarowitch, when the latter takes precedence at once. So it was with the present Empress Marie until the birth of a son to their Majesties. In the otherwise interesting article of a "Veteran Diplomat" it seemed a pity that a rather important fact should have been omitted.

R. HYLTON JOLLIFFE.

New York, June 19, 1910.

THE BLOSSOMS AND THE BREEZE

The fields will soon be ready for the harvest? Let 'em reap!
I'd rather be a-loafin' where the coolin' shadows creep
On the green banks of the river, just a-takin' of my ease—
A jolly friend and brother to the blossoms and the breeze.

Wa'n't never fond of reapin'—rather hear the reapers sing
From across the woods and meadows where the honeysuckle swing;
It just seems kind of natural for me to take my ease,
For I was born a brother to the blossoms and the breeze.

It seems like dreams of heaven, a-lyin' in the brake,
A-list'nin' to the music that the bees and birdies make,
For I'm a child of nature, like the little waving trees—
A jolly friend and brother to the blossoms and the breeze.

So when the fields are ready for the reapers—let 'em reap;
I am not fond of reapin', would a good deal rather sleep
Where the river is a-flowin', in the shadow of the trees—
A free and easy brother to the blossoms and the breeze.

A. H. ROCKWELL.

COURT CRITICISES COUNSEL FOR CITY

Deluge Will Not Follow When Watson Leaves Office, Says Justice Page.

ROW MARKS TAXPAYER'S SUIT

Action Against Old Aqueduct Board, Water Commissioner, and Mining Co. Adjourned to End Altercation.

The reason the City Administration is fighting the expected report of Condemnation Commissioners appraising the property of the Croton Magnetic Iron Mines Company through a taxpayer's suit instead of through the Corporation Counsel's office was explained yesterday when Assistant Corporation Counsel Beaudrias told Supreme Court Justice Page that the petition for the appointment of the appraisers contained inaccurate statements and that a suit by the city would lead to its being confronted with questions that could not be urged against a taxpayer. This explanation caused the bench to say:

"I do not think that chaos existed before the present Corporation Counsel came into office, or that the flood will come when he goes out."

Mr. Beaudrias's explanation followed questions by Justice Page, in the course of an argument to adjourn a suit brought by Charles M. Bull against the old Board of Aqueduct Commissioners, the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity and the mining company.

It came out in the hearing that Bull is a surveyor in the office of the Commissioner of Water Supply. J. Hampden Dougherty, a former Aqueduct Commissioner, who appeared for Bull, then told the court that the suit was brought "with the knowledge and authority of the City Administration."

Justice Page adjourned the hearing until Sept. 15, after a hot argument by Dougherty and Richard T. Greene, counsel and Treasurer of the mining company.

Mr. Greene characterized the suit as a "most remarkable piece of effrontery," and asserted:

"It is the right of an attorney who has been maligned to have an adjournment. I want to wait until I return from my European trip to get to the bottom of this case and drag out the slime. If I am guilty, as charged, I should be disbarred. Mr. Dougherty gave out an interview to the newspapers—"

Mr. Dougherty jumped up and started to object.

"Sit down, Mr. Dougherty," commanded the court.

"Mr. Dougherty gave out an interview to the newspapers on the day he got his papers in an ex parte motion—" continued Mr. Greene.

"I object to this statement," shouted Mr. Dougherty.

"Sit down, or I'll compel you to. I will not submit to your talking now," said Justice Page.

"By inuendo," Mr. Greene went on, "I am charged with fraud, concealment, and improper practice. Reputation is about all that a lawyer has got. When a man attacks it, he must prove it or take the consequences."

Mr. Greene then said that he would make public at the proper time the names of the officers and stockholders of the mining company. He hotly denied that any one connected with the company had anything to do with changing the location of the new Croton dam or that, as had been asserted, any political influence had been used to obtain a change of location. He also denied that the company had stopped operations.

"I call on Mr. Dougherty to apologize," he cried. "There would be some excuse for a young and inexperienced lawyer starting a publicity bureau and rushing into print on ex parte papers to make an attack on opposing counsel. But you, Sir, knew what you were about, and you shall get the punishment you deserve."

When Mr. Dougherty was given the floor he repeated most of the allegations he made in his statement at the outset of the suit, and added:

"Never in my thirty-five years at the bar have I had to meet such a charge. I hope your Honor is not going to be bamboozled by a lawyer in an effort to get time to answer newspaper charges when there is a far more serious attack to meet.

"I want the names of the officers and stockholders of this corporation. The only one anybody knows is this Treasurer and counsel, and he is going to Europe on Wednesday. He is going across the ocean, and may never return. I wish him no bad luck, but if Father Neptune should prove unkind, on whom shall we serve papers?"

Mr. Greene said the property was owned in 1883 by John H. Cheevers, who was associated with August Belmont and others. The property was pledged to a syndicate for $800,000 in 1903, he said. The amount now sought in condemnation proceedings is $4,800,000, with interest from the time the city took title, which will increase the amount to nearly $6,000,000.

Mr. Greene said he would give no names because he feared Mr. Dougherty would attempt to examine witnesses in his absence. Mr. Dougherty said:

"I will stipulate not to examine during your absence."

"You will not," responded Mr. Greene. "I stipulated with you once, sixteen years ago. I won't do it again."

"If your Honor," appealed Dougherty, "must I stand for this abuse? 'Abuse the plaintiff's lawyer when you have a bad defense' seems to be his motto."

"Well, then," said Greene, "the officers are Edward P. Earle of Montclair, who sails on Wednesday on the Mauretania; George Murray Brooks is Secretary, and I am the only other officer. Mr. Brooks represent the Cheevers interests."

"Why not make a clean confession and give us the names of the stockholders, too?" urged Dougherty.

"No," responded Greene.

"Then make an unclean confession," continued Dougherty.

There were prospects of another violent set-to, but Justice Page halted it by adjourning the case until Sept. 15.

COST OF LIVING CONFERENCE.

Many Subjects to be Taken Up at a Meeting Called by Parkvillians.

A citizens' conference will be held in the Johnston Building in Nevins Street, near Flatbush Avenue, on July 20, at the call of the Committee on City Affairs of the Parkville Board of Trade. The purposes of the conference, as set forth in the notice, will be:

To reduce the cost of living in New York City.
To prevent, if possible, the coming panic which certain elements in Wall Street are planning to bring about in New York City.
To compel the equal enforcement of all laws in New York City.
To demand absolute home rule for New York City.
To establish a central bureau of complaints and improvements for Greater New York.

The call of the Parkville Board of Trade has been sent to others Boards of Trade, to civic soieties, trades unions, and other organizations.

Bridge Site for Flower Market.

Several persons appeared before the Alermanic Committee on Streets and Highways yesterday in favor of the proposal to establish a flower market under the Manhattan terminal of the new Queensboro Bridge. John D. Crimmins declared the market might enable poor people to purchase flowers much more cheaply than they can now. Borough President Cromwell of Richmond was opposed because he thought the market would be inconvenient to the people of his borough and should be further down town.

"FOLLIES OF 1910" ON NEW YORK ROOF

A Big Beauty Show, with No End of Specialties and Comic Interpolations.

BERT WILLIAMS A FEATURE

More Than a Dozen Changes of Scene with Everything Satirized from "Chantecler" to Return of Roosevelt.

THE FOLLIES OF 1910, a musical revue, in two acts and thirteen scenes. Words by Harry B. Smith; music by Gus Edwards and many others. Jardin de Paris.

Stage Manager Mitchell.....Harry Watson
Musical Director Levi.....George Bickel
Stage Doorkeeper.....Jeroge Van Norden
Miss Pansy Perkins.....Fanny Brice
Mazie Muggs.....Rosie Greene
Geraldine Grouch.....Hazel Robinson
Sadie Spooner.....Vonnie Hoye
Flossie Frost.....Elsie Hamilton
Flossie's Mother.....Aline Boley
Iona Carr.....Grace Tyson
Towne Duer.....John Reinhardt
A Waiter.....Clifford Saum
Andy C.....Maurice Hegeman
Jim Hill.....Arthur McWaters
John D.....Jacques Kruger
Hetty G.....Alice Hegeman
J. Pierrepont.....Charles Scribner
The Office Boy, "the Common People"...
.....Edward Devlin
Mlle. Cavalleri.....Lillian Lorraine
A Caretaker.....Bert Williams

They caught folly on the fly at the New York Theatre last night, incidentally creating a little folly of their own, as is generally the way in the annual Ziegfeld Revue, which for want of a better definition might be called a "fly" show at that. And, having appropriated one of the baseball reporters' terms, it is just as well to go a little further with his lingo and remark that not in a long time, if ever, has there been as much playing in the outfields as in this particular entertainment.

Often as not the actors and the chorus, instead of being on the stage, where by rights they are supposed to be, were surdenly discovered out near the bleachers. And from time to time they made their entrances to the stage by way of the auditorium, which they reached through special staircases and traps cut through the floor. After which it may easily be inferred that there was a deal of craning and twisting of necks on the New York roof last night.

However, not all of it was due to the unexpected ways the people had of coming on and going off. There was one time at least where chins were very near the perpendicular simply because what was to be seen was up in the air and not to be seen any other way. This, a swing song, (and a very lovely feature though not so absolutely new as some of the other items on the big show menu,) showed Miss Lillian Lorraine, as chief beauty, assisted by the Misses Howe, Christy, Maxwell, Cobway, Morris, St. Clair, Mackey, and Hoyt, and doing pretty well on the beauty score themselves. The swings with their human freight flew to and fro over the auditorium and the heads of star-gazers, while the girls by a series of cords manipulated a chime of melodious silver bells.

In the apple blossom grove, a very dainty symphony in pinks and delicate greens, with gowns and hats exquisitely blended and becomingly displayed, Miss Lorraine was again the featured beauty, but it may be said to her credit that she seems not to have placed entire reliance upon her looks. Her voice is very agreeable and shows signs of cultivation.

One doesn't look for grand opera material in a show of this kind, which is fortunate, for one wouldn't find it. But another pleasant voice is possessed by Miss Eleanor St. Clair, who uses it to good advantage as an accompaniment to a moving picture effect illustrating the recent flirtation of the comet and the earth.

Fannie Brice, not especially prepossessing elsewhere, scored a hit with "Lovey Joe," for which her eccentric facial expression and queer vocal interpolations were largely responsible. Bobby North, too, was among the singers who gave satisfaction, his new medley being well up to his best vaudeville standard.

There is no more clever low comedian on our stage to-day than Bert Williams, and few, indeed, who deserved to be considered in his class. Last night he was warmly welcomed, and deservedly so, though he has occasionally had better songs. In fact, without Williams to sing them, there would be little to any of these particular numbers, with the possible exception of "Constantly," in which he scored his best success.

With Bickel and Watson introducing various amusing stunts, Billy Reeves staggering about and doing impossible falls, one of which landed him in a pool of water after half a dozen Ziegfeld mermaids had used it as a diving tank, and various other people making quick changes from one costume and make-up to another, there is plenty in the way of beauty, variety, and comic effort to keep things moving between songs, dances, and specialties. Grace Waters, a clever woman, with an unfortunate manner of babying her lines, however, contributed one or two funny songs, and Julian Mitchell, emerging from the "obscurity" of stage management in a scene in a pantomimic specialty, "The Vampire," to which Miss Louise Alexander contributes her temperament and beauty. Rosie Green also dances neatly.

The late "Café de l'Opera" is amusingly satirized, and of course Col. Roosevelt's return plays a part in the more or less satirical feature of the entertainment, and "Chantecler" does not escape.

All in all, "The Follies of 1910" is a long show and a good one, with plenty of variety. It may lack the one or two big conspicuous sensational features, that are generally relied on to attract attention, but this is made up for by the diversity of the specialties.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

At the American Music Hall yesterday the bill that preceded "The Barnyard Romeo" included Cissie Curlette, Joe Welch, William Courtleigh in a new sketch, Lamberti, Stella Mayhew and Billee Taylor, Maria Lo, and the Reid sisters.

Bertie Fowler headed the bill at the Plaza Music Hall, and the rest of the programme included Harvey and Lee, the Austin brothers, the Medelesky troupe of Russian dancers, Montgomery and Moore, Billy Clifford, and others.

Polaire began her fourth week at Hammerstein's Victoria, offering the sketch "Le Visiteur." Bedini and Arthur's burlesque of "Madame X.," Harry Coe, equilibrist, and others made out the vaudeville bill.

Eva Tanguay is the headline attraction at the Alhambra Theatre this week, and Valerie Bergere appears in her sketch, "The Sultan's Favorite." Others on the programme are the Willy Pantzer troupe, Harry Tate's "Motoring," Ed Flynn and Al Lee, Ed Morton, Harry Fox and the Millership sisters, the Josselins, and Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Darrow.

Heading the programme at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre yesterday was Victor Moore and Emma Littlefield in their sketch, "Change Your Act." Griffith, a man with an arithmetical memory, was an added feature, and the rest of the bill included Marshall Montgomery, Jane Courthrope and company, Harry Pilcer and Gertrude Vanderbilt, Selma Braatz, the McLarens, and the Kaufman brothers.

The Bronx Theatre entered upon the final week of the season yesterday with a programme that contained Jesse L. Lasky's "The Love Waltz," "Hogan in Society," the Avon Comedy Four, the Bird Millman Company, Haines and Vidocq, Sidney Deane and company, Julie Ring, and Cross and Josephine.

At Brighton Beach Music Hall the week's programme includes Bessie Wynn, "The Top o' the World" dancers, Jack Wilson and company, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Murphy, Winfield Douglas and the Moscrop sisters, Mlle. Chester and her dog, Barry and Wolford, and Lane and O'Donnell.

Mrs. Eva Fay is the week's headliner at the new Brighton Theatre, Brighton Beach. Other acts on the bill include James and Sadie Leonard, James W. World and Mindell Kingston, Hoey and Lee, Brown and Ayer, the Leesoes, and the Pettman trio.

"The Heart of Maryland," with Minna Phillin the principal role, is the week's offer by Corse Payton's stock company at the Academy of Music this week.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Julia Parker Sands, daughter of Mrs. Frederick P. Sands, and Paul Roland Dickson of Cincinnati will take place this afternoon in Trinity Church, Newport. The ceremony will be followed by a large reception at the home of Mrs. Sands.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt went to Newport yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Haggin are at Arleigh, Newport, for the season.

Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins and Miss Katherine Elkins, who sailed on the Lapland Saturday, will not return to this country until late in October.

Justice and Mrs. Vernon M. Davis will leave on June 27 for a trip to the Grand Canyon and the West. While in California they will be the guests of Mrs. Davis's sister, Mrs. William A. Brackenridge of Pasadena.

Miss Marguerite Lenore Preston is leaving to-morrow to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. Staples Potter of 82 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston. She will remain in Boston over Class Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Cook and Miss Edith Cook are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Paterson at Blantyre, Lenox.

Edward Roberts of Manchester, England, and Mrs. Roberts, who was Mrs. Emily B. Kidder of Englewood, N. J., will sail to-morrow on the Mauretania for a motor trip in England and on the Continent. They were married on Wednesday by the Rev. Howard C. Robbins at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Delos Bliss, in Highwood, N. J.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Outward Bound for Europe To-day—Arrivals on Yesterday's Liners.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE, (Bremen)—Miss Elsie Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Austin, J. R. Berkson, Mrs. W. P. Billings, Samuel Broom, Henry G. Bryant, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphus Busch, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Campbell, Gen. and Mrs. Howard Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Colby, Mr. and Mrs. James F. Donlin, Mrs. E. A. Faust, and Mrs. John W. Garrett, Baron Goltz, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Graham, Lady Herbert, H. R. Ickelheimer, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Jameson, Mrs. W. W. Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Lackman, Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Loomis, Samuel H. Lyman, Mr. and Mrs. David F. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. Milton M. Mayer, Col. E. D. Meier, Prof. and Mrs. Elliot R. Rayson, Marquise and Marquisa Pinar del Rio, Mr. and Mrs. Leo M. Price, Mr. and Mrs. Leland H. Ross, Mr. and Mrs. M. Schinasi, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Severance, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence J. Shearn, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Simpson, Robert S. Stoddart, Mr. and Mrs. Hollinshead W. Taylor, Mrs. A. G. Van Schaick, Mrs. J. H. Weaver, and Mme. Carryl Welansi.

HAMBURG (Naples.)—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Atherton, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Albers, St. Clair Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Beckwith, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Blaine, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Barr, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Clinton, Mr. and Mrs. Russell H. Dunkam, John Doll, Mr. and Mrs. Percival E. Foerderer, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Updegraff, Mrs. D. H. Strickland, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Valentine, Mrs. Harriet Wickham, and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Haywood.

NOORDAM (Rotterdam.)—Mrs. Samuel Ames, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Apthorp, Harold Bissell, the Rev. and Mrs. Samuel H. Bishop, Mrs. William M. Buchanan, Prof. C. A. Buffum, Mrs. A. S. Church, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Crandell, Mrs. James E. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Dohrman, Mlle. Aline Du Tolt, Mrs. Chapman Fish, Mrs. Leonard Hackney, Miss Gertrude Jennings, Robert S. Knowles, Mrs. L. G. A. Lead, Dr. and Mrs. Louis C. Le Roy, George L. Lincoln, Mrs. L. A. Moulton, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Price, Dr. and Mrs. William F. Slocum, Mrs. A. E. Tweedy, and Mrs. L. M. Wilson.

OCEANA, (Naples)—Miss Constance Alexander, Miss Clara Crews, Charles O. Bassett, the Rev. L. Florio, Miss Mary Gray, George Hoy, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Long, Miss Alma Lowther, George Scott, J. T. Reed, Miss Christine Moore, the Rev. Francis M. Wilson, and Dr. Frederick Gilette.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM, (Bremen)—Miss Laura Ansley, Arthur Baering, Miss Esther Emlen, Miss May L. Clark, Miss Gaylord, Mrs. T. C. Hilton, J. N. Mockett, Ross Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Lean, and D. L. Peterzen.

ROTTERDAM (Rotterdam.)—Mr. and Mrs. Edwin P. Bliss, Mrs. Walter E. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Cummings, Thomas W. Godsell, C. Augustus Haviland, Mrs. Lucy A. Selden, Richmont Rochester, Dr. and Mrs. Anton Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Lovell, John Hunter, Mrs. G. B. Holbrook, and Brig. Gen. J. N. Wheelan, U. S. A.

CHICAGO (Havre.)—Mrs. E. Dupont, P. Konig, Gustave Petre, Miss Sarah Pearl, Johan Rolt, Mrs. M. Frason, R. E. Bates, Mrs. Elizabeth Becker, and G. W. Davis.

HORKHEIMER—KAUFMANN.

Miss Jeanette H. Kaufmann and Berthold S. Horkheimer were married at 6:30 o'clock last evening at the Hotel Plaza. The bride was given in marriage by her father, Julius H. Kaufmann, and her attendants were Mrs. Charles L. Baumann, matron of honor, and the Misses Reva Sinn, Rita D. May, Rose Beekman, Edith Drey, and Miss Jessie Scholn, bridesmaids.

Dillingham-Morrison Engagement.

The marriage of Miss Alice Coffin Dillingham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Theodore Dillingham of New York City, to Capt. Frank Stanley Morrison of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, will take place early in September in this city.

YALE FESTIVITIES OVER.

Justice Brown Addresses Law Graduates on Stopping Wars.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 20.—Under conditions as auspicious as those of the day, the festivities connected with the Yale University class day exercises were brought to a close to-night with the University Glee and Mandolin Clubs' concert in Woolsey Hall, and the senior promenade. An interested spectator was Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the President, whose brother Robert is a member of this year's graduating class.

The last of the members of the reunion classes arrived to-night and donned the fantastic garb which will be in evidence at the annual commencement game with Harvard to-morrow afternoon.

"I believe the lawyer's profession to be the grandest in the world," said John G. Milburn, to-day, addressing the alumni of the Yale Law School at their annual banquet. "The criticism is sometimes made that it is being commercialized, and that may be true to a certain extent. Certain it is that competition in it is keen and has led to a lowering of standards at times. Many of the most brilliant members of the profession have fallen by the wayside because they made it a stepping-stone to other things instead of using the profession for itself alone."

The exercises of the graduating class in the law school were held in Hendrie Hall and included an address by Justice Henry Billings Brown, of the United States Supreme Court, on "International Courts."

Justice Brown urged his hearers to do their part in strengthening the power of international courts as preventives of war. He attacked the theory that preparations for war are the best assurances of peace, and cited the cases of England and Germany, saying that they probably would either go to war eventually or else agree to curtail their preparations for war.

"There is an increasing dislike and dread of war," said Justice Brown, "which in the progress of ages may lead to its abolition. But I fear that centuries must elapse before this consummation is reached. The principal motives which have brought about wars in the earliest historic periods are as potent as ever. They cannot be suppressed by arbitral tribunals, but may be limited by the growing destructiveness of war, by the increasing conviction that its greatest successes are an inadequate compensation for its horrors and misery.

"The excuse ordinarily given for the maintenance of large armies, that they give the most distinct assurance of peace, is fallacious. Large preparations for war by any power invite similar preparations by others to meet them, and a collision is ultimately certain to occur. The old adage that the man who is looking for trouble is apt to find it is as applicable to nations as to individuals."

"Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 18, averaged 10.96 cents per pound."—Adv.

CHARGES GRAFT IN AN ORANGE SCHOOL

Henry Robinson Says That Principal Freeman and Supt. Foster Run Lunchroom for Profit.

CALLS FOOD UNFIT TO EAT

Left-Over Articles Become "Specials," He Says, and Sell Cheaper—His Son Suspended for Going Out to Lunch.

A school war is raging in South Orange, N. J. It began two weeks ago, with several angry mothers and fathers on one side and the school Principal and the School Superintendent on the other. It rapidly extended, until last night the war clouds broke over the heads of the South Orange Board of Education.

Charges of operating a lunchroom for profit in the school, of compelling a young girl pupil to do scullery work in the school kitchen, without pay, and of having used undue severity in dealing with at least one of the members of the graduating class have been filed with the board against W. E. Freeman, the Principal, and H. W. Foster, the Superintendent, and a thorough investigation has been demanded.

The trouble started when fourteen-year-old Henry M. Robinson, Jr., a member of the graduating class, was suspended by the Principal. Henry's father, Henry Robinson, is a well-to-do resident of South Orange, and is President of the imperial Machine Company of 41 West Thirty-third Street, Manhattan. Mr. Robinson was in Canada when his son was suspended from school. When he got back and learned that young Henry was not attending to his studies Mr. Robinson wanted to know the reason right away. The story his son told to Mr. Robinson started the investigation which resulted in the charges filed last night. Mr. Robinson's story was supplemented by sworn statements by several of the people concerned.

Mr. Robinson, after gathering all the evidence he could, sent a statement of what he had learned to the local newspapers. In this statement Mr. Robinson told all about the school lunch room, also the connection which he asserted existed with the suspension of his son. He failed to tell about the little girl, who, he says, has been used by the school authorities for scullery work to the extent of keeping her back in her studies. He reserved that for last night on his appearance before the board. The Board of Education held its regular monthly meeting last night.

Mr. Robinson had his wife and son with him, and Herbert Reeve, who has children attending the South Orange school and who says he is dissatisfied with the way things are going, was present also. When Charles E. Fielding, President of the board, opened the meeting, Mr. Robinson explained what he had learned on his return from Canada. He said that his son had told him that one day he happened to go outside the school grounds at lunch time, instead of buying the food which was sold at the school.

"My boy swallowed his luncheon as quickly as he could and got back to his seat in school before the bell rang," said Mr. Robinson. "Notwithstanding that fact his teacher asked him if he had been outside for his luncheon and my boy admitted that he had. 'Then go and report to the Principal,' the teacher told him. He did so and the Principal suspended him."

Mr. Robinson told the board that he had gone to the Principal and the Superintendent about it and had been told by them that the lad had broken a rule by leaving the school grounds without permission.

He said the Superintendent had refused to reinstate his son, and that when he had threatened to take steps to compel the Superintendent to do so he had been told to "go ahead." Later, however, the boy was taken back, but, said Mr. Robinson, when graduation time came he was informed that his son had failed to pass his examination in arithmetic.

"Here is the boy for you to see," continued Mr. Robinson, pointing to his son, a big lad for his age. "If this boy cannot graduate then there is something radically wrong in your school system here."

Then Mr. Robinson told the board that the lunchroom, supposed to be conducted from a philanthropic point of view and not for profit, was far from philanthropic.

"The food sold in the school is not such as I want my children to eat," he said. "Lettuce sandwiches are sold here at a far higher price than elsewhere. The soup is adulterated from 300 to 400 per cent. with water and sold for 5 cents a plate. What is left over one day is sold the next as 'special.' A sandwich which brought 5 cents the day before is sold for 3 cents as 'special.'

"The luncheon time is arranged so that the children must buy the lunch sold in the school. Nominally they have 25 minutes for lunch. Practically they get only 18 minutes, as the 25 minutes counts from the time they leave their seats until they are back in their places again before the bell rings. A pupil would have to live next door to the school to get lunch outside under such a rule."

"And now a word as to the cleaning of dishes in the school. There is a small girl, 12 years old, who attends this school. Her name is Miss Lutz. This girl is kept in a special class. She and her sister are the only white children in the class."

Supt. Foster, who acted as Secretary for the board, interrupted to exclaim:

"All those who are not here on business, but are here from idle curiosity, will please leave the room at once."

No one stirred, and Mr. Robinson and several others objected to any one leaving. They said that the board meeting was a public one and that all citizens and taxpayers had a right to hear what was going on.

"This girl, Miss Lutz, was ordered by her teachers to help with the lunch counter," continued Mr. Robinson, when quiet was restored. "She helps from 11:30 o'clock in the morning until 1 in the afternoon and again from 1:40 o'clock until from 3 to 4. And the only reward she gets is a sandwich or some soup that happens to be left over. She has not received a single dollar pay. I will have her sworn statement before this board. My lawyer is now attending to that. This little girl spends her time working upstairs when others study.

"This little girl informs me that about a month ago she objected to working so hard and told her teacher, Miss Morrison, that she would not 'go up,' as she expressed it. This Miss Morrison, according to the Lutz child, threatened to put the child away unless she did as she was told. Now, 'putting away' is understood to be sent to the Reform School. I am laying this before the board because I consider it my duty. That is the only reason I am here. I have been told that there has been much trouble here in the school, but that it is always hushed up, so I am bringing it here to this Board of Education. I object to my children eating such food as is sold. I object to the Principal having a personal interest in a business enterprise such as that. The Principal informed me that there was no profit in the lunch counter. The Superintendent informs me that there is a profit.

Mr. Robinson then pulled a sheaf of sworn statements from his pocket and gave them to the board.

President Fielding, replying to Mr. Robinson, said that Robinson had done wrong in telling the newspapers about his complaint before appearing before the board.

"That is our personal feeling in the matter," he said.

A man who said that he had two children at the school jumped up and exclaimed:

"This board should have no personal feeling in a matter of this kind."

Mr. Robinson then went on to say that the teachers in the South Orange School were spies, who thought it their duty to report every child who did not go to the school lunchroom to purchase lunch. One of the board suggested that young Robinson had broken a rule in leaving the grounds at luncheon time without permission. He said that parents had been notified that their children must have special permission to leave the school property at recess.

"I have never received such a notice," said Mr. Robinson.

"Neither have I," sang out several others.

"Well, I seriously object to the present Principal," said Mr. Robinson, "and I have presented charges which it is your duty as a board to investigate. I will not let my children attend school here under him, and I have seven of them. I would sooner move away from South Orange. They say the lunch counter is philanthropic. It is conducted on far other lines."

One of the board made a motion to refer the matter of the lunchroom to the Building Committee, and this was done after some objections from the delegation of parents. The charge of unjust treatment of the Robinson boy was referred to the Teachers' Committee for investigation. That ended the matter for the time.

OPPOSE TAX SETTLEMENT.

Court Asked to Stop Payment for Metropolitan Leased Lines.

The answers of the Guaranty Trust and Farmers' Loan and Trust Companies to the petition of Receivers Joline and Robinson for permission to issue $3,000,000 certificates to pay the special franchise taxes were filed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court. Judge Lacombe's order authorizing the issue, which is to run for a year and draw 5 per cent. interest, made them a lien on the property covered by the mortgage of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company to the Guaranty Trust Company, dated Feb. 1, 1897.

The Guaranty Trust Company asks that the receivers be instructed not to pay the special franchise taxes of any companies other than the Metropolitan until the amount of such taxes shall have been ascertained in accordance with the terms of settlement. Also, it asks that the receivers be instructed not to pay the taxes of the Central Crosstown, Christopher and Tenth Street, and the Fort George and Eleventh Avenue Railroad Companies out of the proceeds of receivers' certificates having priority over the lien of the Guaranty Trust mortgage or out of the funds derived from the operation of the mortgaged railroads.

The Farmers' Company, as successor of the Morton Trust Company, asks that in case the court directs the issuance of the certificates no lien to secure their payment shall be imposed upon any property of the Metropolitan subject to the mortgage of the Morton Trust Company dated March 21, 1902. The Farmers' Company also asks that the receivers be directed to pay no taxes upon the franchise of the Central Crosstown and Christopher and Tenth Street lines.

The Central Trust Company—for itself, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the Farmers', and the Guaranty Trust Companies—has purchase the special tax certificates and an issue of replacement certificates, aggregating $6,250,000. The request of the Guaranty Trust Company can therefore have no effect.

GIRLS' RESCUER IS DYING.

Motorman Who Saved Them from Live Wire Is Fatally Burned.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Charles Diver, a motorman, is dying in a local hospital from injuries received yesterday afternoon while he was endeavoring to save passengers in his car from the deadly electric current of a broken feed wire.

The car, with others, had been stopped where overhead repairs were in progress on the Cabin John Bridge line. The passengers had left the cars and were walking about. Two young women approached too near the sputtering feed wire. Diver saw their danger, leaped forward, brushed them aside, and with a newspaper in his hand seized the wire. The current hurled him back against his car and his clothing burst into flames.

As scores of people looked on some one sprang forward and smothered the flames with a coat. Diver was then carried to the bank of the Potomac River, near by, where water was thrown over him and fruitless efforts were made to bring him back to consciousness. It was not until long after he reached the hospital that he became conscious.

Then his wife, who has been a mother but two weeks, was told that there was little, if any, chance for his recovery.

RESENTS SLIGHT TO G. A. R.

Not Permitted to Take Part in Roosevelt Welcome, Says Gen. Loud.

Gen. George B. Loud, Chairman of the Memorial Committee of the G. A. R., at the regular monthly meeting of the forty-seven posts in New York last night, in the Council Chambers at the City Hall, had this to say regarding the Roosevelt Reception Committee:

"Many have asked me recently why the Grand Army was not included among the organizations in the reception and splendid tribute to Col. Roosevelt. Now, only, can I answer, the incident being closed. The reason was we were ignored—yes, refused representation on the committee which was requested.

"Col. Roosevelt is as sincerely loved by the civil war veterans as any President we have had, with the exception, perhaps, of Gen. Grant, and he has practically demonstrated his loyalty to civil war veterans. The Grand Army was not in evidence and not even a seat on the grandstand was tendered to them at that reception. The courtesy was not extended to us."

Gen. Loud's remarks followed an address of thanks he made for a purse of over $700 which had been presented him by his comrades. Congressman Joseph A. Goulden made the presentation, having come from Washington especially for that purpose.

About forty veterans were present. A few posts were not represented.

BRADY SUMMER PRODUCTIONS

First Will Be "The Cheater" with Louis Mann at Lyric.

William A. Brady announced last night his intention of making several theatrical productions in New York this Summer, beginning with Louis Mann in "The Cheater." Mr. Mann will first appear in New York in this play at the Lyric Theatre next Monday night, June 27.

"The Cheater" is a farce in three acts, adapted by Mr. Mann from the German. It was presented out of town a week ago and was said to have been well received. The leading female roles in the piece will be played by Emily Ann Wellman and Mme. Mathilde Cottrelly, both of whom have been with Mr. Mann in "The Man Who Stood Still" this season. To make room for this production De Wolf Hopper in "A Matinee Idol" will end his engagement at the Lyric on Saturday night. To-night the Roosevelt Rough Riders will be guests of Mr. Hopper and the Shuberts at the performance.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

During Margaret Anglin's San Francisco engagement next month she has arranged to play several special performances of "Mrs. Dane's Defense," in addition to appearing in "The Awakening of Helena Ritchie," and in a special performance of "Antigone" at the Greek Theatre, Berkeley. For the latter play Howard Hull, Frances Jordan, Margaret Gordon, and Mrs. C. W. Brooke have gone from New York.

Members of the Pleiades Club will attend the performance of "Seven Days" at the Astor Theatre next Monday night in honor of Lucille La Verne, who is a member of the club.

Must Face Charge of Letter Stealing.

William Murphy, the young plumber of 238 West 129th Street who was arrested on Sunday as he was leaving the home of his fiancée, Miss Grace C. Fullam of 75 West 127th Street, was held in $500 bail yesterday by Magistrate Breen, in the Harlem Court, on the charge of stealing letters from letter boxes. Murphy's captors asked that his examination be adjourned to give them time to get more complaints against him.

Don't Forget To Send Your Fresh Air Gift.

$5 can send to Sea Breeze as your guest for a week:

A worn-out mother and her baby, or
2 underfed school children, or
2 hospital convalescents, or
2 delicate working girls.

Send to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 E. 22d St., New York.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.
N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

MISS ILLINGTON READY FOR HER TOUR

Her Husband, Edward J. Bowes, Will Be Her Manager and "Angel" of the Venture.

COMPANY NOT YET ENGAGED

Play, an Adaptation from the French, Will Be Seen First in Pacific Coast Theatres.

Margaret Illington's plans for her return to the stage, the news of which was exclusively reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, were completed yesterday, all but the engaging of her supporting company. Her husband, Edward J. Bowes, is to be her "angel," manager, and companion on her tour, while Edward Ellsner will have charge of the routine of the trip and the management of the company.

Her first appearance in her new play, which is to be an adaptation from the French, will be made at the Tacoma Theatre, Tacoma, Wash., on Aug. 22. She will then play Salt Lake City, Reno, Nev.; Sacramento, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and other parts of the Northwest, reaching Chicago on Dec. 11. She will spend Christmas in her home town, Bloomington, Ill., and play there on Dec. 26. She will close her season in New York City in the Spring at a Broadway theatre. The name of the play is being kept secret.

Miss Illington and her company will travel in a private car throughout the entire tour, and Mr. Bowes will accompany her as much of the time as his business will permit. The production will be as elaborate as possible and the company will be the best that can be engaged. Rehearsals will be conducted at Miss Illington's home, at Tacoma, where the members of the company will be her guests during the period of preparation.

Bermuda Ship Hit by Storm.

Capt. Down of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Trent, which arrived here yesterday from Bermuda, said that the storm which passed over New York on Saturday afternoon met his ship early on Sunday and blew with great force and was followed by a heavy swell. To celebrate the first trip of the Trent at Bermuda 500 school children were invited to tea last Thursday afternoon, and at night a ball was given on deck which was attended by 500 guests, including the Governor General Sir Walter Kitchener.

THOMAS HITCHCOCK DEAD.

Writer Known as "Mathew Marshall" Expires of Pneumonia.

Thomas Hitchcock, lawyer, writer, and newspaper man, who, under the pen name of Mathew Marshall, won for himself, by his Monday morning articles in The Sun years ago, the reputation of an authority on financial matters, died yesterday at 4 o'clock of pneumonia in his home, 8 East Twenty-ninth Street. By his bedside were his wife, Marie Louise Center, and his two surviving sons, Francis R. Hitchcock and Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., as well as the latter's wife.

Mr. Hitchcock was 79 years old. He was born in this city on Dec. 1, 1831, and for the last two years had been in declining health. He was educated in private schools, and later was graduated from New York University in 1849, afterward taking the law course in Harvard University. Six years after leaving New York University, and when he was only a short time out of law school, he married Miss Center. They had three children, all sons, the first, Center Hitchcock, who died last December, having been born in 1856. Then followed Francis R., in 1858, and Thomas, Jr., who was born in 1860.

After practicing law from 1863 until 1868 Mr. Hitchcock joined the late Charles A. Dana in the purchase of The Sun. He was for many years Treasurer of the company owning The Sun. He was also a constant writer for that journal on social, literary, political, and financial topics. He was the author of one book, "Unhappy Loves of Men of Genius."

Mr. Hitchcock was born at a time when New York was a village compared to the proportions to which it attained before his death, but never in his lifetime did he forget his early training nor did he lose the point of view which had become his when society here was more closely knit than was possible in the later days. His articles on society which appeared in The Sun were almost as widely read and as much discussed as his financial articles. He sold his interest in The Sun about ten years ago and withdrew from all connection with the paper.

Mr. Hitchcock's sons have all taken a prominent part in the life of this city. Before his death Center Hitchcock was an enthusiastic polo player, as now is his brother, Thomas, Jr. The latter, too, for some time has maintained a racing stable, and is well known on the turf. He has two daughters and a son, Thomas Hitchcock, 3d.

The elder Mr. Hitchcock was the son of William R. Hitchcock and Elthea Sands Lockwood Hitchcock. He was a Republican in politics, and beyond his literary work his only recreation was his club, the Century.

In 1902 at the time of the visit here of Prince Henry of Prussia, Mr. Hitchcock successfully opposed a plan of the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera House to throw together several boxes, including that of Mr. Hitchcock, to provide one large compartment for Prince Henry.

Obituary Notes.

Miss ELIZA FRANCES DODD, the wealthiest woman in Norfolk, Va., and noted for her many acts of charity, especially in the Catholic Church, died on Sunday night in that city, aged 87 years.

MASON H. GIBSON, one of the oldest engineers on the New York Central Railroad, died yesterday morning at his home at Rochester, aged 76 years.

Capt. JAMES N. COE, until lately Superintendent of the State Soldiers' Home at Noroton Heights, died on Sunday at his home in Norotan, Conn.

The Rev. Dr. SAMUEL WHEELER PRATT, a well-known Presbyterian preacher and author of religious works, is dead at his home at Campbell, N. Y., in his 72d year. He was born in Livonia, N. Y., and was graduated from Williams College in 1860 and from Auburn Seminary in 1863.

THOMAS O. HORTON, who had been President of the New York and Richmond Gas Company for six years, is dead at Pasadena, Cal., in his 59th year. His widow survives him.

CHARLES E. GARDNER, for many years in the real estate and insurance business in this city, died on Sunday at his home in Middletown, N. Y., in his 69th year.

GEORGE W. HAYES, United States Weather Observer at Meadow Bank, Penn., died at his home there yesterday. He was a United States representative at the Paris Exposition in 1889, and served as Chief Engineer of the Agricultural Department of the United States Centennial Commission in 1876.

DANIEL WHITSON, a retired business man of Flushing, L. I., dropped dead in the street there yesterday. Mr. Whitson was 60 years old. He lived with his sister, at 105 Jagger Avenue.

WALTER H. PHELPS, the twenty-eight-year-old President of the Eastern Safe and Vault Company of New York, whose home was in East Orange, N. J., died in a Newark private hospital on Friday after an operation for Bright's disease.

HENRY MURRAY, an ex-Police Magistrate, died on Sunday at his home, at Riverdale, in his seventy-sixth year. He was appointed a Police Magistrate by Mayor Havemeyer in 1873.

EDWARD REGENSBURG, head of the cigar manufacturing firm of E. Regensburg & Sons of this city, died on Saturday at his home, in this city, in his sixty-fifth year. He had been in the business since 1869.

ADOLPH ZINK, a retired builder, died on Saturday at his home, 786 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, in his forty-seventh year.

HARRY W. BURFORD, a silk salesman, died yesterday at his home, 311 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. He was 51 years old.

CHARLES C. GOODELL, who was a member of the old Metropolitan police force, and who had been a policeman for forty years before his retirement, died at his home, 333 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was 76 years old.

JAMES JOHNSTON, an officer of the Hale Desk Company of Manhattan, died at his home, 162 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in Philadelphia sixty years ago.

GAYNOR GIVES $100.

Sends a Check for the Fund to Pay for a Sane Fourth Celebration.

Mayor Gaynor contributed $100 yesterday to the fund for the "safe and sane" Fourth of July celebration, and a letter which accompanied the check adds his appeal to the public for funds to those which have been forthcoming from the committee. He says:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
June 20, 1910.

Dear President Finley:

I have in mind your request of Saturday, that I ask the public to make contributions toward the expenses for the Fourth of July celebration. I inclose to you my check for $100, my contribution according to means. I am certain that the people of New York will respond quick enough if you let them know that you want money for the necessary expenses.

The best way is to get the newspapers to help you. They will collect the money quick enough. It would be too bad for the celebration to fail in any respect for lack of means. I think, however, that all societies uniting in the celebration should furnish their own music. That is the custom, as I understand it; and the National Guard does the same thing.

Sincerely yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Dr. John H. Finley, President College of the City of New York.

The funds raised so far total only about $1,000, while Ex-Controller Metz, Treasurer of the committee, has estimated that it will take at least $50,000 to carry out the plans that have been made.

Fourth's Finance Board Meets To-day.

The Finance Committee of the Independence Day Committee will meet at 2:30 o'clock to-day in the Mayor's Reception Room at City Hall. James S. Cushman has been appointed Acting Treasurer and Vice Chairman.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

GREENBERG—LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. I. Greenberg of 1,980 7th Av. announce the engagement of their daughter Sophie to Mr. Martin Levy. Sunday, June 26, between 3 and 6, at Hotel Savoy. No cards.

Married.

AMBLER—RITCHIE.—On June 18, 1910, by the Rev. J. Garland Hamner, Lilla Emily, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. F. G. Ritchie, to Mr. Edward Francis Ambler.

LOSSING—CHAPMAN.—On June 1, at Lima, Peru, South America, by the Rev. Dr. Wood, Rebecca Adeline Chapman to Thomas Sweet Lossing of Dover Plains, N. Y.

ROBERTS—KIDDER.—On June 15, 1910, at Highwood, N. J., by the Rev. Howard C. Robbins, Mrs. Emily Bliss Kidder to Mr. Edward Roberts of Manchester, England.

ROCKLIN—FRIEDMAN.—On Sunday, June 19, 1910, at the Mount Morris, 5th Av., New York City, Bertha Friedman of New York to Michael Rocklin of Stamford, Conn. Stamford papers please copy.

ROSENBERG—BERNSTEIN.—June

BROOKLYN TAKES GIANTS INTO CAMP

Barger's Fine Pitching and Superbas' Strong Batting Overwhelms Manhattanites.

THE SCORE.

Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	—4
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Dalton, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Daubert, 1b	4	1	2	15	0	0
Wheat, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hummel, 2b	4	1	1	2	3	0
Lennox, 3b	3	0	1	1	1	0
Davidson, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Smith, ss	3	1	1	3	6	0
Bergen, c	2	0	1	3	2	0
Barger, p	3	0	1	0	4	0
Total	30	4	9	27	16	0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	1	2	1	0
Murray, rf	4	0	0	2	0	1
Seymour, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bridwell, ss	3	0	1	2	3	0
Devlin, 3b	3	1	1	2	1	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	0	8	1	0
Meyers, c	3	0	0	4	3	0
Wiltse, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Total	31	1	6	24	12	1

Left on bases—New York, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Seymour, Dalton, Lennox. Three-base hits—Devlin, Daubert. Sacrifce hits—Lennox, Bergen. Stolen bases—Daubert, Hummel. Double play—Wiltse and Bridwell. Bases on balls—Off Wiltse, 1; off Barger, 3. Struck out—By Wiltse, 2; by Barger, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane. Time of game—One hour and thirty-three minutes.

If the Brooklyn team could battle against the aged and decrepit teams of the National League the way they play against first division talent they'd be busy over there planting new flagpoles for pennants. They have laced the Pirate Champs, they instilled fear into the hearts of the Cubs, and they pitched into the Giants at Washington Park yesterday and beat 'em slick and proper. Surest thing you know, score being 4 to 1.

Cy Barger was again the Main Works, for he was flinging his daintiest, and behind him the Dodgers traveled at a pace which established new speed marks in Brooklyn. He subdued the Giants with six scattered hits and hung up his fifth straight victory. The reason the Giants got a run was because Arthur Devlin pounded out a three-bagger in the seventh with no one out. Barger proved to be one of our best little deliverers of the goods when Giants were camped on the divans. He held them there snoozing. The Dodgers grouped their hits in twos and threes off Wiltse, and harvested runs from the ensemble. Tony Smith was as agile as a Hottentot at shortstop, likewise Hummel at second. And while the admiration tank is open don't overlook Davidson's catch extraordinary of Devlin's line drive in the eighth inning. Davy crept up on the pill and choked it just as it was about to nestle in the clover.

Hist! Mr. John Dalton broke into the glow of admiration. Jack, fresh from Des Moines, topped the Dodger batting list. He hung up his stinglie in right, crowding Capt. Burch out of a job. Attention was first showered upon him in the fifth, when the bases were crowded and two down.

Then the Brooklyn crowd recalled days when they sat in the top gallery at Corse Payton's theatre. They looked at the batsman as he wielded his wagon tongue and yelled, "Curses on your handsome face, Jack Dalton, hit it, you-son-of-a-gun, hit it." Groans, deafening and dismal, greeted Dalton as he popped a bal-loon to Merkle.

Jack made good in the seventh when his two-bagger close to the right field foul line sent Tony Smith home, and he ran over with a count soon afterward himself on Daubert's spank to left.

Hummel opened the second with a hit to centre. He stole second when Meyers made a low throw, and Lennox sacrificed him to third. He scored on Davidson's single to right. Murray was slow in getting the ball in, and Davy went to second. Wiltse grabbed Smith's liner and doubled Davidson before he could get back to second.

Wiltse and Devore hit safely in the third, but Barger pitched himself out of the difficulty in nice shape and left the two hitsmiths on third and second. Wiltse twirled himself out of a troublesome-looking difficulty in the fifth. Lennox opened with a double to left. Davidson bunted, and Meyers threw Lennox out at third. Smith popped out to Meyers. Bergen singled, sending Davidson to third, and Barger laid down a pretty bunt, filling the bases. Dalton put a crimp in the gorgeous possibilities by flying to Merkle.

Daubert smashed a whistling bang over Seymour's head in the sixth. Cy ran back, put up his hands, but was unable to squeeze it. Daubert landed at third. Wheat flied to left, Devore made a quick toss back, and held the runner at third. Hummel pushed a slow roller at Doyle and Larry threw home to cut off Daubert, but his throw was too late, and the Dodger was safe.

The single run of the Giants came in the seventh when Devlin drove the ball between left and centre fields. Both Wheat and Davidson went after it, but both were going too fast to recover when the ball stopped. Devlin reached third, and scored as Smith was throwing Merkle out to Daubert.

The Dodgers clinched the day's proceedings in the seventh. Smith hit to centre, and Bergen sacrificed him to second. Barger was thrown out at first by Wiltse. Jack Dalton doubled to right, scoring Smith, and went through himself on Daubert's single to left. Wheat walked. Daubert and Wheat tried a double steal and Wheat was nailed at second after Meyers, Devlin, Bridwell, and Doyle had relayed the ball to each other. Seymour opened the ninth with a double, but the next three men died in order, and he stayed at second.

Brooklyn never turned out so many folks on Monday before. There were nearly 15,000 there, which gave the management assurance that every one of Saturday's rain checks was used.

Pirates Break Tie in Ninth.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 20.—Pittsburg won the first game of the series from St. Louis today 5 to 3, after a rather discouraging start. The visitors won by hitting Harmon hard in the ninth inning. Camnitz held St. Louis down after relieving White. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	1	0	0	1
Leach, cf	5	1	3	3	0
Clarke, lf	4	1	1	1	0
Wagner, ss	3	0	1	3	5
Miller, 2b	3	1	1	2	5
Hyatt, 1b	4	0	0	11	0
Wilson, rf	4	1	2	2	0
Gibson, c	3	0	1	5	2
White, p	0	0	0	0	0
Camnitz, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	33	5	9	27	16

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Higgins, 2b	4	1	2	1	2
Ellis, lf	3	1	0	2	0
Oakes, cf	3	1	0	3	0
Kitchy, 1b	3	1	0	12	1
Evans, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Pres'han, c	3	0	2	1	1
Mowrey, 3b	3	0	0	1	1
Hauser, ss	4	0	0	4	3
Lush, p	1	0	0	0	1
Harmon, p	0	0	0	1	0
*Phelps	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	3	4	27	13

*Batted for Harmon in the ninth inning.
Errors—Wagner, White.

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	—5
St. Louis	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Leach, 2; Evans, Bresnahan. Three-base hit—Wilson. Home run—Miller. Sacrifice hits—Mowrey, Wagner. Double plays—Huggins, Hauser and Konetchy; Miller, Wagner and Hyatt. Stolen bases—Gibson, Huggins, Oakes, Byrne. Balk—White. Bases on balls—Off Lush, 3; off Harmon, 2; off White, 3; off Camnitz, 5. Struck out—By Camnitz, 5; by Harmon, 1. Hits—Off White, none in 1-3 inning; off Camnitz, 4 in 8 2-3 innings; off Lush, 6 in 6 innings; off Harmon, 3 in 3 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Pittsburg, 7. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Moran.

Hard Batting Wins for Cubs.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Chicago won a hard-hitting game from Cincinnati, 6 to 4, to-day. Sheckard knocked a home run with two men on bases in the seventh inning. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b	3	1	0	1	2
Sheck'd, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Schulte, rf	4	0	1	1	1
Chance, 1b	4	0	1	15	0
St'nf'dt, 3b	3	2	2	0	3
Hofman, cf	3	0	1	2	0
Tinker, ss	4	1	4	0	2
Kling, c	4	0	1	5	1
Cole, p	0	0	0	0	2
*Beaumont	1	0	0	0	0
Richie, p	3	1	1	1	3
Total	33	6	12	27	14

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Beecher, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Paskert, cf	3	0	0	4	0
Hoblitzel, 1b	4	0	1	9	0
Mitchell, rf	3	1	0	2	0
Egan, 2b	3	2	3	1	3
Downey, ss	2	1	0	2	2
McLean, c	4	0	1	3	1
Woodruff, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
Rowan, p	1	0	0	0	1
Burns, p	2	0	0	0	3
Richie, p	3	1	1	1	3
Total	29	4	7	24	12

*Batted for Cole in the second inning.
Errors—Beecher, McLean.

Chicago	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	0	0	—6
Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—4

Two-base hits—McLean, Steinfeldt (2.) Three-base hits—Hoblitzel, Richie, Egan. Home run—Sheckard. Hits—Off Cole, 3 in 2 innings; off Richie, 4 in 7 innings; off Rowan, 7 in 3 1-3 innings; off Burns, 5 in 4 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Woodruff, Downey, Hofman. Stolen bases—Tinker, Egan. Double plays—Schulte and Chance; Richie and Chance. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 4. Bases on balls—Off Cole, 1; off Richie, 3; off Rowan, 1; off Burns, 1. Struck out—By Richie, 4; by Rowan, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

The more inches between a boy's knees and his ankles, the more reason for our boys' long trouser suits.

They make the boy feel less gawky.

Cooler in hot weather, too.

Our boys' long trouser suits are designed on boy models, for real live boys from 13 to 16 years old.

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450 men's toweling bath robes.

$4.00 to $5.50 values.

$2.65.

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FRONT 2¼ ins. BACK 1¾ ins.

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The front opening solves the knotty knotting problem. Your scarf cannot lift or shift. It stays put.

FRISBIE, COON & CO. TROY, N.Y.

AT MOST GOOD SHOPS

25 cents for Two

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 4; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 2.
Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 4.
Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 4; Detroit, 2.
Chicago, 1; Cleveland, 0.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 2; Toronto, 1.
Newark, 4; Montreal, 1.
Providence, 3; Rochester, 2.
Baltimore, 4; Buffalo, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	33	16	.673	St. Louis	24	27	.471
New York	29	21	.580	Brooklyn	23	27	.460
Pittsburg	24	22	.582	Philadelphia	21	26	.447
Cincinnati	25	24	.511	Boston	18	34	.346

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	30	16	.652	Cleveland	19	24	.442
Philadelphia	31	17	.646	Washington	23	29	.442
Detroit	35	21	.625	Chicago	20	27	.426
Boston	25	24	.511	St. Louis	12	37	.245

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	32	22	.593	Baltimore	25	25	.500
Rochester	29	21	.580	Buffalo	21	27	.438
Toronto	29	23	.558	Jersey City	19	28	.404
Providence	24	21	.533	Montreal	16	28	.364

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Two Games.)
Washington at Boston.
Chicago at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Brooklyn.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal at Newark.
Toronto at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Baltimore.
Rochester at Providence.

TAILENDER BROWNS WALLOP THE TIGERS

Four Detroit Pitchers Make Futile Attempts to Check St. Louis Batsmen.

DETROIT, Mich., June 20.—Ray held the Tigers to five hits here to-day, while the Browns hit Summers hard and took advantage of the wildness of Willett, who started the game. A hit batsman, two bases on balls, and Willett's error gave the Browns two runs in the first inning. Four singles produced two more in the third inning. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fisher, lf	4	1	0	2	0
Hitz-ll, 3b	3	0	3	1	3
Wallace, ss	3	0	0	5	0
Newman, 1b	3	2	1	9	0
Schw'zer, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Hffman, cf	3	0	2	4	1
Tr'dale, 2b	4	0	3	1	2
Stephens, c	3	0	0	3	1
Ray, p	3	0	1	0	4
Total	30	4	11	27	11

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Int're, lf	3	0	0	0	1
Bush, ss	4	0	1	2	7
Cobb, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Crawf'd, rf	4	0	1	1	1
Del'h'ty, 2b	3	1	0	7	2
Mor'ty, 3b	4	1	1	2	2
Sim'ns, 1b	3	0	0	7	3
Stanage, c	1	0	0	3	2
Schmidt, c	2	0	1	3	2
Willett, p	0	0	0	0	0
Summers, p	0	0	0	0	0
Ternoll, p	1	0	0	0	2
Mullin, p	0	0	0	0	1
*Lathers	1	0	1	0	0
†D. Jones	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	5	27	24

*Batted for Summers in the third innnig.
†Batted for Pernoll in the eighth inning.
Errors—Bush, Willett, Fisher.

St. Louis	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Hoffman, Moriarty, Lathers. Hits—Off Willett, 1 in 1 inning; off Summers, 6 in 2 innings; off Pernoll, 3 in 4 innings; off Mullin, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Stephens. Stolen bases—Newman, Hartzell. Double plays—Bush, Delehanty and Simmons; Stanage, Simmons and Delehanty; Simmons and Bush; Hoffman and Wallace. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; St. Louis, 5. First base on balls—Off Willett, 2; off Mullin, 2; off Ray, 3. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; St. Louis, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Willett, (Hartzell.) Struck out—By Pernoll, 4; by Ray, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Conolly.

Chicago Scores Only Run In Game.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 20.—Chicago defeated Cleveland 1 to 0, scoring the only run of the game on three infield singles and a wild pitch. Olmstead was very effective. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zelder, 2b	4	1	3	1	3
Browne, 2b	3	0	2	0	0
Kelly, rf	4	0	1	4	0
Collins, lf	4	0	1	3	0
Gandil, 1b	3	0	0	13	0
Purtell, 3b	4	0	1	0	2
Bl'kb'ne, ss	3	0	1	1	3
Payne, c	3	0	1	3	1
Olmstead, p	3	0	0	1	4
Total	31	1	10	27	13

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	4	0	0	4	0
Stovall, 1b	4	0	1	10	0
Turner, ss	4	0	0	4	4
Lajoie, 2b	3	0	0	1	2
Easterly, c	4	0	1	9	3
Flick, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Lord, lf	4	0	1	0	2
Bradley, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
F'k'berg, p	1	0	0	0	4
Koestner, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Bemis	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	0	6	26	17

*Batted for Falkenberg in the eighth inning.
†Kelly out, hit by batted ball.
Error—Purtell.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Stovall, Purtell, Zelder. Sacrifice hits—Falkenberg, Bradley. Stolen bases—Browne, Zelder. Hits—Off Falkenberg, 10 in 8 innings. First base on balls—Off Falkenberg, 1; off Olmstead, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Falkenberg, (Gandil.) Struck out—By Falkenberg, 4; by Koestner, 2; by Olmstead, 2. Wild pitch—Falkenberg. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Chicago, 5. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark in First Place Again.

Newark regained the lead in the Eastern League race yesterday by defeating Montreal in a rather listless game. The Indians displayed humidity form by making a savage onslaught upon the offerings of Wiggs. They kept it up until Manager Barrow recognized the distress signal and sent Winters to the firing line. A base on balls to Ganley, Meyer's single, Gettman's healthy drive to the outfield, and a double steal, on which Meyer scored, gave the Indians a winning lead in the first inning. They duplicated this performance in the second, and the best the Canadians could do was a single tally in the second, when they filled the bases. The score:

NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zim'm'n, 3b	3	0	1	2	3
Ganley, rf	2	1	0	2	0
Meyer, lf	4	1	1	1	0
G'tman, cf	4	0	3	2	0
Louden, ss	4	0	0	6	4
Schlafly, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
Agler, 1b	2	1	1	1	1
Hearne, c	1	1	0	4	0
Mueller, p	3	0	1	0	0
Total	27	4	7	27	12

MONTREAL.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hunter, rf	3	0	0	3	0
Yeager, 3b	3	0	1	0	1
Dem't, lf	4	0	0	1	0
N'trees, ss	3	0	0	3	1
Jones, cf	4	1	1	1	0
Cockill, 1b	2	0	1	10	1
Smith, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
Krichell, c	1	0	0	3	2
Wiggs, p	1	0	0	0	1
Winters, p	2	0	1	1	1
Curtis, c	1	0	0	0	1
Total	28	1	4	24	12

Errors—Louden, Mueller, Winters.

Newark	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Montreal	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Stolen bases—Gettman, Meyer. Sacrifice hit—Cockill. Sacrifice fly—Zimmerman. Double plays—Schlafly, Louden, and Agler; Zimmerman, Schlafly, and Agler. Smith and Cockill. Hits—Off Wiggs, 3 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Mueller, 2; by Wiggs, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mueller, 3; off Wiggs, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Wiggs, 1; by Winters, 1. First base on errors—Montreal, 2. Left on bases—Newark, 5; Montreal, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Stafford. Attendance, 1,000.

Wild Throw Beats Toronto.

Capt. Mullen's wild throw to Grimshaw in the ninth inning of yesterday's game between Jersey City and Toronto in Jersey City tossed victory to the Skeeters by a score of 2 to 1. With one out and Hanford on second, and Abstein at first, Esmond hit to Vaughn, who nailed Abstein at second, and in attempting to complete a double play Mullen threw low toward first, the ball getting away, and Hanford reached home. Kissinger pitched his first game for Jersey City and made an excellent showing, holding Toronto to four hits, fanning five men and accepting nine chances in fielding. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Clement, lf	3	0	0	0	1
Han'fin, 2b	4	0	0	1	3
Dein'ger, cf	3	0	0	2	0
Hanf'd, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Joanson, ss	3	0	1	3	1
Abstein, 1b	3	0	0	15	0
Esmond, 3b	4	1	2	1	4
Crist, c	1	0	1	5	1
Kissinger, p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	28	2	5	27	10

TORONTO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Hara, cf	4	0	0	1	0
McD'ld, 3b	3	0	1	1	1
Shaw, rf	2	0	0	1	0
G'msh'w, 1b	3	0	0	16	0
Dolely, lf	3	1	1	1	0
Mullen, 2b	3	0	0	3	4
Vaughn, ss	2	0	0	2	8
McAl'ster, c	3	0	1	1	1
Carroll, p	3	0	0	0	5
Total	27	1	4	*2	19

*Two out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Mullen, McAllister.

Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2
Toronto	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Sacrifice hits—Johnson, Crist, Grimshaw. Stolen base—Clement. Left on bases—Jersey City, 5; Toronto, 3. Double play—Hanifin and Johnson. Struck out—By Kissinger, 5; by Carroll, 1. Bases on balls—Off Kissinger, 3; off Carroll, 4. Umpires—Messrs. Kelly and Murray. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Attendance—1,500.

At Providence.

									R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	—3	6	1
Rochester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2	4	1

Batteries—Crowley and Fitzgerald; McConnell and Blair. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Halligan.

At Baltimore.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1—4	13	2
Buffalo	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—3	12	1

Batteries—Adkins and Egan; Speer, Dubec, and Woods. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Boyle.

Southern League.

Birmingham, 3; Montgomery, 2.
Birmingham, 3; Montgomery, 2, (second game.)
Other games postponed; rain.

BASEBALL, 2 games. First game 2 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Athletics. American League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

A 10-cent Trial Package Makes 40 cups

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Yearly Sale Over 20,000,000 Packages

TIE POLO AT MEADOW BROOK.

Freebooters Draw with Cooperstown—Great Neck a Winner.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., June 20.—As an opening to their regular Summer polo tournament, the Meadow Brook Club offered two good games of polo this afternoon, which were witnessed by a large crowd of society people. It had been intended to hold the games one each day, but it was found necessary to double up to save time. Both games were played on Field 2, and it is an open question which was the best played.

The first game was between the Cooperstown four and the Meadow Brook Freebooters, and resulted in a tie game, which will be played off to-morrow. Cooperstown started in badly and allowed the Freebooters to get a good start on them. This they made up as the game progressed, and were coming strong when the game was finally called at the end of the eighth period. Five fouls were made by men of the Cooperstown team, which set them back two and a half goals, but they kept ahead despite this until the last period, when two fouls were offset by two goals, the game being a draw.

The second game was between the first Great Neck team and the Meadow Brook Wanderers, and while the brilliant team work was not seen as in the first game, there were many individual plays and combinations that brought forth cheers from the society crowd present, Great Neck winning, 12 goals to 7½.

For the Great Neck team W. R. Grace played a decidedly fast game, and was well supported by Boyer and Milburn. Although the latter only scored one goal, he dribbled many to the posts and they were scored by his team mate.

J. A. Burden for the Wanderers was all over the field, and made many good plays in all positions. He had good ponies and was able several times to drive the ball, then ride past the first man of his team and score. A little excitement was caused and the ladies given a momentary shiver by a pony getting a fall, but no damage resulted. The line-ups and summary:

COOPERSTOWN.	
1—F. A. Clark	2
2—C. P. Beadleston	3
3—E. S. Reynal	4
Back—F. S. Von-Stade	4
Total	13

MEADOW BROOK FREEBOOTERS.	
1—Raymond Belmont	3
2—J. A. Buorden, Jr.	4
3—A. Rawlins	1
Back—W. G. Loew	2
Total	13

Cooperstown—By earned goals, 11; lost by penalties, 2½ goals. Total—8½. Freebooters—By earned goals, 9; lost by penalties, ½. Total—9½ goals. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

SECOND GAME.

GREAT NECK 1ST.	
1—W. R. Grace	2
2—C. H. Sabin	1
3—H. Hadden	2
Back—J. G. Milburn, Jr.	3
Total	8

MEADOW BROOK WANDERERS.	
1—A. Belmont, Jr.	1
2—A. S. Burden	3
3—P. Boyer	1
Back—F. C. Havemeyer	2
Total	7

Great Neck—By earned goals, 13; lost by penalties, 1. Total—12 goals. Meadow Brook Wanderers—By allowed handicap, 1 goal; by earned goals, 7; lost by penalties, ½ goal. Total—7½ goals. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

John T. Brush at Chicago.

John T. Brush, President of the New York National League Club, arrived at Chicago from San Antonio, Texas, on Saturday, and will remain at the Congress Hotel in that city probably until to-morrow before continuing his trip to New York. Mr. Brush, who has been in rather feeble health for several months, stood the two days' journey from Texas better than was expected. He seems to have greatly improved in health, for he spent the afternoon of his arrival in the Windy City visiting some of the more important places, accompanied by his wife and daughter. The Giants' President has not been able to keep in as close touch as usual with baseball affairs in general on account of the many miles that have separated him from his players, but he appears to be well pleased with the performance of his team in the championship race.

American League Bulletin.

CHICAGO, June 20.—B. B. Johnson, President of the American League, to-day announced approval of the following contracts and releases:

Releases—By Boston to Chicago, French; to Cleveland, Niles; to Minneapolis, Pape; to Toronto, Donahue. By Philadelphia to New Orleans, H. Barr; by Chicago to San Francisco, H. Suter; to Cincinnati, W. Burns.

Contracts—With St. Louis, J. Newman; with Boston, R. Pond, E. Herne, and C. Mahoney; with Chicago, F. Daugherty.

Mal. Eason a National Umpire.

MEMPHIS, June 20.—Mal. Eason, former Eastern League umpire, and working at present in the Southern Association, has been appointed to umpire in the National League, according to announcement made here. Southern League President Kavanaugh has offered Eason's beerth to Bill Hart, the old-time Pittsburg pitcher, who has been pitching in the Southern leagues for several years, being a member of the Chattanooga team now.

Bridgeport Pitchers Suspended.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 20.—Pitchers Walter and Clunn of the Bridgeport (Conn.) League baseball team have been suspended for conduct unbecoming members of the team, according to word sent here to-day by Manager Eugene McCann from Springfield, Mass., where the team played to-day. The offense charged is said to have occurred at Waterbury last night.

Williams Shuts Out Amherst.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., June 20.—Templeton, Captain of the Williams College team, who has had a sore arm for some time past, resumed his place in the box to-day and allowed Amherst but one hit, Williams winning, 4 to 0. Williams's runs came on timely hitting and fast base running. After the game Templeton announced that he would not accept offers to play with the Boston or New York National League team or the Detroit or New York Americans. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Williams	1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 —4	7	2
Amherst	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	1	3

Batteries—Templeton and Lamble; McClure and Henry. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Sternberg.

New York State League.

Wilkesbarre, 6; Elmira, 0.
Utica, 1; Albany, 0.
Troy, 3; Syracuse, 2.
Scranton, 6; Binghamton, 5.

Connecticut League.

New Britain, 2; Waterbury, 0.
Holyoke, 3; Northampton, 2.
Bridgeport, 9; Springfield, 4.
New Haven, 4; Hartford, 1.

Tri-State League.

Altoona, 4; Harrisburg, 1.
Johnstown, 3; Williamsport, 0.
Lancaster, 14; York, 2.
Trenton, 5; Reading, 4.

American Association.

Milwaukee, 3; Toledo, 0.
Minneapolis, 8; Indianapolis, 2.
Kansas City, 9; Columbus, 5.
Louisville, 5; St. Paul, 3, (eleven innings.)

New England League.

Haverhill, 8; Lowell, 1.
Haverhill, 3; Lowell, 1.
New Bedford, 8; Brockton, 4.
Fall River, 8; Lawrence, 3.
Worcester, 5; Lynn, 1.

FILLY OCEAN BOUND BEATS DALMATIAN

Kentucky Thoroughbred Shows the Way in Swift Stakes at Sheepshead Bay.

Woodford Clay's Kentucky filly, Ocean Bound, was winner of the Swift at Sheepshead Bay yesterday afternoon from two such good colts as Mrs. James McLaughlin's Fauntlero

WARM WEATHER AIDS CREW WORK

Poughkeepsie Regatta Oarsmen Have Smooth Water for Good Day's Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 20.—All of the crews here were pushed to-day in either hard trials, long rows, or else racing starts. The weather, though warm, was not too hot, and the water conditions were ideal. If such weather prevails throughout the week there will be big strides in the work of the men in training, as they have not yet had the proper temperature to train them down to the point they have gotten to in other years, especially last June, when the weather was very hot.

The first crews to go over the course this morning were Cornell eights and fours, although time was not tried for. There was a scrimmage down at the finish of the course, in which the 'Varsity eight and freshmen engaged, the fours also trying a little sprint, when they came down later.

Pennsylvania came over the course next, rowing easily, although this afternoon when they went over it the freshmen and 'Varsity "hit it up" about 300 yards from the four-mile mark, and in a splendid sprint the 'Varsity pulled up a length over the youngsters, and finished even. Much improvement is noted in the Quaker four since they first came here, the blade work and general form being excellent. Their finish of the stroke is not as hard as the other crews, but they have a long reach. Reath, who is rowing stroke, shows pluck in the way he sticks, and is pulling a very pretty oar. Reath, who is but 18 years old, is a son of Thomas Reath, one of the stewards of the regatta. Alexander, at No. 3, is also pulling a strong oar, recalling the work of his father, who rowed in the Pennsylvania eight in the late eighties.

Columbia is devoting most of her time to the racing starts in which a very high stroke is being developed. In this morning's row the light blue and white 'Varsity and freshman eights worked near the bridge for nearly half an hour trying the starts. A great difference is noted in the way the shell shoots out under the stroking of Clapp. Clapp has the snap which Murphy, with all his finished oarsmanship, lacked.

The Syracuse boys received about the last of their hard work to-day, acording to Coach Jim Ten Eyck's announcement. In the morning they were sent for a ten-mile row down below Milton, the return row being in the nature of a time trial. In the afternoon the 'up-Staters went up to the Columbia boathouse, where they turned about and came down over three miles of the course at a fast clip. Camp, at No. 3, in the 'Varsity, got back in his seat to-day, after missing several rows on acount of a split hand.

The hardest worked rew was the Wisconsin eight, which were sent over the course in the afternoon for a hard time trial. They hit up the stroke at the start to about thirty-seven, but settled down after that to thirty-two, which they maintained most of the way down, though the rowing was rather ragged and splashy.

Mr. James Pilkington, President of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen was in town to-day and looked over the crews in training here in a general way, getting time only to run up to the Columbia quarters. Mr. Pilkington was enthusiastic about the prospects for an exciting day next Saturday, and says that there will be some good sport.

HARVARD TO ROW IN OLD BOAT

'Varsity Eight Pulls Three and a Half Miles in 19:22 on Thames.

RED TOP, Conn., June 20.—With Hooper at No. 5 in place of Bacon, who is suffering from boils, the Harvard 'Varsity eight rowed over the course to-night from the railroad bridge to the float at quarters. A slow start was taken, and, with the exception of the fourth half mile, when the stroke was put up to 36, a 30 to 31 stroke was maintained. The time for the fourth half mile was 2:32 and the time for the three miles and a half of the course was 19:22. The 'Varsity four went down to the bridge in one stretch and returned in a similar manner.

A change was made in the freshman eight. Cutler, who has been rowing No. 3, was dropped to-night. Meyer, who has been at bow, was put in at No. 3, and Warren was taken from No. 3 in the four-oared and placed at bow. The eight paddled down stream for three miles in the following order: Stroke, Goodale; No. 7, Moffat; No. 6, Stratton; No. 5, Keays; No. 4, Lincoln; No. 3, Meyer; No. 2, Sullivan; bow, Warren, and coxswain, Abeles. Morgan was put in at No. 3 in the freshmen four-oared.

It has been definitely determined that the 'Varsity eight will not use the new shell received from England and presented to them by the Harvard Athletic Association. The boat has been found to be too large, being too high out of the water for the present crew. The old boat, given by the mother of Bacon, No. 5 in the crew, will be used. The freshman eight will use the shell known as Iris II. second.

GALE'S FERRY, Conn., June 20.—Owing to the heat only light work was done by the Yale oarsmen this morning. Under Kennedy's coaching, the fours rowed miles up stream and then returned to quarters. The 'Varsity eight devoted most of its time on the water to trying racing starts. The work of the freshman eight was practically the same as that of the 'Varsity. In the 'Varsity four Bogue displaced Patterson at No. 2, the latter taking the corresponding seat in the second four, vacated by Bogue.

The three fours were the first to go out to-night and raced up stream for a mile, the first 'Varsity winning from the freshmen by a scant length, with the second 'Varsity a length or more behind the freshmen. The freshmen and 'Varsity eights rowed upstream for three miles at an easy stroke, and before returning practiced starts. New oars were tried by all the crews at to-night's practice and gave such good satisfaction that they will probably be used permanently.

Matheson Protest Not Sustained.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., June 20.—A. R. Pardington, who was referee of the hill-climbing contest of the Wilkesbarre Automobile Club here Tuesday, notified the club to-day that he has refused to sustain the protest of the Matheson Motor Company against the Knox runabout driven by Fred Belcher, which won the $1,000 Hallenback Trophy. Referee Pardington explains that the protest was not sustained because the Knox car was examined and passed by the Technical Committee on Saturday, June 11, three days prior to the event, and that the Matheson car was passed at the same time.

Two-Day Auto Run on Long Island.

The Brooklyn Motor Vehicle Dealers' Association will hold a two-day reliability contest on Long Island during the latter part of July. The contest will be in the form of a tour, approximately averaging 200 miles for each day. It will be a severe test to demonstrate the reliability of cars over all sorts of roads. The start and finish will be in Brooklyn. Aside from the contesting division there will be a tourist section, in which contestants will compete in secret time. Already fifteen cars are assured for the contest and fully twoscore are expected to start the run.

Ljungstrom Favorite for Race.

Gustav Ljungstrom, the Swedish champion, is a 4 to 5 favorite for the fifteen-mile race which will be held under the auspices of the Twentieth Century Club at Celtic Park on Saturday, July 2. Hans Holmer is next, 4 to 1, and Crowley and Kolemian rank next, at 5 to 1 each. The followers of Holmer, the holder of the fifteen-mile record, are taking all the money in sight and expect to reap a harvest on the favorite. Holmer was never in better form and it will itake all there is in the Swede to beat him. Crowley is doing some hard training for the race and his friends say he will be in the money at the finish. Kolemian, Cocks, Cohn, Semeran, and Zenti will hustle the bunch along at a rapid gait. The five-mile special will bring out all the stars. Al Raines, Charley Muller, Bob Hallen, Jimmy Lee, and Tom Morrissey are already entered.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

The National champion in singles, William A. Larned, made his appearance in the metropolitan championship yesterday on the turf courts of the West Side Tennis Club, 238th Street and Review Place. Larned, in his first match, met George S. Groesbeck, defeating him, 6—love, 6—1. In no other season has the champion displayed such excellent form so early. His swift drop drives that skimmed the net and his unerring placing easily made it possible for him to surpass his opponent.

The surprise of the day was the defeat of Calhoun Cragin after three fast sets by Dr. William Rosenbaum, 4—6, 6—love, and 6—1. Dr. Rosenbaum had his deep shots working perfectly and with speed. Finding that Cragin's backhand was uncertain, he wore it down and successfully scored. Another change in the draw was that C. Leonard was substituted for H. L. Ehrich and defeated the Brooklyn champion, Walter L. Pate, 6—1, 6—4.

The result of the defaults eliminated five of the top-class players from the tournament. Those who dropped in the first round included Karl H. Behr, the internationalist; Harold H. Hackett, National doubles champion and internationalist; Henry C. Martin, Crescent Athletic Club champion; Dr. Phillip B. Hawk of the University of Illinois, and Sheppard Homans. It is expected to bring the players into the third round of the tournament this afternoon. The summary:

Metropolitan Championship, Men's Singles, (First Round.)—C. Leonard defeated Walter L. Pate, 6—1, 6—4; Edwin P. Fischer defeated A. S. Runyon, 6—2, 6—4; Edgar W. Leonard defeated Frederick P. Fox, 6—3, 6—0; Arthur S. Cragin defeated C. G. Hill, 6—0, 6—3; Ross Burchard defeated Norman G. Johnson, 6—2, 6—3; Carleton R. Gardner defeated C. Easton, 6—1, 6—1; Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Calhoun Cragin, 4—6, 6—0, 6—1; Wylie C. Grant defeated W. M. Washburn, 8—10, defaulted; H. D. Bulkley defeated F. W. Crocker, 6—4, 8—6; Edwin C. Moen defeated R. H. Eggleston by default; G. G. Brinkerhoff defeated Harold H. Hackett by default; Thomas Slidell defeated L. Sneckler by default; Miles S. Charlock defeated J. Kyte, 6—4, 6—2; George M. Church defeated Louis E. Hatzfeld, 9—7, 6—1; J. C. Tomlinson defeated E. L. Blumenschein, 6—0, 6—4; Walter H. Bennett defeated Schuyler Van Rensselaer, 6—2, 6—2; W. S. Slade defeated H. N. Halch, 6—2, 6—1; Edward A. Gunther defeated Henry C. Martin by default; Paul Martin defeated Dr. Philip B. Hawk by default; C. Gilbert Plimpton defeated H. H. Knight, 6—2, 6—2; Frank B. Roundey defeated James S. Cushman by default; Morris S. Clark defeated Frank H. Doubleday, 9—7, 6—3; Richard H. Palmer defeated Dr. I. S. Billings by default; King defeated H. C. Pritchard by default; Howard S. Mellick defeated H. M. Moore, 6—0, 6—3; N. H. Bundy defeated Sheppard Homans by default; G. A. L. Dionne defeated A. W. Warren, 6—3, 7—5; William B. Cragin, Jr., defeated L. Millens Burt, 3—6, 6—1, 6—4; H. S. Gray defeated Karl H. Behr by default; Benjamin M. Phillips defeated F. B. Fuller, 6—3, 3—6, 7—5.

Second Round.—William B. Larned defeated George S. Groesbeck, 6—0, 6—1; Frederick C. Inman defeated Arthur S. Cragin, 6—4, 6—1; Lyle E. Mahan defeated William Cunningham, 6—3, 6—3; C. C. Frederick Watson, Jr., defeated Edgar F. Lee, 6—2, 6—0.

In a five-set match remarkable for its fast volleying and hard smashing N. H. Bundy and L. H. Fitch yesterday won the doubles cups in the final of the men's doubles on the clay courts of the Amackassin Club of Yonkers. Bundy and Fitch defeated S. Howard Voshell and Julio M. Steinacher, love—6, 11—13, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3. The summary:

Amackassin Cup Men's Singles.—Semi-final Round—Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Julio M. Steinacher, 10—8, 6—3; N. H. Bundy defeated A. J. Ostendorf, 6—3, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—Final Round—N. H. Bundy and L. H. Fitch defeated S. Howard Voshell and Julio M. Steinacher, 0—6, 11—13, 6—2, 6—3, 6—3.

Women's Singles.—Final Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore defeated Miss Browning by default.

Women's Doubles.—Final Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Mrs. S. F. Weaver defeated Miss Edna Wildey and Miss Browning by default.

Mixed Doubles.—Semi-final Round—Miss Marie Wagner and Dr. William Rosenbaum defeated Mrs. Howard H. Burdick and L. H. Fitch, 6—1, 6—4; Mrs. S. F. Weaver and N. H. Bundy defeated Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Julio M. Steinacher, 3—6, 7—5, 6—4.

Women Play for National Title.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—With the field of contestants in singles reduced from twenty-eight to eleven, the first day's play in the women's National championship lawn tennis tournament on the courts of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, showed excellent progress.

The survivors represented widely scattered localities. Three were from Philadelphia, two from New York, one each from Toronto, (Canada,) Richmond, (Va.,) Boston, Trenton, Plainfield, (N. J.,) and Chicago. Of these Miss Carrie B. Neely of Chicago, Miss Louise Hammond of New York, Miss Edith Rotch of Boston, Miss Browning of New York, and Miss Dorothy Green of Philadelphia, have reached the third round.

The most notable matches were Miss Hammond's over Mrs. W. H. Pouch of Englewood, N. J., a former National champion, and Miss Browning's struggle with Mrs. A. J. Drexel Paul of Philadelphia. Miss Hammond, who is the New York City champion, recently won the Pennsylvania State title, and is very much on her game, a fact which she demonstrated against Mrs. Pouch.

Miss Hammond will to-morrow meet Miss Carrie B. Neely, the Chicago champion, who scored a decisive victory over Miss Cassels of New York. A feature of the play was that not one of the matches in the women's singles went to three sets. The doubles will be started tomorrow morning. The summary:

Women's Singles.—First Round—Miss Louise Hammond, West Side Tennis Club, New York, beat Miss Margaret Tattersfield, Germantown C. C., 6—2, 6—0; Mrs. W. M. Pouch, Englewood, N. J., beat Mrs. Fisher, Germantown C. C., 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. Sullivan, Richmond, Va., beat Miss Lily Cheston, Philadelphia C. C., 6—1, 6—3; Miss Lucy Disston, Philadelphia C. C., beat Miss Caroline Stokes, Philadelphia C. C., 6—1, 6—1; Miss Edith Rotch, Boston, beat Miss Dorothy Disston, Philadelphia C. C., 6—2, 6—2; Miss E. G. Ostheimer, Huntingdon Valley C. C., beat Miss Meredith, Richmond, Va., 6—4, 6—0; Miss Clara T. Chase, Merion C. C., beat Miss Merrick, Germantown C. C., 7—5, 6—3; Miss Edna Wildey, Plainfield, beat Miss Miller, Merion C. C., 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Oliphant, Trenton, beat Miss Chauveau, Belmont C. C., 6—4, 6—2; Miss Louise Mies, Toronto, beat Miss M. N. Ostheimer, Huntingdon Valley C. C., 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. A. J. Drexel Paul, Merion C. C., beat Miss Pilling, Germantown C. C., 6—3, 6—0; Miss Browning, West Side Tennis Club, New York, beat Miss Morgan, Germantown C. C., 6—3 6—0.

Second Round—Miss Carrie B. Neely, Kenwood Club, Chicago, beat Miss Cassel, New York, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Hammond beat Mrs. Pouch, 6—0, 6—3; Miss Rotch beat Miss E. G. Ostheimer, 6—4, 6—0; Miss Browning beat Mrs. Paul, 7—5, 6—2; Miss Dorothy Green, Merion C. C., beat Miss Helen Alexander, Merion C. C., 6—2, 6—4.

ALEX SMITH CHAMPION.

Wykagyl Professional Wins Triple Tie Play-Off in Open Golf Tournament.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Alexander Smith, the professional of the Wykagyl Golf Club, New Rochelle, N. Y., won the play-off of the triple tie for the open golf championship of the United States today on the links of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, with a score of 71 for the eighteen holes. J. J. McDermott of Merchantville, N. J., won second money with a score of 75. The champion's younger brother, McDonald Smith of Claremont, Cal., was third with 76.

The three men had tied in the competition last week with scores of 298 for the 72 holes. In the play to-day, McDermott frequently outdrove the winner, but the greater steadiness of Alexander Smith enabled him to lead throughout the match. The winner's card was:

Alex Smith—

Out .....4 4 4 5 3 4 5 4 4—37
In .....3 4 4 4 4 5 3 4 3—34

The winner received the gold medal emblematic of the championship and a purse of $300. The second man's purse was $150, and the third player received $100.

Niles to Play Seaver for Title.

BOSTON, June 20.—By defeating H. C. Johnson in straight sets in the final round of the Massachusetts State tennis tournament in singles at the Longwood Cricket Club to-day, N. W. Niles won the right to play R. C. Seaver, the present State champion, to decide the title for the coming year. The challenge round will be played on Wednesday afternoon. Niles won to-day's match by the score of 6—3, 6—0, 6—3. He played a steady game throughout and was not forced to extend himself greatly.

Beals Wright Wins In Open Tennis.

LONDON, June 20.—Beals C. Wright of Boston defeated W. C. Crowley in the first round of the singles in the open lawn tennis championships which were begun at Wimbledon today. The score was 6—1, 7—5, 3—6, 6—2.

Vanderbilt Horse a Winner.

PARIS, June 20.—The Prix des Vaux d'Or of $2,000, distance ten furlongs, was run at Saint Cloud to-day and won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Ramesseum. Mr. Vanderbilt's Clatterfoot finished third in the Prix des Clochettes.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, June 20.—Money was easily obtainable and discount rates were quiet to-day.

The Bank of England obtained the £500,000 new gold available.

On the Stock Exchange a firmer tone developed on the cheap money prospects. Consols advanced a fraction, and home rails, Grand Trunk, foreigns, and diamond shares attracted fresh buying. Business, however, was not large, and the price movements were narrow. Copper shares hardened on merger gossip.

American securities opened quiet and during the morning advanced slightly on the favorable New York bank statement. Later New York supported Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, and Reading, but sold Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and after small business the market closed quietly steady.

Bar silver steady, 24⅝d per ounce.
Money, 2½@2¾ per cent.
The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅝ per cent.
The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2½@2 9-16 per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: At Madrid, 7.35; at Lisbon, 8.50.

Bullion amounting to £246,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance today.

PARIS, June 20.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 98 francs 7½ centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 22½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, June 20.—Trading was quiet on the Boerse to-day. The movement of prices was irregular.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 46 pfenigs for checks.
Money, 3 per cent.
Private discount rate, 3⅝ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	82	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols account	82 1-16	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	8⅝	40⅝	40⅝	..
Atchison	108½	105⅜	105⅜	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	200½	155⅛	155	+ ⅛
St. Paul	131	127½	127⅜	— ⅛
Erie	28⅝	27½	27½	..
Erie 1st pf	47	45⅞	45½	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	137	134½	133	+ 1½
Louisville & Nash.	149⅝	145⅞	146	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	122½	118½	117⅝	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	68	132⅝	132⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	80¼	156⅝	155	+ 1⅛
Southern Pacific	125ex	124½	122¼	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	178¾	173¾	173¼	+ ½
U. S. Steel	81	78⅞	78½	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	119½	116½	116	+ ½

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	0	Esperanza	2	15	0
Tomboy	1	0	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	6	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 20.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
280	Crucible Steel	13⅞	13⅜	13⅝
1,225	Crucible Steel pf	91½	90¾	91¼
10	Fireproofing	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
10	Fireproofing pf	25	25	25
105	Mfrs. L. & H.	20¾	20¼	20¼
45	Ohio Fuel	60¾	60¾	60¾
10	Pittsburg Brewing	23¼	23¼	23¼
90	Pittsburg Coal pf	69¾	69	69¼
20	River Coal pf	20½	20½	20½
50	U. S. Steel	78¾	78⅜	78⅜
235	Westinghouse A. B.	140	140	140
35	Westinghouse E. 2ds.	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
200	Westinghouse Mach.	30	30	30
	UNLISTED.			
90	Mount Elliott	24	24	24
500	Mount Shasta	40c	40c	40c
44	Ohio Fuel Oil	60¾	60¾	60¾
200	Pure Oil	43¾	43¾	43¾
7,500	San Toy	31c	31c	31c
135	Union Gas	131	131	131
100	Superior & Pittsburg	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
	SCRIP.			
$23,000	Crucible Steel	67	63	67

HURRY WORK ON VAGRANT.

Vanderbilt's New Yacht Must Be Ready to Race on Saturday.

Work of rigging and fitting the new schooner yacht Vagrant, which was launched at Herreshoffs' yard at Bristol last week, has been hurried, and there promises to be no let-up until Harold S. Vanderbilt, the owner, has had the boat transferred to him, so as to start in the Atlantic Yacht Club's Bermuda race on next Saturday afternoon. It was the original intention to have the Vagrant ready for trial to-day and then send her to New York to-morrow to be fitted with stores for the Bermuda race.

It was part of the plan to allow the entire finishing of the interior of the cabins and other work below decks to remain until the off-shore race for which purpose the craft was built is over and the Vagrant returns from the South. Only the work most necessary for carrying sail and enduring the seas between the New England coast and Bermuda was to be hurried along, the owner and his friends accommodating themselves to such conditions on board as are found ready.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat advanced from 1 to 3½c a bushel, with distant deliveries showing most excitement and greatest strength. Trade was very heavy and the excitement kept up from the opening to the close. There was no rain in the American Northwest over Sunday and the Northwestern markets opened up with a rush which was followed by all the other markets. The excitement in the market increased as the day advanced and the close was at about the top. The cables were lower, but absolutely no attention was paid to the foreign news. The whole interest of the market was centred in the Spring wheat region. It has been excessively dry all the season, and there is a deficiency in some parts of the American Northwest of from 25 to 75 per cent. in the normal rainfall since March 1. Temperatures have been high the past week and the effect of these high temperatures with the dry condition of the soil has been the cause of a great deal of uneasiness. It is not certain whether weather conditions are seriously critical as yet, but the market has accepted the bullish interpretation. There has been in some sections practically no rainfall for several weeks. The weekly statistics were bullish. There was a decrease of 1,787,000 bushels in the visible supply, and the total in the visible at the end of the year promises to be very small. Weather conditions were good in the Southwest for harvest. There was, however, no evidence of any pressure of new Winter wheat on the market. World's exports up to Saturday night were only 7,260,000 bushels, against 8,320,000 bushels in the preceding week. Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red, Winter, $1.03 nominal to arrive cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red, spot, nominal $1.04½, free on board, afloat for export; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.14¾ nominal; No. 2 hard, Winter, nominal, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba $1.01¾.

Corn was strong and active, influenced largely by the strength in wheat and oats, and by dry weather complaints from Iowa and Nebraska. Generally the weather conditions have been very favorable of late for field work and for the growth of the crop, but the dry weather in the upper Mississippi Valley seems to be causing some little uneasiness. The visible supply decreased 551,000 bushels. World's exports were 4,711,000 bushels, and there was an increase of 3,078,000 bushels afloat for Europe. Cash corn quoted No. 2 68½c nominal, elevator, to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight, domestic basis, and steamer nominal, elevator, export basis.

Oats were excited and strong. The advance in the market was due to the dry weather and damage reports from the Northwest. The weather has been very dry in the important producing States of Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and the Dakotas. These are important producing sections, and shorts have become very nervous over the situation. There was also an important decrease in the visible for the week, 605,000 bushels. Cash oats quoted natural white, 42¼@44¾c; white clipped, 43¾@47¾c.

Provisions were active and also strong. The market was affected by the advance in grain, but the movement of hogs was disappointingly light and there were reports of buying of futures by the packing interests.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
July	$1.02½	$1.00⅛	$1.02½	$1.00⅝
September	1.00½	98⅛	1.00⅝	98
December	1.02⅝	99½	1.02⅛	99⅝
Corn—				
July	..	..	68¾	67¾
September	..	..	68¾	67¾
December	..	..	68⅛	65
Lard—				
September	12.85	12.85	12.87	12.45

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July wheat, $1.02½; puts, $1.01⅛; calls, $1.04¼.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
July	95⅜	93⅜	95⅛	93⅛
September	94½	91⅝	94⅛	91⅛
December	95½	92⅝	95⅛	92⅝
May	98⅛	96	97⅝	95½
Corn—				
July	59⅜	58¼	59¼	58⅛
September	60⅜	59	60⅛	58⅞
December	58⅛	57	58⅛	57⅛
May	60⅛	59	60⅛	58⅞
Oats—				
July	38¾	37½	38⅜	37
September	37⅜	36¼	37⅜	36
December	36⅞	35⅞	36⅝	36¼
May	40¾	39⅝	40⅛	39¼
Lard—				
July	12.57½	12.50	12.50	12.47½
September	12.65	12.55	12.57½	12.50
October	..	..	..	11.87½
November	..	..	11.92½	..
Ribs—				
July	13.22½	13.13	13.17½	13.12½
September	12.72½	12.62½	12.70	12.60
October	..	..	12.32½	12.15
Pork—				
July	23.80	23.62½	23.65	23.55
September	22.95	22.70	22.90	22.60

COTTON.

The cotton market was very quiet all the morning and showed but little feature. After midday, however, trading became more active, and prices advanced with a good deal of buying on reports of dry hot weather in Texas and Oklahoma and predictions of further rains in the eastern sections. The weather has been dry for some little time over the greater portion of Texas and parts of Oklahoma. But little attention has been really paid to this condition and it has not been considered serious. The weather elsewhere has been recently much more favorable for field work and general cultivation is being advanced rapidly. The situation in the East has been less favorable owing to the rainfall there, but of late conditions have improved. Fear of further rains, however, led to a good deal of covering, and the complaints regarding the effect of the dry weather in the far West were somewhat more serious. The Summer positions were rather neglected. Stocks are decreasing rapidly, and it is expected that the supplies here will be reduced locally to less than 100,000 bales by the first of the month. The shipments to Liverpool in the next two weeks are expected to be very heavy. The warehouse stocks decreased 4,000 bales from Saturday, and there was a decrease in the certificated stock of 5,000 bales. In the past week the certificated stock has decreased 80,000 bales.

Southern spot markets unchanged to ¼ point decline.

New York spot cotton quiet, 15 points advance. Middling uplands, 15.15; middling Gulf, 15.40.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
June	14.95	14.85	15.06@15.10	14.92
July	15.15	14.95	15.12@15.14	14.98
August	14.73	14.55	14.69@14.70	14.55
September	13.23	13.03	13.22@13.23	13.02
October	12.57	12.42	12.54@12.55	12.41
November	12.30	12.80	12.41@12.43	12.29
December	12.36	12.22	12.33@12.34	12.21
January	12.30	12.19	12.30@12.32	12.17
March	..	..	12.31@12.33	12.19

The market closed steady at 12 to 20 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was dull. The total volume of business for the day amounted to 10,250 bags, but of this 8,000 bags were switches from July to later positions, leaving only 2,250 of actual sales, all of which were in September, at 6.60. Prices were unchanged throughout. Foreign markets were equally featureless, Havre being unchanged, Hamburg was unchanged to ⅛ pfennig advance, and in Brazil both Rio and Santos were unchanged, although private exchange on London was 1-16d higher. Receipts at Rio and Santos for the day were 17,000 bags, against 13,000 bags last week and 28,000 bags last year. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week were 60,878 bags, against 70,514 bags the previous week and 57,492 bags for the corresponding week last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States was 2,820,875 bags, compared with 3,352,867 bags last year and 3,440,168 bags two years ago. Spot coffee steady, 8¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
June	..	..	6.45@6.50	6.45
July	..	..	6.45@6.50	6.45
August	..	..	6.50@6.60	6.50
September	6.60	6.60	6.60@6.65	6.60
October	..	..	6.65@6.70	6.65
November	..	..	6.65@6.70	6.65
December	..	..	6.70@6.75	6.70
January	..	..	6.72@6.73	6.72
February	..	..	6.74@6.76	6.74
March	..	..	6.77@6.78	6.77
April	..	..	6.78@6.79	6.78
May	..	..	6.79@6.80	6.79

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
2d week June	$82,609	$61,007	$21,602
July 1-June 14	4,013,588	3,390,102	623,486

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

2d week June	186,300	170,700	15,600
July 1-June 14	11,556,800	10,759,400	797,400

CHICAGO & ALTON—

2d week June	280,807	248,533	$2,274
July 1-June 15	12,773,012	12,046,529	726,483

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

2d week June	179,646	144,704	$4,942
July 1-June 14	8,642,845	7,456,410	1,186,435

COLORADO & SOUTHERN—

2d week June	291,233	253,949	$7,284
July 1-June 14	15,904,960	14,455,747	1,449,220

DENVER, NORTHWESTERN & PACIFIC—

1st week June	23,148	14,363	$8,785

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY of Mexico—

2d week June	162,290	164,214	*$1,915
July 1-June 14	7,390,980	7,008,607	$382,373

*Decrease.

IOWA CENTRAL—

2d week June	71,271	64,824	$6,947
July 1-June 15	3,225,567	2,891,520	$334,047

MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL—

2d week June	183,905	136,705	$47,200
July 1-June 14	8,422,207	6,384,912	2,038,295

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—

2d week June	108,902	90,792	$18,110
July 1-June 14	4,606,526	3,987,975	708,551

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—

2d week June	440,303	378,232	$71,131
July 1-June 14	22,928,343	19,041,796	3,886,547

NATIONAL RAILWAYS of Mexico—

2d week June	1,269,705	998,424	271,281
July 1-June 14	49,413,823	46,493,518	2,920,305

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

2d week June	1,033,300	953,588	79,712
July 1-June 14	54,831,628	49,518,502	5,313,126

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—

2d week June	22,292	19,522	2,770
July 1-June 14	1,106,106	1,044,240	61,866

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

2d week June	84,151	77,336	6,815
July 1-June 15	3,602,560	3,275,168	327,392

BALTIMORE & OHIO for May—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	7,629,300	6,342,551	5,092,404
Expenses	5,520,415	4,339,678	4,014,044
Net	2,109,094	2,002,873	1,078,450
11 mos. gross	79,143,355	68,219,470	68,172,530
Expenses	54,569,962	45,560,181	50,264,014
11 mos. net	24,573,393	22,659,289	17,908,516

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN for May—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	888,921	770,137	596,276
Exp. & taxes	601,171	497,766	437,721
Net	287,749	272,931	158,555
11 mos. gross	8,863,194	8,140,513	8,281,806
Exp. & taxes	6,109,930	5,289,743	5,713,836
11 mos. net	2,753,264	2,850,770	2,537,970

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN PNEUMATIC SERVICE COMPANY for the year ended March 31—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross profit and rentals	$14,128	$24,716	$37,887
Int., depr., &c.	802,287	179,757	203,991
Surplus	211,841	144,959	133,846

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY for May—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	273,044	222,327	50,717
Expenses	8,998	8,930	68
Net	264,046	213,397	50,649
Gross, 5 mos.	1,515,822	1,309,808	205,014
Expenses	45,620	44,187	1,491
Net, 5 mos.	1,468,198	1,264,670	203,522

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY for May—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	340,101	297,677	42,424
Expenses	169,380	146,528	22,851
Net	170,721	151,148	19,573
Charges	100,773	88,567	12,206
Surplus	69,948	62,581	7,367
Gross, 5 mos.	1,704,154	1,536,788	217,886
Expenses	824,400	725,742	98,658
Net, 5 mos.	929,754	811,026	118,728
Charges	507,025	438,261	68,764
Surp., 5 mos.	422,729	372,765	49,964

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50 H. B. Claflin Co. 2d Pfd.
50 Kings Co. Elec. L. & Power.
100 Mohawk Valley.
100 N. Y. State Railways.
100 Safety Car Heating & L.
50 Union Typewriter Com.
30 Union Typewriter 2d Pfd.
100 Underwood Typewriter Com.
100 Underwood Typewriter Pfd.
1M Am. La France Fire Eng. 6s.
5M Buffalo & Susq. 4s.
10M E. I. Du Pont Powder 4½s.
5M Fonda, Johnst'n & Glov. 4½s.
10M Kings Co. El. L. & P. conv. 6s.
5M K. Co. El. L. & P. P. M. 6s.
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Manufacturers Water Co. 1st 5s, June, 1939

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Firm — Call Money Rates, 2½@3 Per Cent.

SHARP ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Reports of Damage to Spring Sown Crop Owing to Lack of Moisture—Shippers and Rate Advances.

With the Railroad bill on the statute books, and uncertainty regarding its provisions therefore removed and the way open for the early adjournment of Congress, Wall Street came down to business yesterday in a fairly cheerful frame of mind. The stock market opened with a display of strength and a moderate degree of activity, but almost immediately dispatches began to come in from the Northwest detailing the harm worked to Spring wheat by the continued lack of moisture in the Dakotas and Minnesota. The uneasiness created by the receipt of advices of this kind was intensified by the very sharp advances in wheat and the sympathetic rise in corn and other grains which followed the openings of the produce markets. The effect was very plainly to restrict business in stocks, and to some extent to hold prices in check. Nevertheless, the undertone of the trading on the Stock Exchange continued firm, with closing levels for conspicuous shares a trifle higher than those obtaining on Saturday, and with very marked advances in a score of the so-called "specialties." Some of the resistance displayed by the market to the grain news was undoubtedly due to a more or less indefinite report originating in Chicago, but widely disseminated here, that the shipping interests of the Middle West, whose opposition to the recent proposed advance in freight rates led to the Wickersham injunction, were preparing a statement for publication to-day which will indicate a disposition to meet the railroads part way in the movement to increase their revenue. This is, of course, a most important matter, and if borne out by the facts will doubtless make it easier for the railroads to secure an early increase in their revenues by the sanction of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, even if the full extent of their demands is refused. As far as the position of Spring wheat is concerned, there are, of course, interests at work in the grain markets whose policy it is to exaggerate whatever damage may have been actually done in the three great producing States of the Northwest. This much having been admitted, however, it remains true that the rainfall in these States has been inadequate and that if the situation in this respect is not remedied within a week or so there will be ample grounds for real uneasiness. Such estimates as that one to which publicity was given yesterday, that the crop has already been damaged at least 40 per cent., are, of course, unworthy serious attention. Among other items in the day's news of more or less interest to financial markets were the May earnings statement of the Baltimore & Ohio, noting an increase of $1,286,000 in gross, but of only $106,000 in net, and several announcements of dividend increases, including those of the Canada Southern and the Consolidated Car Heating Company.

The feature of the day's money market locally was the hardening in the rate for six months' loans. Where transactions for this period were going on last week at about 4 per cent., the asking rate was yesterday put up to 4½ per cent. This incident simply bears out the statement daily made in banking quarters that the ease of the money market, as inferred from the bank statements from week to week, is more superficial than genuine. For the first time in a number of weeks there was no competition for the gold arriving in London from South Africa. Russia made no bids for the metal, and the Bank of England took all of it, and will, therefore, presumably report on Thursday another substantial addition to its bullion holdings, or at least maintain the extremely easy position in this respect which it now occupies.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Bronx National Bank for dividend.
Crucible Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
New York Central Railroad for dividend.
Sao Paulo Tramway, Light and Power Co. for dividend.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Cannelton Coal Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¼@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3½ per cent. for four months, 3¾@4 per cent. for five months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5@5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 2 7-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3⅜ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $176,088,223; balances, $9,198,911; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $371,818.

The local banks have gained $705,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8670@$4.8683, sixty days at $4.8425@$4.8450, and cables at $4.8690@$4.8705.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅛ less 1-64@5.18⅛ plus 1-32 for cables, and 5.18⅛ less 3-64@5.18⅛ for sight. Reichsmarks, 95⅛ plus 1-64@95 3-16 for cables, 95⅛ less 1-32@95¼ plus 1-64 for sight, and 94 7-16@94 9-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, 25c discount; bank, 50c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 75c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼ discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 24¾ per ounce, and ¼c higher in New York, at 53¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44@48c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59	Fchg.... 99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, Nov., '58	Fchg.... 99	99¼	99	99¼
4½s, May, '57	Fchg..106½	106¾	106¼	106¾
4½s, Nov., '57	Fchg..106½	106¾	106¼	106¾
4½s, May, '17	Fchg..102½	103	102	102⅝
4½s, Nov., '17	Fchg..102½	103	102	102⅝
4s, May, '57	Fchg.... 99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, '19	Fchg.... 99¼	100¼	99¼	100¼
4½s, Mar., '60	w. i..100¾	101¼	100¾	101¼
4s, Nov., '56	reg.... 98¼	98⅞	98⅜	98⅞
3½s, Nov., '55	Fchg.... 87⅝	88¼	87½	88¼
3½s, May, '54	coup.... 87¾	88¼	87⅝	88¼
3½s, May, '54	reg.... 87¼	87¾	87½	87¾
3½s, Nov., '41	reg.... 87⅞	88½	87⅝	88½
*6s, Nov., '10	rev....101½	102½	101½	102½

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales June 20, 1910..... 340,665
From Jan. 1, 1910..... 91,339,503
Corresponding period last year..... 94,888,218

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
8½	8¼	200	Allis-Chalmers	9	9	9	9	+ ⅛
65¼	65⅝	22,450	Amalgamated Cop	65¼	65⅝	64⅝	65¼	+ ⅛
89½	91½	100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	...
124¾	125¼	100	Am. Brake S. & Fy. pf	125	125	125	125	+ ⅛
71	72	200	Am. Can pf	71	71	71	71	+ ⅜
55	55⅞	600	Am. Car & Foundry	55½	56	55½	56	+1
62⅜	62¾	918	Am. Cotton Oil	62⅞	63	62⅝	62⅝	− ¼
35	35½	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	35	35	35	35	+ ½
23¼	24	50	Am. Ice Securities	24	24	24	24	...
12¾	13¼	200	Am. Linseed	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	...
44½	45	800	Am. Locomotive	44¼	44½	44⅛	44½	+ ½
107¼	107¾	100	Am. Locomotive pf	107⅝	107¾	107⅝	107¾	+ ¼
33	35	100	Am. Malt pf	33	33	33	33	+1
77⅜	77½	4,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	76¼	77½	76¼	77½	+1
103⅝	103½	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¾	+ ¼
55	55½	150	Am. Steel Foundries	54	54	54	54	...
118	120	100	Am. Sugar Ref	119	119	119	119	+1¼
136¾	137	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	136½	137	136¼	137	+ ½
32	32⅞	500	Am. Woolen	32⅞	32⅞	32	32½	+ ¼
99½	101	100	Am. Woolen pf	100	100	100	100	+ ½
40⅝	41	550	Anaconda Cop. Min	40⅜	40¾	40¼	40¼	− ⅛
103⅝	103½	8,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	103	103⅝	103	103½	+ ⅛
102⅛	102¼	400	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	102	102⅛	102	102⅛	− ¼
121¾	122½	650	Atlantic Coast Line	121¾	122¼	121¾	122⅛	+2½
112½	112⅝	1,200	Baltimore & Ohio	112	112¼	112	112¼	+ ¼
90	90½	60	Baltimore & Ohio pf	90	90	90	90	...
2½	2¾	100	Batopilas Mining	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2¾	...
79⅛	79¼	6,800	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78¾	79¼	78⅝	79⅛	+ ½
142	143	300	Brooklyn Union Gas	142	142	142	142	+1
195⅜	195¾	600	Canadian Pacific	195⅜	195⅞	195¼	195½	+ ½
37¾	38	900	Central Leather Co	37⅜	37⅞	37½	37⅞	+ ⅜
81⅜	81½	4,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	81	81⅞	80⅜	81½	+ ⅝
26⅜	27	700	Chicago Gt. Western	26½	27	26½	26⅝	− ⅛
48½	50	300	Chi. Gt. West. pf	48⅜	49	48½	48½	+ ⅛
128	128⅛	12,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	128	128⅝	127¾	128	− ¼
150	152	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	151	151	151	151	...
147¼	147½	900	Chi. & Northwestern	146½	147¼	146½	147¼	+ ⅝
80½	81⅜	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	+ ⅞
5¼	6½	100	Col. & Hock. C. & I	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
...	...	1,050	Comstock Tunnel	•27	28	27	27	...
137⅛	137⅝	5,820	Consolidated Gas	137	137⅝	136⅞	137½	+1
15¼	15⅜	400	Corn Products Ref	15¼	15⅜	15¼	15⅜	+ ¼
530	600	100	Del., Lack. & West	550	550	550	550	...
36⅜	36½	1,400	Denver & Rio Grande	35½	36¼	35½	36½	+1¼
79½	80	300	Den. & Rio Grande pf	79⅝	79½	79⅜	79½	+ ⅛
30	30⅞	500	Distillers' Securities	30	30⅝	30	30⅝	+ ½
27⅜	27⅝	2,000	Erie	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ½
45¼	46	300	Erie 1st pf	46	46	45⅝	46	+ ½
...	...	6	Fourth Nat. Bank	187	187	187	187	...
146¼	148½	100	General Electric	147	147	147	147	...
133⅜	133½	5,300	Great Northern pf	132¾	133⅜	132	133⅜	+ ⅞
61	62	1,400	G. N. certs. ore prop	61	61	60½	61	+ ⅝
133	134	200	Illinois Central	133½	133¾	133½	133¾	+ ½
19	19⅛	900	Interborough-Met	19	19⅛	19	19	+½
52	52¼	1,650	Interborough-Met. pf	51	52¼	51	52	+1
99	99¾	1,200	Int. Harvester	99⅞	100	99¾	99¾	+¼
120	122¼	110	Int. Harvester pf	121	121	121	121	+1
45⅞	46¼	100	Int. Steam Pump	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	...
83	83⅝	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	83	83⅝	83	83⅝	+ ⅛
19¼	19¾	400	Iowa Central	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
35⅞	36¾	1,350	Iowa Central pf	35⅞	36⅞	35⅞	36⅞	+ ⅛
32	33	1,500	Kansas City South	32	33	32	33	+1¼
65	66	250	Kan. City South. pf	65	65	65	65	...
101⅝	102⅛	1,650	Laclede Gas	101⅝	102	101⅝	102	+ ½
63	65	200	Long Island	63	63	63	63	+ ¼
146¼	146¾	700	Louisville & Nash	146	146¾	146	146¼	...
5¼	5¼	100	Mercantile Marine	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
138	139	400	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	138⅛	139	138¼	139	+2
149	151	200	M., St. P. & S. S.M. pf	148	149½	148	149½	+2½
39	39¼	1,800	Mo., Kansas & Texas	38½	39⅛	38½	39	+1
67¼	68	1,100	Missouri Pacific	67	67½	67	67½	+1
74⅜	75	100	Nat. Lead Co	74⅜	74⅝	74⅜	74⅝	+ ⅜
19¼	19½	700	Nevada Con. Cop	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	...
118¾	118¾	4,000	N. Y. Central	118½	118⅞	118	118⅜	+ ⅜
44⅜	45	1,025	N. Y., Ont. & West	44¼	44⅝	44¼	44¼	...
69⅜	70¼	100	North American	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+ ⅛
126⅜	126½	4,800	Northern Pacific	125⅝	126⅜	125¼	126¼	+1
100	110	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	+ ½
26½	27	100	Pacific Mail	27	27	27	27	+ ½
131½	132⅝	7,200	Pennsylvania R. R	132½	132⅝	132¼	132⅝	+ ⅛
106⅞	107	600	People's Gas, Chi	107¼	107⅜	107¼	107⅜	+ ⅛
98	98⅛	200	P., C., C. & St. L	98	98	98	98⅛	+ ⅛
96	98	150	Pressed Steel Car pf	96	96	96	96	...
34¾	36	100	R'way Steel Spring	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛
157¼	157¼	77,650	Reading	155½	157¼	155½	157¼	+ ¾
33⅞	34	1,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	33	34¼	33	34	+ ¼
41¾	41½	8,000	Rock Island Co	40⅞	41⅝	40⅝	41¼	...
84½	85	500	Rock Island Co. pf	84	85⅜	84	84½	+ ⅛
46⅞	46½	1,913	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	45¾	47	45¾	46⅝	+ ⅛
31	31½	300	St. Louis Southwest'n	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ⅛
75½	76	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+ ⅛
70	72	300	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	70	71	70	71	+ ½
123	124⅜	23,135	Southern Pacific	123	124⅜	122⅞	124⅞	+ ⅞
25½	25⅝	500	Southern R'way ext	25½	25½	25½	25½	+ ⅛
59½	60	318	South. R'way pf., ext	59½	59½	59½	59½	+ ⅛
7⅞	8	2,000	Third Avenue	8	8¼	8	8	+ ⅛
8¾	8¾	100	Tol. R'way & Light	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
23	23⅝	600	Tol., St. L. & West	23	24	23	23½	+1
52⅜	53½	1,100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	51	54	51	53½	+3¼
110½	110⅝	500	Twin City R. Transit	110½	110¾	110½	110⅝	+ ⅛
173⅞	174	43,100	Union Pacific	173¾	174⅛	172⅞	173⅞	+ ⅛
104	106	100	United Dry Goods pf	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	+ ⅛
73	75	400	U. S. Realty & Imp	75	75	75	75	...
78⅞	79	44,300	U. S. Steel	78⅝	79	78¾	78⅞	+ ⅛
116	116⅛	3,300	U. S. Steel pf	116	116⅛	116	116⅛	+ ⅛
43¾	44	810	Utah Copper	43¾	43⅞	43¾	43⅞	+ ⅛
60	60¼	1,500	Va.-Caro. Chemical	60	60¼	60	60¼	+ ½
193⅜	193⅝	300	Wabash	19¼	19½	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
44	44¼	4,400	Wabash pf	43⅜	44¼	43⅜	44	+ ⅛
44½	45¼	100	Western Md. R'way	44⅞	44¾	44⅞	44⅞	+ ⅛
62¾	63½	1,300	Westinghouse E. & M	62½	63¼	62½	63¼	+1⅜
108	125	100	Westinghouse 1st pf	114	114	114	114	+3

•Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100⅝	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102¾
3s, c., 1918	101½	102¾
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115¼
4s, c., 1925	114¼	115¼
Fan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	101
Fan. 2s, r., 1938	100¾	101
Philip'ne 4s	100½	..
Adams Exp.	230	..
Allis-C. pf.	30½	..
Am. Ag. C.	43	44
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99	101
Am. B. Sug.	34¼	34¾
Am. B. S. pf.	93½	95½
Am. Can.	9	9⅞
A. C. & F. pf.	113¼	114¾
Am. Coal.	75	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	102	103
Am. D. Tel.	15	30
Am. Exp.	240	250
A. H. & L.	6	6½
Am. L. Co. pf.	30	34
Am. Malt.	5½	6
Am. Sm. pf. B.	85	86
Am. Snuff.	278	300
Am. Sn. pf.	97½	101
Am. Sug. R. pf.	116	120
A. T. & C.	71	75
A. Tob. pf.	95½	96
Ann Arbor.	28	36
Ann A. pf.	65	72
Asso. Oil.	...	51
Beth. Steel.	23½	20
Beth. Steel pf.	...	54½
Bruns. Ter.	9½	12
B., R. & P.	95	97
B., R. & P. pf.	124	130
B. & S. pf.	...	33
But'k Co.	28½	29½
Canada So.	...	67
Cam. Fu. pf.	106	107
C., R. R. of N. J.	265	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	...	118
Chi. & Alt.	32	35¾
C. & A. pf.	...	70
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	203	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	140	150
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	150	165
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctfs.	st. 3	3½
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts.	st. 8	10
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	99	105
Cleve. & P.	171	...
C. F. & I.	35¼	35½
C. F. & I. pf.	111¾	116½
Col. & So.	57	58
Col. & So. 1st pf.	76	78
Col. & So. 2d pf.	75	78
Corn P. R. pf.	75	78
Cru. Carpet	50	63
Del. & H.	165	166
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	20
Det. U. Ry.	51	60
D., S. S. & A.	14	15
D., S. S. & A. pf.	24	28
Dul. Sup. T.	69¾	70½
Dul. Sup. T. pf.	70	...
Erie 2d pf.	34½	35
Ev. & T. H.	50	55
Ev. & T. H. pf.	75	85
F. M. & S.	25	35
F. M. & S. pf.	62	69
Fed. Sugar.	40	60
Fed. Sugar pf.	90	100
Gen. C. Co.	91½	96
Gen. C. Co. pf., ex d.	101	105
Granby Con.	35	100
Hav. E. R.	35½	37½
Hav. E. R. pf.	...	90
Hock. Val.	119	125
Hock. V. pf.	101½	..
Homestake, ex div.	86	89
Inger.-Rand	93	..
Inger.-Rand pf.	97	..
Int. Paper.	11	12
Int. P. pf.	49	50
Kan. C., Pt. S. & Mem. pf.	69	75
K. & D. M.	6	9
K. & D. M. pf.	35	50
Kn. I., Chi.	..	50
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	67	75
Lack. Steel.	41½	45
Lacl. G. pf.	85	110
L. E. & W.	17	18
L. E. & W. pf.	45	52
Mackay Cos.	88	89
Mackay Cos. pf.	74	75
Mah. C. R.	350	..
Man. Beach.	3	5
Man. Elev.	130	134
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Mer. Marine pf.	17¾	18
Mich. Cent.	..	180
M. & St. L.	29	31½
M. & St. L. pf.	..	65
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	87⅝	89½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	67	68¼
Mor. & Es.	175	185
N., C. & St. L.	129½	135
Nat. Biz.	106	108
Nat. B. pf.	121	123
Nat. Enam.	17	19
Nat. Enam. pf.	85	100
Nat. L. pf.	100½	107½
Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	64	68
Nat. R. of M. 2d pf.	26⅞	27¼
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y. A. B.	68	72
N. Y., C. & St. L.	63	66
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	83	93
N. Y. D. Co.	29	38
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	80	83
N. Y., L. & W.	120	125
N. Y., N. H. & H.	146½	132
Nor. & W.	100	100½
N. & W. pf.	90	93
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Ont. Mining	2¾	2¾
Pac. Coast.	107	110
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	33¼	35
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	100
Pco. & E.	21	25
Pere Marq.	27	35
Pere M. 1st pf.	52	60
Pere M. 2d pf.	34	41¼
Phila. Co.	94	98
P., C. & St. L. pf.	105	116
Pitts. Coal.	18	19
Pitts. C. pf.	66	71
P., Ft. W. & C.	160½	..
Pr. St. C.	35½	36
Pullman Co.	137	159½
Quicksilver.	2¾	3
Quicksilver pf.	2½	6
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	98½	103½
Rdg. 1st pf.	88¾	90
Rdg. 2d pf.	98	100
Rep. I. & S. pf.	95	98
R., W. & O.	110	123
Rub. M. M. Co. pf.	95	110
Rutland pf.	25	30
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	62	68
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	..	180
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	48	68
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	115
Sears-Roeb.	135	138
Sears-R. pf.	..	129
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	113	123
So. P. R. S. ex div.	81½	..
So. P. R. S. pf., ex d.	109	..
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	70	85
Tenn. Cop.	24½	26
Texas Pac.	30⅝	30¾
T. P. L. T.	80	95
T. P. & W.	17	..
U. B. & P.	7	8
U. B. & P. pf.	57	59
Un. Pac. pf.	93¼	94
Un. Cig. M. pf.	104	108
Un. Dry G.	101¼	102
U. Rys. In.	31	33
Va. I. C. & Coke	..	60
Vulcan Det.	15	18
Vulcan Det. pf.	60	70
W. F. Exp.	100	175
West. Md. pf.	67½	68¾
West. U. T., ex div.	63½	64¼
W. & L. E.	4	5
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	8½	10
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	4½	6
Wis. Cent.	51¼	53

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 20.—The local market, though rather quiet, showed a firm undertone throughout the session, and fractional gains generally resulted from the day's trading. Among issues showing particular activity were Amalgamated, Lake Copper, and North Butte. The close was steady, at but little under top prices for the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90½	90½	90½
7,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	66	66	66
6,000	C. B. & Q. 4s, S.W.D.	97½	97½	97½
1,500	Gen. Elec. cv. 5s	139¾	139	139⅞
6,000	K. C., M. & B. 4s	93½	93	93
2,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98½	98½	98½
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	96½	96½	96½

RAILROADS.

2	Boston Elevated	126½	126½	126½
15	Boston Suburban pf.	74	74	74
1	Boston & Albany	218	218	218
1	Boston & Maine	135½	135½	135½
3	Boston & Prov.	292	292	292
55	Bos. & Worcester pf.	40	38¾	38¾
50	Mass. Electric	16	16	16
68	N. Y., N. H. & H.	151½	150¾	151½
83	N. Y., N. H. & H., 1st paid	142	142	142
26	Old Colony	190	190	190
125	Union Pacific	173¾	173	173¾
28	West. End	88	87¾	88
2	West End pf.	101	101	101

TELEPHONES.

629	American	136⅞	136¼	136⅞
6	Cumberland	142	142	142
4	New England	133	132½	132½
40	Am. Pneu. Ser. pf.	101	101	101
280

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50 Mfgrs. Comm. Pfd.
50 Nat'l Enamel & Stpg. Pfd.
50 Peter Cooper Fire Ins.
100 Standard Motor Const.
10 United States Trust

We Will Sell

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100 Buffalo & L. E. Trac. Com.
100 Buffalo & L. E. Trac. Pfd.
50 Claflin (H. B.) 1st Pfd.
200 Cuban Amer. Sugar Com.
100 Federal Sugar Pfd.
100 Michigan Central
50 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
100 St. L., Rocky Mt. & Pac. Pfd.
50 U. S. Ind. Alcohol Com.
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Advance in Third Avenue.

Third Avenue Railroad stock sold up to 8 yesterday, showing at the close a net gain of 2½ points. About the only explanation forthcoming for this relatively large advance in a stock subject under the plan of reorganization to a heavy assessment was that the Public Service Commission might again disapprove of the plan and thus open the way to the formulation of still another plan, in which some of the stockholders hope they might fare better than in the plan now before the Public Service Commission or the previous plan submitted by the Bondholders' Committee, which the commission refused to approve.

***

Again Look to Rate Increases.

The signing of the Railroad bill by President Taft on Saturday, under the terms of which the Inter-State Commerce Commission will have the right to pass upon proposed changes in freight rates, brings forward again the proposed freight rate increase as a stock market factor. It is in the light of a speedy decision by the Inter-State Commerce Commission approving an increase in freight rates that the Street pointed yesterday to the signing of this bill as a partial explanation of the better prices which were recorded yesterday. It is assumed that the proposed increased rates will speedily be laid before the commission for its examination, and that as quickly as possible the commission will reach a decision. This programme, it is suggested, is the logical one, in view of the understanding between the President and the railroads, as a result of which the railroads suspended any effort to obtain an increase in rates until the new law became effective.

***

Improvement in Bank Statement.

The excessive loans over deposits which have been conspicuous in the bank statements since last March were reduced last week to a nominal $37,000. This indicated improvement in the local banking condition is due to the increase in deposits amounting to $10,792,200 shown in the actual figures, which brings the total of deposits up to $1,196,167,900, or, as has been said, only $37,000 less than the total of loans. Up to the week ended March 26, when loans began to show a large excess over deposits, the figures for a period of about ten weeks had been reversed and deposits had been ahead of loans for a period extending back to the middle of January.

***

Grain Up Again.

The continuance of the drought in the Spring wheat territory over Sunday, with uncommonly high temperatures, had its effect in the grain markets yesterday when wheat, notably the furthest ahead future months, advanced rapidly. The lack of moisture in the Northwest has been a matter of apprehension for some time past, but traders have been in daily expectation of the coming of needed rain. In some sections precipitation has never been so slight over recent months since the drought years after the civil war. Crop experts are now beginning to predict serious loss in the Spring wheat harvest unless copious rains occur immediately, and in some quarters the prospective loss is put as high as 20 or 30 per cent.

***

World's Crop Outlook.

Returns gathered by Broomhall's from sections of the world where wheat is growing show a less favorable outlook on the whole than at this season last year. In India probability of a less than normal monsoon caused fear for a yield less than full. In Russia droughts are affecting the grain in the Southwest, while in the Southeastern territory there is complaint of wet weather. In the Balkan conditions are more favorable, but some damage has been caused by floods, and in Roumania, though the crop has made good progress, heavy rains have affected it. In Northern Africa a poor yield is indicated, but in Austria-Hungary harvest prospects are excellent, despite the recent floods. In other parts of Europe conditions on the whole are normal.

***

Prospects of a Holiday.

The Stock Exchange members have sent a petition to the Governors to close the board on Saturday, July 2, giving a triple holiday over the Fourth of July. The next meeting of the Governing Committee will be held to-morrow, on the eve of the long Summer vacation. There is little doubt in the minds of members that the Exchange officials will look as favorably upon the petition as they have on similar moves for triple holidays earlier in the year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange house of Josephthal, Louccheim & Co. has issued a circular on Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The conversion of the bonds into stock has been given special consideration.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Lehman Brothers announce that they will close the subscription books at noon to-day for the preferred stock of the May Department Stores Company, the issue having been largely oversubscribed.

The Maiden Lane Savings Bank has joined the majority of such institutions in declaring its semi-annual dividend or interest rate as of July 1 at 4 per cent.

The German Exchange Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent.

E. S. Mendels, who, as curb agent, lays down the only law the outside brokers know, is going to sail for Europe, and prior to his departure has invited his friends to an "informal gathering of the craft" at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the Garrett Restaurant, in the West Street Building.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alpha Con.	.05	Kentucky Con	.12
Andes	.14	Mexican	1.05
Belcher	.60	Occidental Con.	.25
Bullion	.14	Ophir	.90
Caledonia	.46	Overman	.64
Challenge Con.	.18	Savage	.23
Chollar	.12	Sag Belcher	.19
Confidence	.70	Sierra Nevada	.27
Con. Imperial	.04	Union Con	.35
Gould & Curry	.15	Utah Con	.08
Hale & Norcross	.30		

Silver bars, 53¾; Mexican dollars, .45@.46½; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Combination Fract.	.52
Belmont	3.62	Crackerjack	.01
Jim Butler	.29	Daisy	.03
McNamara	.27	Goldfield Con. M.	9.92
Midway	.26	Great Bend	.03
Montana	.97	Jumbo Extension	.20
North Star	.06	Kendall	.01
Tonopah Extension	.80	Lone Star	.02
West End	.50	Red Hills	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.06
Atlanta	.11	BULFROG.	
Blue Bell	.01	Tramps Cons.	.04

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, June 20.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	9¾	10	Jackpot	10	10¾
Elkton	80	80¾	McKinney	56	57
El Paso	85¾	87	Old Gold	5	5¾
Findlay	8½	9	Portland	130	137
Gold Dollar	15	10½	Vindicator	96	99
Isabella	19¾	19¾	Jen. Samp.	10½	11½

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	June 18.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Receipts, cust.	$1,142,746	$16,748,272	$321,873,237
Internal rev.	1,540,106	15,413,388	257,826,513
Miscellaneous	200,609	4,262,755	48,421,716
Corporation tax	204,572	1,116,581	1,813,287
Total	3,097,125	37,540,996	620,934,754
Expenditures	2,031,315	34,772,909	640,441,777
Surplus	1,065,809	2,768,087	*10,507,022

*Deficit.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Aside from the brisk trading in elevated railway stock, business on the local Exchange presented little in the way of feature. The leading issues were only moderately active, and the prices generally held about steady.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Can	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
100	Am. Can pf	70¼	70¼	70¼
15	Am. Radiator pf	130	130	130
85	Booth Fisheries pf	60	60	60
75	Chi. Pneu. Tool	40	40	40
100	Chi. Rys., Series 2	17	17	17
60	Chi. Telephone	120	119¾	120
14	Diamond Match	98	97½	97½
175	Illinois Brick	77¼	77	77¼
2,346	Met. Elevated	24½	23¾	24½
2,488	Met. Elev. pf	70	67	69
50	Nat. Biscuit	107½	107	107½
80	Nat. Carbon	117	116	117
100	N. W. Elevated	18	18	18
225	N. W. Elev. pf	62	59	62
78	People's Gas	107¾	107	107
110	Quaker Oats pf	103	102½	102½
10	Sears-Roebuck	156	156	156
8	Sears-Roebuck pf.	119	118¾	118¾
900	South Side Elev.	71	67	71
164	Swift & Co.	104½	104	104½
160	United Box Board	6¼	6	6¼

BONDS.

$8,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	Chi. Ed. 1st mtg. 5s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Com. Edison 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
7,000	Com. Edison 5s	101	101	101

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

There was little or no interest manifested at the Metal Exchange yesterday. Copper was a shade off in the asking price. Tin ruled steady.

On the London Metal Exchange spot copper at the close noted a recession of 1s 3d from the initial price of the day, but unchanged from Friday's final figure; futures, on the other hand, advanced 1s 3d over the opening quotations of the day, but receded a like amount from the final figure of Friday. The market finished quiet, closing quotations ruling at, spot, £55; futures, £55 13s 9d. Pig tin ended steady, with spot deliveries up 11s 3d, to £148 13s 9d, and future deliveries 7s 6d higher, to £149 12s 6d. Spelter was steady and unchanged, at £22. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 48s 10½d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Monday.		Friday.	
Stand. Cop.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.00	12.20	12.00	12.30
June	12.00	12.20	12.02	12.27½
July	12.00	12.20	12.05	12.20
August	12.00	12.20	12.05	12.25
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.15	5.50	5.15	5.50
Tin	32.60	32.80	32.62½	32.75

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PRICE ON APPLICATION.
CLARK, DODGE & CO.
51 Wall Street — BANKERS — New York

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and McAdoo Tunnel Terminals, Jersey City, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,000,000.00
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST GUARANTEED ON YOUR SAVINGS UP TO $3,000 IN OUR SPECIAL DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT.
JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice President. — WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. — J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

SAFETY
and income best combined in the
4% or 4½% TAX EXEMPT
Guaranteed Mortgages on New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President
CAPITAL & SURPLUS - $6,000,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan — 184 Montague St., Brooklyn

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Bowery Savings Bank
128 AND 130 BOWERY,
NEW YORK, June 15, 1910.
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 18, 1910.
Money deposited before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1910.
HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.
July 1, 1910, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
74 and 76 Wall Street.
THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, and in accordance with the Savings Bank Law, for the six months ending June 30th, 1910.
On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.
Payable on and after Monday, July 18th, 1910.
DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
New York, June 15th, 1910.
Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
The Trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, on July 1, 1910, at the rate of **4%** PER ANNUM on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000, payable on and after July 18, 1910.
Deposits made before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1910.
Accounts can be opened by mail.
Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free.
WM. J. ROOME, President.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.
23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE

Metropolitan Savings Bank
1 and 3 THIRD AVE. (opp. Cooper Institute)
CHARTERED 1852.
114th DIVIDEND
New York, June 14th, 1910.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1910, at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000, INTEREST PAYABLE JULY 20th, 1910.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before July 13th will draw interest from July 1st.
JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Pierrepont & Clinton Sts.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
June 15, 1910.
Interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM will be credited to depositors with this bank, July 1st next, on all sums entitled thereto (payable on and after July 20th). Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.
BRYAN H. SMITH, President.
EDWIN P. MAYNARD, Comptroller.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Cashier.

$25,000,000
SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
San Francisco Terminal First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds
DUE APRIL 1, 1950
INTEREST PAYABLE APRIL 1 AND OCTOBER 1.

The entire issue outstanding (but not any part), subject to redemption by the Company at 105% and accrued interest on April 1, 1915, or on any interest day thereafter.
Coupon Bonds in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100 each, with privilege of registration as to principal. Fully Registered Bonds interchangeable with Coupon Bonds.
Principal and interest payable without deduction for any tax or taxes which the Company may be required to pay thereon, or to retain therefrom, under any present or future law of the United States or of any State, Territory, County, Municipality or other taxing authority therein.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE ABOVE BONDS AT 93 PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DELIVERY.

The subscription will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Friday, June 24, 1910, or earlier, the right being reserved to reject any applications and to award a smaller amount than applied for. The undersigned reserve the right to close the subscription at any time without notice.

A first payment of $50 per $1,000 bond subscribed for must accompany all subscriptions. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscriptions will be payable on July 7, 1910, at the office of the undersigned, against temporary certificates exchangeable for engraved bonds as soon as ready.

If no allotment be made the first payment will be repaid in full, and if only a portion of the amount applied for be allotted the balance of the first payment will be applied towards the amount due on July 7, 1910. No interest will be allowed on such first payment. If any further balance remains, such balance will be repaid. Failure to pay the second instalment, when due, will render the previous payment liable to forfeiture.

For full information as to this issue of bonds, reference is made to the mortgage and to a letter from R. S. Lovett, Esq., President of the Southern Pacific Company, copies of which can be obtained from the undersigned.

From said letter it appears that

1. These bonds are secured by first mortgage on an important terminal railroad and indispensable terminal property in the City of San Francisco, California, believed to have a present value of fully $30,000,000, i. e., considerably more than the entire amount of the present issue of Bonds.
2. The property covered by this mortgage is used by every train of the Southern Pacific Company's system entering the City of San Francisco; that is, all local and transcontinental business, except that ferried across San Francisco Bay.
3. These Bonds are the direct obligation of the Southern Pacific Company, whose system, owned and controlled, earned a surplus income over all charges, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909, amounting to $26,879,402.
4. An issue of these Bonds will also be made in Germany, England, Switzerland and Holland, and both principal and interest will be payable in German Marks, English Pounds, Swiss Francs and Dutch Guilders, thus insuring a wide international market.
5. These Bonds are legal investment for Savings Banks and Trustees in the State of California, and are free from taxation in California, under the laws of that State, or of any County, Municipality or other taxing authority therein.

A simultaneous issue of these Bonds is being made in Berlin by Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft, Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft and Nationalbank für Deutschland; in Hamburg by Messrs. M. M. Warburg & Co. and Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg; in Frankfort o/M by Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft; in London by Messrs. J. Henry Schroder & Co.; in Basel by Schweizerischer Bankverein; in Zürich by Eidgenoessische Bank and Schweizerische Kreditanstalt; and in Amsterdam by Messrs. Hope & Co.

An issue is also being made in Boston by Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co., in San Francisco by Wells Fargo-Nevada National Bank, Anglo and London-Paris National Bank and Canadian Bank of Commerce; in Los Angeles by the Farmers & Merchants National Bank, and in Portland (Oregon) by the United States National Bank.

Application will be made to list the Bonds on the New York, Berlin, Hamburg, Frankfort, London, Basel, Zürich, Geneva and Amsterdam Stock Exchanges.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.,
William and Pine Streets.
New York, June 20, 1910.

STATE OF NEW YORK
4 Per Cent. Canal Improvement Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
Dated July 1, 1910. — Due July 1, 1960.
AMOUNTING TO
$11,000,000
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form.
Will Be Sold Thursday, July 14, 1910,
At 2 o'Clock P. M.,
At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.
$10,000,000 for the Improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain Canals
$1,000,000 for the Improvement of the Cayuga and Seneca Barge Canal
These Bonds Are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent. of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Canal Improvement," and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

CLARK WILLIAMS, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.
Albany, June 20, 1910.

COBALTS—NEVADAS—COPPERS.
EPPS MARKET LETTER
Curb Mining Stocks — Free Weekly
EDWARD R. EPPS & CO., 25 Broad St., N. Y.
BANKER, CONNECTED WITH BANK Associations, syndicates, capitalists, has very important capitals available for Industrial, Commercial, and Mining enterprises, for the establishing of Limited Companies, purchase of Shares, Bonds. Finances enterprises for 100,000 francs (minimum) and up. Write LEFORT, 51 RUE DE PARADIS, PARIS.

DIVIDENDS.

American Woolen Company
Forty-Fifth Quarterly Dividend
Notice is hereby given that the regular quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Capital Stock of the American Woolen Company of record June 24, 1910, will be paid on the 15th day of July, 1910.
Transfer books for Preferred Stock will be closed at the close of business June 24, 1910, and will be reopened July 8, 1910.
Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.
WM. H. DWELLY, Jr., Treasurer.
Boston, Mass., June 14, 1910.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
A Dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Friday, July 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, June 30, 1910.
WILLIAM R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer, New York, June 8th, 1910.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, payable at this office on the 15th day of July next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Tuesday, the 21st inst. EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

AMALGAMATED ASBESTOS CORPORATION, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that a quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Shares of the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable on July 1st, 1910, to shareholders of record June 20th, 1910.
Cheques will be mailed.
By order of the Board.
R. P. DOUCET,
Secretary-Treasurer.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, June 17th, 1910.
The Board of Directors have to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of thirteen (13) per cent., free of tax, payable July 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until July 2d, 1910. W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
The Board of Directors of this Company at a meeting held this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of three per cent. and an extra dividend of two per cent. on its outstanding capital stock, payable July 16th, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business on June 25th, 1910, at which time transfer books will be closed; same to be reopened on the morning of July 16th.
McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
W. L. THOMPSON, Treasurer.
Dated Toronto, Canada, May 27th, 1910.

COLUMBIA BANK.
507 Fifth Avenue. Near Forty-second St.
THE FORTY-FOURTH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.
New York, June 15, 1910.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Six (6%) Per Cent. and an extra dividend of Four (4%) Per Cent., free of tax, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on July 1st, 1910.
The transfer books will remain closed until that date.
W. S. GRIFFITH, Cashier.

The German Exchange Bank
New York, June 17th, 1910.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of TEN (10%) PER CENT., free from tax, payable on and after July 1st, 1910. The transfer books will remain closed from June 20th until July 1st, 1910, inclusive.
EDMUND F. SWANBERG, Cashier.

Chartered 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, June 30, 1910.
The President and Directors of The Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of 6%, free from tax, payable on and after July 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 25th, 1910. Transfer books will remain closed until July 1st, 1910.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

The National Butchers & Drovers' Bank.
683-5 BROADWAY.
New York, June 16th, 1910.
The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Three (3) per cent., free of tax, payable on and after July 1st, 1910.
The transfer books will be closed from June 16th until July 1st, 1910.
WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., June 8, 1910.
A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the registered holders on the 1st day of July, 1910. Transfer books will be closed on the 14th inst., and will be reopened July 2, 1910.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

RIO PLATA MINING COMPANY.
175 Fifth Avenue, New York, June 14, 1910.
The Directors have this day declared the regular two per cent. quarterly dividend, payable to stockholders of record June 20, 1910. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. Monday, June 20, and reopened on July 1.
JAMES H. LEE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the Stockholders of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company, to be held at the general office of the Company, in the City of Parsons, Kansas, on Saturday, the 30th day of July, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:
(a) To consent to, approve and authorize an increase of the bonded indebtedness of the Company by the creation of mortgage gold bonds of the Company, to be limited to a principal amount at any one time outstanding of not exceeding $125,000,000 in gold coin of the United States; such bonds to bear interest from April 1, 1910, at such rate or rates, not exceeding five per cent. per annum, as the Board of Directors of the Company may, from time to time, determine; to mature at such date; to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations; to be payable, both principal and interest, at such place or places, in such currency or currencies and at such fixed rate or rates of exchange, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions as said Board may determine;
(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery to secure said bonds of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust, or at any time thereafter acquired by it by the use of any of such bonds or their proceeds;
(c) To approve the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, or to authorize the Board of Directors, in its discretion, to determine the form and terms thereof and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;
(d) To ratify and confirm and to authorize and consent to any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors and which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of or in connection with or in contemplation of any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise; and
(e) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for such meeting on Thursday, the 30th day of June, 1910, at 3:00 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 1st day of August, 1910, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.
Dated, Parsons, Kansas, May 31, 1910.
By order of the Board of Directors.
EDWIN HAWLEY,
Chairman of the Board.
C. N. WHITEHEAD, Secretary.

NOTICE OF MEETING OF VELLEMAN & CO. INC.
Pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors of VELLEMAN & CO. INC., a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 679 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of June, 1910, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved in accordance with the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, being Chapter 23 of the Consolidated Laws.
Dated, New York, June 6th, 1910.
ABRAHAM VELLEMAN,
President.
HATTIE VELLEMAN,
Secretary.

New York, June 6, 1910.
A special meeting of the stockholders of the Canneiton Coal Company of West Virginia will be held at 53 William St., New York, on Tuesday, June 21, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M.
CHARLES REMSEN, Secretary.
No. 55 William St.

PROPOSALS.

ELECTRICAL SECURITIES CORPORATION SIXTH SERIES COLLATERAL TRUST SINKING FUND 5 PER CENT. BONDS.
THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee under the indenture securing the same, invites proposals for the sale of as many of the bonds of the issue above described as can be purchased for the sum of One Hundred and Seventeen Thousand Dollars, ($117,000.) Sealed proposals will be received at the office of The Standard Trust Company of New York, 25 Broad Street, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, June 28th, 1910. All bonds accepted will be paid for on Thursday, June 30th, 1910, on delivery, together with accrued interest to that date.
THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By WM. C. COX, Vice President.

PROPOSALS.—U. S. DEPARTMENT OF Agriculture, office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C., June 17, 1910. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Disbursing Clerk until 2 P. M., Friday, June 24, 1910, for furnishing a refrigerating machine. Specifications and full information furnished on application to the Disbursing Clerk. Bids must be sealed and address to the Secretary of Agriculture, JAMES WILSON, Secretary.

Best Wall Street news for investors, bankers, and brokers, and all interested in financial and industrial progress in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Valuable correspondence from leading monetary centres and accurate quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Range of prices for many years. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year. Good binder to hold the Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Sales Aggregating $3,000,000 in Seventh Avenue District—Newbold Morris Gives Many Parcels in Exchange for the Dreadnaught—Woolworth Buys 10 Park Place.

Sales of property contingent to Seventh Avenue just north of the Pennsylvania terminal and leases for buildings about to be erected aggregating close to $3,000,000 gave further evidence yesterday of the great commercial transformation about to take place in this section of the city. All of these deals were made through M. & L. Hess.

Of first importance was the sale for Michael Coleman to the P. J. Carlin Construction Company of the property 209 to 219 West Thirty-eighth Street, size 120 by 98.9. The purchaser will at once begin the erection of a twelve-story and loft with a carrying capacity of 300 pounds to the square foot, from plans being drawn by Frank J. Helmle. The brokers have leased the projected building, containing 150,000 square feet, to Julius Blen & Co., printers and lithographers, now at 140 Sixth Avenue, for a period of twenty-one years, from March 1, 1911. This involves, together with the cost of the land and building, an outlay of $2,250,000.

The same firm has sold for various owners to the Realty Holding Company 223 to 231 West Thirty-eighth Street, size 103 by 98.9, immediately to the west of the above, and which will probably be improved in a similar manner in the near future. They have also sold to the Realty Holding Company for various owners 234 to 238 West Thirty-sixth Street, size 99.2 by 98.9, and 239 West Thirty-fifth Street, 21 by 98.9, abutting in the rear.

The Realty Holding Company is also the purchaser of 214 West Thirty-seventh Street, 20.10 by 60, and of 208 to 222 West Fortieth Street, the latter plot covering an area of 114 by 98.9.

Dreadnaught Sale a $1,250,000 Deal.

Newbold T. Morris is the purchaser of the ten-story apartment house Dreadnaught, on the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Cathedral Parkway, reported sold on Sunday by the Yorktown Realty Company, (C. M. Silverman & Son and Charles Gross.)

Mr. Morris gives in part payment 90 Wall Street, 74 and 76 Front Street, four-story business buildings, and sixty-two lots in the Bronx situated on Webster, College, and Findlay Avenues, being, respectively, as follows: A plot on the west side of Webster Avenue, north of 168th Street, 100 by 100; a plot 100 feet north of 167th Street, running from Grant to Sherman Avenue, 200 by 449; a plot on the east side of Grant Avenue, 100 feet north of 167th Street, 350 feet front and rear by 100; a plot 200 feet north of 168th Street, running from College to Findlay Avenue, 200 by 270, and a plot on the southerly side of 168th Street, running from College to Findlay Avenue, 200 by 200.

The Yorktown Realty Company intends to put these properties on the market for immediate sale.

The Dreadnaught was finished last May and is more than half rented and will be under the management of Calder & Nassoit, who were the brokers in the sale. The entire deal represents about $1,250,000. Mr. Morris was represented by Hall, Hawkes & Prentice as attorneys.

Woolworth Buys 10 Park Place.

Frank W. Woolworth has added to his extensive holdings on the southwest corner of Broadway and Park Place by purchasing the five-story building at 10 Park Place on plot 25 by 75.4. It was sold by William C. Walker's Sons for the estate of W. S. Chrystie. Mr. Woolworth bought the Bangs building at 231 Broadway from Sarah B. Haight a few weeks ago, thus insuring light on both sides for his new twenty-story building.

Mrs. Harper Buys H. W. Poor Stable.

William A. White & Sons have sold to Mrs. Henry S. Harper the property 134 East Twenty-second Street, on lot 16.3 by 98.9. This purchase gives Mrs. Harper a plot, 50 by 100, in the rear of her residence, at 131 East Twenty-first Street, which fronts on Gramercy Park. The property just purchased by Mrs. Harper is the former Henry W. Poor stable lately sold by Mrs. Poor to Charles Buek when he purchased the Poor house at 1 Lexington Avenue and facing Gramercy Park. Mrs. Harper now owns 134, 136, and 138 East Twenty-second Street.

Buys Plot for 36th Street Loft.

S. B. Goodale & Son have resold 53, 55, and 57 West Thirty-sixth Street, three dwelling houses, on plot 60 by 98.9. The same brokers sold this property for various owners one month ago. The purchasers, the Fackner-Coates Construction Company, will commence the erection of a twelve-story store and loft building. The lofts will be constructed with particular reference to the needs of the best class of wholesale trade.

West Side Apartments Sold.

The H. G. Realty Company (Harry Guttmann, President) has sold the new six-story elevator apartment house at the northwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 174th Street, on plot fronting 100 feet on the avenue and 125 feet on the street.

The purchaser is Frederick Britsch, who gives in part payment a vacant plot on the northwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 153d Street, having a frontage of 129 feet on the avenue and 135 feet on 153d Street. The new owners contemplate erecting a high-class apartment on the site.

Earle & Calhoun have sold for Eliza T. Wray of Highland Mills, N. Y., the five-story single apartment house 115 West Seventy-first Street, on plot 25 by 100.

Robert M. Grant has sold the plot, 52 by 74 and irregular, on the east side of St. Nicholas Avenue, 25 feet north of 160th Street.

B. Flanagan & Son sold 193 Edgecombe Avenue, a three-story high-stoop dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.

New Seventh Avenue Hotel.

A company headed by Timothy F. Paddell, former proprietor of the Hermitage Hotel, is the lessee of the property at the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-first Street. The lease is for a long term of years. The company will make extensive alterations to the five-story buildings and use them for hotel and restaurant purposes.

Bronx Sales.

David L. Woodall has sold for Sarah M. Jefferson a gore, 110 by 48 by 99, on the west side of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 28 feet north of 176th Street. The same broker has also sold for D. W. Pattison a plot 50 by 100, 25 feet east of Kossuth Place, on Mosholu Parkway North.

The three-story two-family brick house at 893 Irvine Street, on lot 25 by 100, has been sold by A. Mantinband for the Albion Realty Company to a client.

John A. Steinmetz has sold for J. McGuire the three-family brick house on lot 25 by 100 at 1,092 Belmont Avenue to F. Rietel.

Corn Exchange Bank Buys at Greenpoint.

One of the most important sales made in Greenpoint, L. I., in many years has been negotiated by J. P. Sloane, who, as the representative of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, sold the southeast corner of Manhattan and Greenpoint Avenues for $95,000 to the Corn Exchange Bank. The bank will occupy the corner for its Greenpoint branch. This sale establishes new values for Manhattan Avenue.

Brooklyn Sale.

A. Mantinband has sold for Annie Cohn to a client the three-story flat and store at 479 Union Street, on plot 16.8 by 100.

Suburban Sales.

L. N. Nicholson & Co. have made the following sales at Lyndhurst, N. J.: To Richard Powers, an eight-room house on a large plot for $4,800; to Robert MacMillan, a six-room house on plot 50 by 100, for $2,650; to John Roycroft, a six-room house on the northeast corner of Weart and Fern Avenues for $2,850; to John Henry Kroohs, a six-room house on Livingston Avenue for $3,200.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have sold the water-front plot, No. 16, at Shippan Manor, Stamford, Conn., adjoining the one sold last week. It has a frontage of 110 feet.

Barcelona Peninsula, near Sag Harbor, L. I., has been sold to a New York purchaser by J. C. Hand, through C. Howard Finch. The property contains several hundred acres of woodland and cleared lots. It has five miles of water front on Shelter Island Sound and Northwest River. A year ago Mr. Hand refused an offer of $50,000 for the tract.

Fort Washington Lots at Auction.

A trustee's sale to close the Bedford estate of 33 lots and plots on Broadway, Riverside Drive, Fort Washington Avenue, Bennett Avenue and Overlook Terrace (proposd) will be held to-day by Joseph P. Day at the Vesey Street salesrooms. Thirteen of these lots are on the west side of Broadway, eleven of them are nearly opposite Nagel Avenue, between Bennett Avenue and the intersection of Fort Washington Avenue and Broadway, and two are 44 feet north of Watkins Place. Eight deep lots, 50 by 400, are immediately north of the C. K. G. Billings estate. The Riverside Drive plots are west of and directly opposite the Billings home, and with the Fort Washington Avenue lots command an excellent view of the surrounding section. The Broadway lots are at 194th Street, near the intersection of Fort Washington Avenue and Broadway, and a short distance from the new subway station at 191st Street.

Apartment Hotel in 82d Street.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story brick apartment hotel, to be erected at 308 West Eighty-second Street, for the Waters Gatling Improvement Company, of which John R. Waters is President, at a cost of $85,000. The building will have a frontage of 25 feet, with a depth of 80.6, with a facade of brick with trimmings of limestone and terra cotta.

Big Garage for Columbus Circle.

Plans have been filed for the George Ehret Automobile Industry Building, which will be two stories high and located on the east side of Broadway, Columbus Circle, Fifty-eighth to Fifty-ninth Street. John R. Hinchman and Walker & Hazard are the architects. The cost is placed at $120,000.

Notes.

Charles Friz is the buyer of the four-story tenement at 1,660 First Avenue, on plot 25 by 74, between Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh Streets, sold by George Pfoff.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Mrs. William Cumming Story her place on the corner of Ocean Avenue and Briarwood Crossing, Cedarhurst, L. I., to Mrs. Margaret B. Harrison.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has rented the second floor of the building at 27 Beekman Street for Potter & Brother, Inc., to Peter de Julio, representing the American Steel Chase Company. This property is a part of a plot of 18,000 square feet which the Potters have acquired in the block bounded by Beekman, William, Ann and Nassau Streets, and the Noyes Company announces that all of the space is rented.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased for Bernard Kreizer to Stollwerck Brothers, Inc., the large store and basement in the building 28 and 30 West Broadway through to and including 66 Park Place.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

6th Av, 503, w s, 30 ft n of 30th St, 17x46.3x 26x41.5, four-story brick tenement and store; foreclosure sale, withdrawn.

Freeman St, 803, n s, 98.7 ft e of Union Av, 20x86.9, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, F. B. Hofman, $5,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Water St, 428, n s, 70 ft w of Market Slip, 20x60, five-story brick tenement and store; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c, which Erna Hertz had on March 8, 1910, or since; adjourned sine die.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Long Experience and Strong Financial Connections

are potent influences in placing a satisfactory mortgage loan. There is practically no feasible loan, **Building or Permanent**, that cannot be promptly obtained through this office at reasonable fixed charges.

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INVESTORS, ATTENTION.
Have 6% first mortgages for sale in amounts $10,000, $6,500, and $1,500 on real estate in ROCKLAND COUNTY, New York. Principal and interest guaranteed. Safe investment for Trust Funds. For particulars,
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4½% and 5% Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage in any amounts.
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2 SECOND MORTGAGES 2
A Retired Manufacturer has placed with me to purchase first-class mtgs.
$200,000
at less than usual market rate.
(Second mortgages exclusively.)
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135 Broadway.

INVESTORS, ATTENTION!
5½% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $200 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Halley, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

2 SECOND MORTGAGES 2
WANTED
Seconds exclusively.
HOWARD MOSHER,
135 Broadway.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
LOW RATES OF INTEREST.
MODERATE CHARGES; PROMPT ACTION.
PIERRE M. CLEAR, 261 BROADWAY.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JUNE 20.

With name and address of purchaser.

3D AV, 1,317, e s, 18.9x105; Martha Buchsweiler to Ernest N. Adler, one-half part, (mtg $29,850,) Dec. 15, 1909; address, 1,300 1st Av, $100.

80TH ST, 171 East, n s, 16.8x100; Estelle L. Hofman and others to Operating Realty Co, all title, (mtg $6,000,) June 18; attorneys, Cahn, Nordlinger & Landauer, 160 Broadway, $3,300.

SAME property; Katie Tiner and others to same, 4-5 parts, (mtg $6,000,) June 15; attorneys, same, $100.

75TH ST, 113 West, e s, 20x102.2; Rachel Adams and another, executors, to Mary E. Tomoney, June 16; attorneys, Cardoza & Nathan, 128 Broadway, $100.

3TH AV, 1,480, e s, 37.8x100; Louis Israel to Bernard Moss, June 18; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway, $1.

POST AV, e s, 100 ft n of Hawthorne St, 50x 150; Anopline M. Knapp to Annie K. Wait of Newburg, N. Y., all title, quitclaim, June 15; address, A. K. Wait, Newburg, $100.

ACADEMY ST, s s, 217 ft e of Seaman Av, 100x141.6; Angeline M. Knapp to Annie K. Wait of Newburg, N. Y., all title, quitclaim, June 15; address, same, $100.

DECATUR AV, 3,217, w s, 25x100; Rachel Hattenbach to Joseph Hattenbach, 2-5 part, June 17; Joseph Hattenbach, 101 West 112th St, $100.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 127th St, 20x85; P. Henry Dugro, executor, to Mary Therry, June 16; Mary Therry, 2,004 5th Av, $20,000.

ALEXANDER AV, s e corner of 153d St, 47x75; Joseph W. Davis to Elwood C. Davis, (mtg $3,000,) July 31, 1903; Elwood C. Davis, 237 Willis Av, $100.

1ST AV, 180, s e corner of 11th St, 23.8x94; Peter L. Bernhardt to Henry Bernhardt and another, (mtg $5,500,) June 17; attorneys, Lesser Brothers, 299 Broadway, $100.

157TH ST, n s, 425 ft w of 7th Av, 25x92; Florence Joel to Francis O'Sullivan of Bergen County, N. J., all title, June 3; attorney, William C. Daly, 7 Pine St., $1.

PRINCE ST, s s, 47.5 ft w of West Broadway, 23.7x101; Leopold Kaufmann to Jonas Weil and another, (mtg $27,000,) June 20; address, 5 Beekman St, $100.

PRINCE ST, s s, 47.5 ft w of West Broadway, 23.7x101; Jonas Weil and others to Leonard Kaufmann, (mtg $30,000,) June 20; Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St, $100.

161ST ST, 770 East, s s, 21.9x76.2; Jacob Joung and others to Harry Meltzer and another, quitclaim and correction deed, June 17; attorneys, Monfried & Feinberg, 150 Nassau St, $100.

SAME PROPERTY; Richard F. Kennellie to same, (mtg $4,200,) June 18; attorneys, same, $100.

FULTON ST, 125, n s, (Ann St, 41,) 25x118.11 to s s of Ann St, x 25.2x118.11; Louis Silverman to Thomas W. Evans Museum and Institute Society, a Pennsylvania corporation, all title, release, quitclaim, &c, June 16; attorneys, Davies, Stone, Auerbach & Cornell, 32 Nassau St, $1.

LOT 150, map of 229 lots, part Schieffelin estate; Abraham Shatzkin to Salvatore Maricola, all liens, June 18; address, 236 East 109th St, $100.

IRVINE ST, w s, 149.4 ft s of Garrison Av, 20x50; Morris Lazar to Adolph Lowy, ½ part, (mtg $6,250,) June 16; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St, $100.

PLEASANT AV, 340, s s, 20x88; Peter L. Bernhardt to Henry Bernhardt and Helena Bauer of Philadelphia; attorneys, Lesser Brothers, 299 Broadway, $100.

MADISON AV, 1,994, n w corner of 127th St, 20.4x35; George F. Handel to Emily M. Roemer, June 18; attorneys, James, Schell & Elkus, 170 Broadway, $1.

SAME PROPERTY; Emily M. Roemer to Garfield Building Co, (mtg $12,000,) June 20; attorney, Albert L. Phillips, 99 Nassau St, $1.

199TH ST, s s, 90.11 ft e of Marlon Av, 25x 62.6; George V. Mullan to Ernest Hemmer, quitclaim, July 22, 1909; address, 37 Liberty St., $1.

WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 172d St, 110x109.8; Rudolph and Henry Weber to Henry Lang, quitclaim, June 13; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $1.

LOTS 41 to 43, Block C, map of Lester Park; Robert L. Prange to Theresa V. K. Burke, (mtg $1,500,) June 17; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $100.

LOT 283, map of Van Nest Park; James J. Drum to Ida Macousey, June 11; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $100.

48TH ST, 507 West, n s, 25x100.5; Lith Realty Co. to Melvina S. Joiner of Pike, Wyoming Co., N. Y., mtg $21,500, May 24; M. E. Louver, 115 Broadway, $1.

5TH AV, s w corner of 126th St, 20.10x85; Richard H. Clarke, referee, to George Waddington, as trustee, (foreclosure, June 7, 1910,) June 20; address, 79 Wall St., $24,000.

67TH ST, 216 West, s s, 25x100.5; Charles E. Williams and others to Hannah Abraham, mtg $13,000, June 13; John M. Ruck, 116 Nassau St, $100.

WENDOVER AV, s s, 151.7 ft e of Washington Av, 25.3x169.7; Henry Brandt to Olga Balaban, mtg $25,000, June 20; Boudin & Lehman, 302 Broadway, $100.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,717, e s, 16.8x65, partition, May 18, 1910; Samson Lachman, referee, to the New Amsterdam Realty Co. and Benjamin Bernstein, mtg $6,000; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, 37 Wall St, $10,150.

SAME PROPERTY; New Amsterdam Realty Co. and Benjamin Bernstein to Sigmund Nichthauser, mtg $9,000; James T. Brady, 409 Broadway, $100.

3D AV, 1,763, e s, 25x87.9, foreclosure, June 13, 1910; Frank Hendrick, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., June 17; Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St, $21,000.

167TH ST, 557 East, n s, 25x103.3; Gissella Mechtway to Morris Kronovett and Lena Stoloff, June 23; A. S. Jaffer, 198 Broadway, $100.

8TH ST, s s, 412.3 ft e of Avenue B, 21.0x97.6; same to same, June 20, all liens; address, 198 Broadway, $100.

60TH ST, 30 West, s s, 20x100.5; Daniel J. O'Conor to Mayer S. Auerbach, June 14; attorneys, Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $1.

37TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Madison Av, 25x 98.9; Charles F. Easton and others, heirs, &c, of Mary E. Fuller, to Kate W. Winthrop of Lenox, Mass., May 20; attorneys, same, $1.

CLAY AV, 1,144, e s, 30x80; A. J. Schwarzler Co. to Henry Frank and Pauline, his wife, as tenants by entirety, mtgs $24,400, June 20; Edwin J. Krog, jr., 150 Nassau St., $100.

22D ST, 143 West, n s, 20.10x98.9; Anna S. B., wife of, and Frank R. Chandler to Aaron and Herman Younker, B. & S., May 27; E. M. Chevalier, Chicago, Ill., $100.

INTERIOR lot at e s of 2d Av, between 21st and 22d Sts, 60 ft e of Lexington Av, 45x24.8, Charles Buek to Sarah C. and Eleanor G. Hewitt, June 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $100.

22D ST, s s, 165 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.3x 98.9; Charles Buek to Myra R., wife of Henry S. Harper, June 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $100.

COLLEGE AV, 1,320, e s, 626.5 ft s of 170th St, 16.8x100; College Av, 1,324, e s, 593.1 ft s of 170th St, 16.8x100; College Av, 1,320 to 1,334, each 16.8x100, B and S all; Charles H. Baechler to Kingston Securities Co; liens; June 10; attorneys, Gifford, Hobbs & Beard, 5 Nassau St., $1.

HULL AV, n e corner of 209th St, 75x100; mtg $6,000; Parkside Pl, w s, 95 ft n of 209th St, 50x100 to e s Decatur Av; mtg $4,000; Fordham Av (and 3d Av,) n w corner of 186th St, original line runs 472 ft to w s 3d Av and n along 3d Av 37.10x w 153.6x s 85 to n s 180th St x e 150.9 to beginning; mtgs $50,000, with all title to slip at n e corner of above between old line of Fordham Av and new line of 3d Av; 181st St, n s, 102.1 ft e of 3d Av, 35.7x131.6; mtg $3,000, June 20; Mark Levy to Hubbard Realty Co. M. Nussbaum, 261 Broadway; consideration, entire capital stock Hubbard Realty Co., par value $40,000.

8TH AV, 2,453, w s, 25x100; 8th Av, 2,910, n e corner of 151st St, 24.11x100; Henry L. Wolff to Flow Realty Co.; June 20; attorneys, Merrill & Rogers, 128 Broadway, $100.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 544.11 ft s of Fordham Road, 20x100; Hy. H. Vought and others to Mary Boyland; mtg $7,500; June 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $1.

DAVIDSON AV, s w corner of 190th St, 270.5 x200 to e s of Grand Av x229.2 to 190th St x200.5; Mary F. Macdougall to Frederick W. Devoe, all title, B and S; June 20; Charles W. Ridgway, 100 Broadway, $1.

10TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Lot 220, 50x100, being part of Lot 221, map of Unionport; Albert S. Baxter to Christian Vordrau's Sons, a corporation; May 28; George Costor, 1,922 Tremont Av, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified, with name and address of lender's attorney.

TOMONEY, Mary E., to Rachel Adams and another, executors; 75th St, 113 West, s s, 20x102.2, June 16, due as per bond; attorneys, Cardozo & Nathan, 128 Broadway, $18,000.

ROEMER, Louis, to Manhattan Mortgage Company; 8th Av, 1,307, June 17, due as per bond; Manhattan Mortgage Company, 200 Broadway, $4,500.

ARMITAGE, Isaac F., to Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association; Catherine St, s e s, being s w 24 ft of Lot 238 of map of Washingtonville, 24x140, prior mtg $1,900, May 26, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward G. Whitaker, 45 Broadway, $725.

GROLL, Peter J., to F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Company; 53d St, 145 East, n s, 155.8 ft e of Lexington Av, 17.10x100.5; 53d St, n s, 153.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 17.10x100.5, June 15, 1 year, 7½ p. c.; Hirsh & Ehrlich, 15 William St, $3,310.33.

SECOR, Margaret L., of Sing Sing, N. Y., to Rebecca R. Secor; Pearl St, 183 to 185, 51.6x irregular, prior mtg $72,000, Dec. 20, 1902; attorney, Henry C. Griffin, 124 West Main St, Tarrytown, N. Y., $18,000.

MACAUSEY, Ida, to James J. Drum; Lot 285, map of Van Nest Park, P. M. June 18, due Dec. 18, 1910, 6% p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av, $800.

REDMAN, Anna K. and Elsie F., to Farmers Loan and Trust Company; Park Av, 1,131, e s, 16.8x96, June 17, 1 year, as per bond; attorneys, Geller, Roiston & Horan, 22 Exchange Place, $1,000.

MONTEL REALTY COMPANY to David Ullman; Amsterdam Av, n w corner of 184th St, 99.11x100, prior mtg $60,000, June 20, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewkowitz & Schaaf, 73 Nassau St, $15,000.

METZGER, Harry, and Benjamin Rosen to Richard F. Kennellie; 161st St, 470 East, s s, 21.9x16.2, June 18, prior mtg $1,500, due as per bond; Richard F. Kennellie, 1,222 St. Lawrence Av, $2,700.

NORTON, Mary E., to A. Gertrude Cutter; 61st St, 154 East, s s, 19x100.5, June 16, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, F. M. Tichenor, 68 Park Row, $22,000.

ABRAHAMS, Clara L., and Solomon H., to German Savings Bank; Park Av, e s, 25.8 ft n of 95th St, 25x80, June 21, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St, $18,000.

MANZ, William, to William Ebling; Cauldwell Avenue, s w corner of 158th St, 52.5x130; June 20, 1 year; attorneys, Dulon & Roe, 41 Park Row, $4,000.

BEERGIN, Thomas, to Ida Van Wert; 93d St, 60 West, n s, 19.2x100.8, June 20, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Henry W. Schutt, 229 Broadway, $3,000.

ROEMER, Emily M., to Robert McGill; Madison Av, 1,994, n w corner of 127th St, 20.4x 35, June 20, 4 years; attorneys, James, Schell & Elkus, 170 Broadway, $12,000.

BIONDI, Gabriele J., to Melrose Realty Co.; Bartholdi Av, n e corner of White Plains Road, 91.6x50x90x—, June 17, installments, without interest; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $2,350.

LANG, Henry, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Washington Av, s e corner of 172d St, 29x109.9x29.1x109.9, June 20, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $828,000.

CODINGTON, Charles H., of Newark, N. J., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Perry St, 155 to 159, n s, 66x100.3, June 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $20,000.

WEINSTEIN, Mayer J., to Milton A. Raub; 83d St, 130 West, s s, 32.4x102.2, June 20, 3 years; attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith, 35 Nassau St, $22,000.

CHRISTIAN VARNDRAN'S SONS to Albert S. Baxter; 10th St, — s, part of lot 221, map of Unionport, May 28, 3 years, 6 p. c.; Albert S. Baxter, 1,338 Blondell Av, $1,500.

ANDERSON, Henry B., to Sara Stern; 84th St, 114 to 118 East, s s, 60.2x102.2, June 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $44,000.

FRANK, Henry, to A. J. Schwarzler Co., Clay Av, 1,144, e s, 30x80, June 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. King, jr., 150 Nassau St, $3,900.

BLOCH, Caroline, wife of, and Samuel, to William B. Walsh; 5th Av, s e corner of 132d St, 22x90; St. Nicholas Av, 171, w s, 21.5x123.7, June 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Herwig, 93 Nassau St, $4,000.

NELSON, August, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co; Briggs Av, w s, 100 ft n of 196th St, 3 lots, each 20x91.11, June 20, 5 years, 3 mtgs each; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway, $6,000.

SAME to Hanson C. Gibson; Briggs Av, w s, 160 ft n of 196th St, 20x92.8, June 20, 3 years; attorney, same, $6,500.

SAME to Frederick P. Hummel; Briggs Av, w s, 180 ft n of 196th St, 20x92.1, June 20, 3 years; F. P. Hummel, 1,311 3d Av, $6,000.

McDERMOTT, Adah M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co; 177th St, s s, 100.6 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 50x100, prior mtg $5,000, June 17, due as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $1,000.

BERNHEIMER, Florence R., to National Savings Bank of Albany; 76th St, n s, 278 ft e of 5th Av, 20x102.2, due as per bond, June 20; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $20,000.

CURIEMANN, Josephine C., to Dry Dock Savings Institution; 5th Av, s w corner of 19th St, 99.9x104, June 20, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, $75,000.

ROBERTSON, John, and William Gammie, to Harlem Savings Bank; Audubon Av, n w corner of 174th St, 44x100.5x32.6x100, June 20, 5 years; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row, $37,500.

POTTER, Flora MacD., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co; Hamilton Terrace, w s, 100 ft s of 144th St, 19.6x100, June 17, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway, $12,000.

STERN, Joseph W., and Edward R. Merks, to Edward S. Clark; 6th Av, 645, s e s, 84.2x69, May 7, due as per bond; attorneys, Ver Planck, Prince & Flanders, 149 Broadway, $25,600.

AUERBACH, Mayer S., to Daniel J. O'Conor; 60th St, 20 West, s s, 20x100.5, June 20, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway, $15,000.

NEW AMSTERDAM REALTY CO. to Celia Lasker and others, executors; Lexington Av, 1,717, e s, 16.8x65, June 20, 5 years; attorney, Peno Lewinson, 119 Nassau St, $9,000.

LUTZ, Anna, to Lena Klavens; 1st Av, w s, 49.9 ft n of 21st St, 50x100, leasehold, prior mtg $2,000, May 26, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, David M. Kaplan, 30 Beekman St, $2,300.

SAXE, Sigmund, and others to Marion B. Ives of Manhattan Av, w s, 55.11 ft n of 104th St, 18x50, prior mtg $8,000, June 20, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Alexander Thain, 38 Park Row, $1,000.

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

91ST ST, 313 East, n s, 25x102.2, June 16, 1905; Julia Levy to Henry Nenbach and Bertha, his wife; Attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $8,000.

HENRY ST, 308, s s, 24x96, May 12, 1904; Max Bard to Sarah Isseks and Samuel Rosenberg; attorney, Irving I. Kremer, 302 Broadway, $6,100.

135TH ST, n s, 101.7 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 25x 100, June 13, 1907; Andrew J. Seltz to Jeanette Angele and Mathilda Clausen; J. W. Clausen, 33 Wall St, $3,500.

PROSPECT AV, s e corner of 163d St, 100x 237, Aug. 13, 1907; Bernard Heister to the Gaines-Roberts Co.; attorneys, Deyo & Bauerdorf, 111 Broadway, $5,850.

134TH ST, 107, n s, 99.11x25, April 1, 1907; Henrietta Feist to Joseph F. Feist and H. G. Heusen; Joseph F. Feist, 408 West 42d St, $5,000.

LOT 290, map of village of Wakefield, the easterly ¼ of said lot, bounded on s by n s of 3d Av (now 217th St) 25, runs e 114, n 25, w 114, June 15, 1907; Daniel Reynolds to Gustave A. Domidion; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $4,500.

45TH ST, 207 ft e of 11th Av, 100.4x26, April 4, 1908; Domenica Pinnella to Julius Bachrach; William M. Golden, jr., 203 Broadway, $4,000.

EDISON AV, e s, 175 ft n of Tremont Road, being Lot 239, Block 7, Map 1,087, Tremont Terrace, 25x100, June 15, 1907; Egbert V. Lawrence and Canning C., his wife, to E. Colgate Jones; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $1,000.

171ST ST, 137.6 ft e of Audubon Av, 37.6x95, June 17, 1907; David C. Kee to Louis K. Ungrich, executor, &c; attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St, $4,000.

PARK TERRACE WEST, Lots 149 and 150, amended map, building lots, (1,098,) 12th Ward, each lot 25x100, May 29, 1903; Elias P. Schinsky to Lawrence Drake; attorneys, Carpenter & Judge, 82 West Broadway, $3,040.

77TH ST, 19 East, n s, 102.2x18.8, June 25, 1903; Cordella & Georgiana Nelson, unmarried, and George P. Nelson, widower, to B. W. B. Brown, as trustee; B. W. B. Brown, 52 Wall St, $3,000.

AMUNDSON AV, e s, 125 ft s of Nelson Av, 25x100, Section 2, Edenwald, Nov. 9, 1909; Erik G. Nyman and Sophie, his wife, to the New York and Suburban Co-operative Building and Loan Association, by Elijah D. Clark, President; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av., $3,000.

OAKLEY ST, (now 237th St,) 150 ft w of Kepler Av, 50x100, Sept. 21, 1896; Charles Miller and Gertrude E., his wife, to Maria H. Forbes; George W. M. Clark, 1 Madison Av, $3,000.

19TH ST, 428 and 430 West, each lot 25x92, March 12, 1910; McKeon Realty Co. to Croton Securities Co.; Leslie R. Palmer, 68 William St, $3,500.

117TH ST, 144 West, s s, 25x100.11, May 16, 1910; Henry William Dazian to Moses Ufland; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway, $5,000.

VILLA AV, n e corner of 205th St, 19.10x100, Oct. 15, 1908; Francisco Merlo Construction Co. to Tomasso Rotolo; F. A. Temmler, 271 West 125th St., $1,505.

PEARL ST, 296, 25x85.8, Oct. 29, 1901; Nathan Hutkoff & Rachel, his wife, to Bessie C. Coles of Philadelphia, Penn.; attorneys, Adams & Comstock, 34 Wall St, $12,000.

LOTS 39 and 40, Parcel 8, Map 1,174, subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, Highbridge, June 6, 1910; George Isaacs to Bernon Ogden; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $1,085.

LOT 344, Map 514, Manes estate, West Farms, June 28, 1905; Isaac L. Michael and Rachel, his wife, to David Zoglin; M. A. Robinovitch, 129 Rivington St, $4,000.

FOREST AV, n w s, 172 ft s w of 161st St, 25x100, May 27, 1910; Emma M. S. Mestaniz to Samuel Friedman; attorney, Lawrence L. Levin, 280 Broadway, $1,800.

10TH ST, 297 East, n s, 23.10x109.7, May 6, 1905; Adolf Mandel and Fannie, his wife, to the Metropolitan Savings Bank; A. S. & W. Hutchins, 60 Wall St, $25,000.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 166.3 ft n of 116th St, 58.9x135.6x39.10x125.10, Jan. 26, 1910; Paterno Brothers, a corporation, to the New York Trust Co.; attorney, Frederick A. Snow, 15 Wall St, $200,000.

7TH AV, s e corner of 28th St, 70x20.9, Aug. 1, 1896; Peter H. Hynes and Mary M., his wife, to Clausen-Flanagan Brewery by P. G. Tighe, Treasurer; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, 37 Wall St., $3,500.

Recorded Leases.

With names and addresses of lessees.

DIVISION ST, 37, store; Ida Realty Co. to Jacob Klein, 5 11-12 years; Jacob Klein, 37 Division St, $2,100 and $2,700.

2D AV, 1,440, store; Margaret Rabenstein to Frederick Wachtel, 3 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row, $1,680.

3D AV, 208, store; Benjamin Sussmann to Louis Kaplan, 5 years and 2½ months from Feb. 15, 1910; attorney, Joseph Rubin, 160 Broadway, $720.

56TH ST, 539 and 541 West, end of 1st floor; William Allan to George M. Hayner, 7 years from May 1, 1910; attorney, E. S. Griffing, 154 Nassau St, $1,100.

WASHINGTON ST, 703, all; Margaret McC. Topham and others to Henry Weber, 5 years from May 1,

Pelhamwood is the new aristocratic suburb in the heart of Westchester County, where people of comfortable means may live in their own homes well within their incomes.

Only 30 minutes from the Grand Central Station and on the celebrated New Haven Road, Pelhamwood is unexcelled for the beauty of its surroundings and the character of its improvements. The terms are such that desirable people may buy plots and build homes with all the convenience of paying rent, thereby make an investment which is bound to grow in value—and grow rapidly.

Pelhamwood

Lots from $540 upwards.
$10 down, balance on easy payments.

An embossed relief map showing Pelhamwood in detail, literature, and free transportation on request to Dept. A.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Inc.
315 Madison Avenue, Corner 42d Street.

At Pelham station, between Mt. Vernon and New Rochelle.

5 CITY LOTS, 100x100, $70.

$10 DOWN, $4 PER MONTH.

Woods, rocks, hills, and trees. An ideal country 900 feet above the sea, within commuting distance of New York, on the D., L. & W. R. R., in Northern New Jersey's most popular Summer resort section. Within walking distance of Lake Hopatcong, Cranberry Lake, and Budds Like is

Lake Musconetcong Grove

A tract of 2,000 acres, with 26 bungalows now completed. 15 more to be completed and occupied by July 15th.

If you want to enjoy the country and spend your vacation climbing mountains or fishing in the Musconetcong River, bordering our property, or rowing on beautiful Lake Musconetcong, within 5 minutes' walk of these plots, write reserving tickets for our

FREE SPECIAL TRAIN
Next Sunday, June 26th.

We will sell you a plot for $70 or a five-room bungalow, with 10,000 square feet of ground fronting a stone road in a beautiful grove of trees within 5 minutes' walk of the water, for $850.

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POACHERS SEIZE FISH WARDEN

LANSING, Mich., June 20.—It is reported here that Michigan's Deputy Game Warden, C. E. Pettit, has been forcibly carried away on an unknown Wisconsin fishing tug, near Green Bay. The tug had been seized by the Warden and was being towed by the steamer Charles S. Osborn, the Game Warden's tug, when she broke away and escaped.

The Osborn was patrolling the Michigan waters of Green Bay yesterday when the Wisconsin tug was sighted. On the Osborn were C. E. Pettit and J. B. Eddy, Deputy Wardens, who decided that the craft was poaching, and it was taken in tow. Deputy Pettit was left aboard the craft as prize officer.

Suddenly the crew of the captive boat cut the tow line and the Osborn was distanced in a stern chase. When last seen the Michigan Warden was running around the deck of the disappearing boat, with a sailor in close pursuit.

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STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Page, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Marseille. 2—In re O'Brien. 3—Peace Date Mfg Co v. Royalston Woolen Co. 4—Arriaga v. Mexican Natl Packing Co. 5—Sturzenegger v. Kilpatrick. 6—Teufel v. North American Distilling Co. 7—Trotta v. Wolkowitz. 8, 9—City of N Y v. Fleisch 10—Richelsky v. Krischole. 11—London Realty Co v. Coleman Stable Co. 12—Cottrell & Sons v. Seymour. 13—Olsen v. Avery. 14—N Y & Westchester Ry Co v. Hyde. 15—Zeillan v. Beggs & Co. 16—Jacobs v. Gordon & Son. 17—Cottrell & Sons Co v. Seymour. 18—Herzog v. Cont Importing Co. 19—Kerby v. Manhattan College. 20—Clark v. Clark. 21—Ashner v. Samuels. 22—Post v. Thomas. 23—In re Griffin. 24—Reiser v. Patt. 25—Soloman v. Abells. 26—McDonald v. McDonald. 27—Herbst v. Herbst. 28—Johnston v. Ryan. 29—Johnson v. Johnson. 30—Rosenberg v. Markowitz. 31—In re Taylor. 32—Ernst v. Zuker. 33—Stewart v. Allison. 34—Jarmulowsky v. Jarmulowsky. 35—Fine v. Laitin. 36, 37—Streat v. McManus. 38—People v. Oriental Bank. 39—Hilder v. Ellis. 40—Googins v. Googins. 41—Julian v. McIntyre. 42—Fine v. Laitin. 43—Norton v. Wilson. 44—Bickstein v. Schiller. 45—Banqua Provinciale v. Reed. 46—Terry v. Schieber. 47—Hird v. Dittman. 48—Am Water Supply Co v. Luellen. 49—Bethune v. Meill. 50—Schueler v. Levy. 51—Paris v. McCormick. 52—Elliott Meill. 53—Emigrant Sav Bk v. Fresher. 54—Strauss v. Toch. 55—Gennert v. Georger. 56—Gutt v. Marquise. 57—Hachmeister v. Jetter. 58—Muscardelli v. Union Ry Co. 59—Cuthell v. Kempshall. 60—Wechsler v. Bonoma Co. 61—Boskowitz v. Sulzbacher. 62—Sanders, Jr, v. Bankers Surety Co. 63—Googins v. Googins. 64—Nitke v. Browning. 65—In re Lichtner. 66—Weekes v. Cohen. 67—Ritchie v. Guggenheim. 68—Weingarten v. Washington Park Imp Co. 69—Wigmare v. Thonet. 70—Walsh v. Rodgers. 71—Sesto v. Croton Falls Const Co. 72—Cavanagh v. Miller. 73—Rosasco v. McKeefrey. 74—Schwartz v. Meade Transfer Co. 75—London v. Schiffman. 76—Bank of Montreal v. U S Banking Co. 77—Pike v. Ullman. 78—Hahn v. Travis. 79—Majestic Hotel Co v. Lewis. 80—Woodhull v. Woodhull. 81—Skrybalyo v. Skrybalyo. 82—Willard v. Sherman. 83—Collier v. Postum Cereal Co. 84—Cohen v. Rosenberg. 85—Bernstein v. Soloman. 86—Frooks v. Weingarten. 87—Bickstein v. Schiller. 88—Beggs & Co v. Alpha Copper Co. 89—Kissel v. Miller. 90—Deutsch v. Wilson. 91—Loomis v. Dixey. 92—Connelly v. New Amsterdam Motor Co. 93—Astoria Silk Wks v. Plymouth Rubber Co. 94—Nichols v. Nichols.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J. Motions. Preferred causes. 5793—Starr v. Selleck. 6085—Chalman v. Mash. 5830—Fitzpatrick v. Board of Education. 6224—Clement v. Eldelsohn. General calendar. 4096—Long Acre Elec L, &c. Co v. Moore. 4942—Wilson v. Spratley. 5735—De Briou v. Busch. 4415—Langille v. Langille.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J. (Criminal Term.) 1—Walter Herbert Harnkess B. De Voe. 2—Hugh Mulholland. 3—William Reynolds.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—McCall, J. Inquest. 7985—Ryan v. Sullivan. Inquest, 7078—Meiselman v. Reeves. 7947—Levy v. Iron Clad Mfg Co. 8085—Curnen v. Curnen. 7859—First Nat Bk v. Balomenos. 7910—Bradley v. Bird. 8025—Pick v. Erkms. 7944—Harris v. Berger. 7934—Peterson v. Kirchner. 6893—Oliver v. Illic Brotherhood. 8054—Whitehead v. Perkins. 8029—Leary v. Williams Eng & Const Co. 7862—Hoare v. Brown. 7831—McCarthy v. McConn. 7078—West Side Bank v. Paddell. 7929—McKenna v. Perlman. 7834—Bloch v. Dieso. 7990—Same v. Colgan. 8089—Bondy v. Bondy. 7885—Imperial Pub Co v. Sarnberger.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend, J.—4325—Sackman v. Smith. 4339—Walsh v. Gen Memorial Hospital. 3510—McGowan v. N Y Cont Co. 4103—Zumack v. Muschenheim. 4174, 4175—Kelly v. N Y Taxicab Co. 4201—Hollander v. Gruber. 7313—Flaherty v. N Y Times Co. 4056—Movins v. City of N Y. 4229—Volkmer v. Meyer. 4248—Arachtingi v. Winant. 3101—Kaplan v. Mail and Express Co. 4278—Mullarkey v. Standard Arch Co. 4282—Friedman v. Katzman. 4340—Corrigan v. Herrington. 4125—Hardy v. Jacobs. 4009—Capra v. Martin. 3792—Gregory v. Knight. 3993—Magri v. Merchants' Exp Co. 4314—Simog v. Bowes. 4320, 4321—Epp v. City of N Y. 4337—Link v. Fay. 7741—Casey v. City of N Y. 4163—Siegelman v. Waxman. 4157—Senzolsky v. Unger. 3903—Esposito v. City of N Y. 4364—Sabatello v. same. 4077—Eaton v. Press Pub Co. 4242—Kolle v. Peakes Dairy Co. 4254—Sternfield v. Cilletti. 2546—Goldstein v. Schwarzschild, &c. Sulzberger. 4127—Glason v. City of N Y. 3925—Dreschbourg v. Meier. 4074—Wadsalowsky v. Van Wyck. 4261—Cohen v. N Y Edison Co. 4145—Speck v. City of N Y. 4222—Braun v. Berkowitz. 4373—Capsuta v. Fisher.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Gerard, J. Inquest. 7780—People v. Undujar. 3963, 3964—Asphalt Pav & Const Co v. City of N Y. 3010—Astoria Silk Works v. Plymouth Rubber Co. 5614—Mader v. Cohen. 5744—Quinlan v. Met Mercantile & Realty Co. 5388—Levy v. Levinson. 5591—Sutton v. Hearn. 5356—Franco v. Radt. 3402—Wund v. Hughes. 5507—Franco v. Radt. 4000—Bradley v. Perlman. 4391—Edson v. Hammond. 5529—Mente v. Benjamin. 4976—Lamura v. Horwitz. 4277—Knaff v. Schlesinger. 7998—People v. Stern. 7839—In re 31 Rutgers St. 5702—Loomis v. Dixey. 5796—Friend v. Falk. 6817—Elec Storage Battery Co v. Bear. 5858—N Y Radiator Co v. William McGonigal Co. 5859—Hart & Crouse Co v. McGonigal Co. 5870—Wilson v. Nevins. 5900—Gould Storage Co v. Chabot. 5901—Simons v. Levine. 7889—Clement v. McGirr. 5406—Gorman v. Co v. Heningham. 4014—Lawson v. Life Assn of Am. 906—Backer v. Ratkowsky. 5684—Wodiska v. Selznick. 5791—Newburg v. North River Ins Co. 5915—Hobbitt v. Ofeldt. 5916—Schwartz v. Olstein. 5419—Wales v. Brocsel. 5920—Strol v. Parish-Stafford Co. 6022—Nelson v. Gerbereux. 5923—Dommerich v. Cavelli. 5926—Hartwell v. Tripp. 5937—Walker v. Barnaby. 5944—Levis v. Am Credit Ind Co. 5950—Mitchell, Schiller & Barnes v. Beacon. 5957—Taber v. Sackrider. 5970—Carroll v. D E Foote & Co. 5984—Loeb v. Hoffman. 5985—Healey v. Hirshberg. 5989—Myers v. Zuccardy. 5990, 5991—Ewing v. Dumont. 5995—Sheaman v. Sheaman.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. William H. Kelly, William G. Jackson, Louis Goldberg, Woolsey R. Hopkins, Denis Healy, Giuseppe Salvati, Hattie Schiff, Henry Meyers, James Lostra, George Graeber, Maria Eckhardt, John McQuade, Hans Heinlein, Marie L. Ives, John Slowey, Frank M. Du Bois, Nicholas Neuberth, Edward Lurch, Barbara Gartner, Benjamin L. Swan, Charles Guidet, Mary T. Lawlor, Martin Joyce, George E. Langdon, John Perazzo et al., Rosalie MacArthur, Agnes G. Golden, Regina Sturmenegger, Francis G. Minahall, Edward W. Candles, Andrew Robertson, Louis Grotian, Edith G. Devas, Fred Allen, Annie M. Moore, Hovhannes S. Tavshanjian, Katharina Hoffman, Elizabeth Zwicker, Blanche R. Michelot, Mary M. Crehore, Peter Hartman.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S. Contested wills. Catharine Richardson, John C. Clark, Gusale Jacobs, Jane T. Spencer, Herman H. Monty. Wills for probate. Karolina Sammer, George B. Murphy, Edward McMahon, Henry Morris, Adam Hartman, Michael Rinella, Marcella Williams, Frederick Nicold, Robert W. Sample, Cornelius B. Mitchell, Mary S. Crouch, Isaac Morris, Mary Case, Maria E. Butler, George H. Byers.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Green, J.; Part II., La Fetra, J.; Part III., Delehanty, J.; Part V., Lynch, J.; Part VI., Finelitte, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 7507—Petrantini v. N Y Taxicab Co. 7614—Phair v. Siff. 5075—Haff v. Doelger. 7494—Garlick v. Palumbo. 5466—Franceschuni v. Guadagno. 6799—Gerstenfeld v. German. 5629—Wernakoff v. Lincoln Holding Co. 7436—Harper v. Bedford B C Co. 7587—Tallon v. Joline. 7589—Miles v. Black. 7598—Bongiovanni v. Int R T Co. 7640—Maranz v. Joline. 7641—Cobb v. Joline. 7646—Lo Presti v. Joline. 7650—Goldstein v. Weil. 752—Provident Stock Co. v. Vannenbaum. 7539—Jurofsky v. Hamburg-Am Packet Co. 7540—Wechsler v. Lindemann. 7541—Lacher v. Palisnick. 7543—Margulies v. Mitchell-Kronenberg Co. 7544—Wolfson v. Polonsky. 7546—Randt v. Bindsell. 5327—Ward v. Tennant. 7601—Cassidy v. Middleton. 7607—Block v. Int R T Co. 7626—Kries v. Whistler. 7396—Moore v. Simpson. 7232—Maher v. Durgan. 7654—Friedman v. Joline. 7654—Stern v. Huber. 7655—Bowen v. Rafel. 7656—Murphy v. Joline. 7657—McKay v. Bronx Novelty Co. 7658—Israel v. Buscemi. 7659—Ginsberg v. Marx. 7661—Ornstein v. Joline. 7664—Wilson v. Lee. 7666—Sullivan v. Ferro Concrete C Co. 7671—Merlan v. Ryan. 7677—Spritzer v. Silberman. 7679—Frooks v. Abeles. 7681—Santo v. Lowenstein. 7681½—Davis v. Freudenmacher. 7685—Grossman v. Klosk. 7686—Adler v. Jacobs. 7687—Mangieri v. Treffinger.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Donnelly, J. Short causes. 2189—Sass v. Bonn. 2277—Susswin v. Spaeth. 2224—Strouberg v. Cohen. 2280—Rapid Safety F E Co v. N Y Taxicab Co. 2232—Bedell v. Aarons. 2228—Cutl v. Ill Surety Co. 2112—Kewish v. McNally. 2245—Dodge v. Lyon. 2240—H Ingersoll Co v. Meidenna. 2229—Heyman v. Shulman. 2202—Weitzstein v. Leiman. 2119—Valenza v. United Surety Co. 2236—46th St & B'way R Co v. Lazarneck. 2252—Geist v. Frackman. 2260—Blitz v. Juster. 2170—Kobert v. Condogini. 2253—Ullman v. Man Clothing Co. 2263—Michael v. Ballantine. 2270—Morgan v. Frevert. 2272—Horner v. Thompson. 2279—Franklin Feed Stores v. Roberti. 2246—C J Geiger Co v. Accandi. 2130—David v. Banger. 2237—E F Harms Co v. William Eng Const Co. 2256—Herms v. Jones. 2275—Pope v. Great Neck Estates. 2265—Seymour v. O'Shea. 2190—Winkelman v. Smith. 2284—Doane v. Aud Contes Carter Co. 1804—O'Brien v. Herd. 2258—Sickles v. Flannery. 2255—Obendorfer v. Marks. 2254—Adguiro Realty Co v. Tucker. 2264—Bankat v. Sjolberg. 2271—Weinreb v. Coleman Stables Co. 2276—Wexler v. Sleppin. 2278—Reilly v. McCabe. 2186—Mayer v. Eiteman. 2266—Costabili v. Schwen. 2267—Martin v. Del Toro. 2291—Ettlinger v. Kruger. 2282—Home Trust Co v. Lawson. 2287—Latz v. Stiner. 2288—Glassberg v. Hackman. 2289—Hackman v. same. 2292—Pitrot v. Suesskind. 2301—Schneier v. Ability Cigar Mfg Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Orth v. Jacobson—Edmund J. Trusdale, Quinn v. Braunhli & Co.—Edward C. Crawley, Schwab v. Bauerdorf—Edward C. Dawling.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Daniels v. Gleick—Clarence B. McMillan. Schulthels v. Schulthels—Tristam B. Johnson. Dinkel v. Brodsky—James C. Meyers. Doushkess v. Greenbaum—Hon. H. A. Gildersleeve. Euler v. Nicholas—Albert W. Ramson. Conroy v. Rose Realty Co.—John W. Reiber. Simpson v. Jones—Joseph Bethlef. In re Russell (2)—R. Kelly Prentice. New York Trust Co. v. Louvre—Abraham S. Gilbert. Reiss v. Werner—David Robson.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Rosa Jackle v. Morris Spiegel—Thomas Gilleran.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Ephron Quat v. Herman Roth—Henry Steinert.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division, (Second Judicial Department)—Hirschberg, P. J.; Woodward, Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Rich, Carr, JJ.—Non-enumerated day calendar. 215—Hess v. Kaelin. 204—Matter of Avenue D. 206—Matter of Childs. 209—Steele v. McGuire. 210—Fox v. Fox. 211—Matter of Bensel. 212—Meurer v. Boeklen. 213—Eureka Cement Co v. Bonacci. 214—Heist v. Heist. 218—Brennan v. Eddy. 218—Hufferman v. Publishers Co. 219—Matter of Clement. 220, M A—Meyers v. Gervet. 221—Osterheld v. Star Co. 222—Curran v. Arp. 223—Curran v. Arp. 224—Collins v. Waterbury Co. 225—Matter of Pratt. 226—First Nat Bank v. Jenkins. 228—Matter of Valley Stream. 229—Pond v. New Rochelle Water Co. Enumerated day calendar. 232—Langan v. Thatcher. 233—Ranando v. Warden of Sing Sing. 68—People v. Collier. 453—Shafer v. Finan. 592—Waring v. Aspinwall.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J.—4823—Union Bk of Bklyn v. Nemzer. 4839—Lucia Mining Co v. Evans. 4844—Pendleton v. Nichols. 4845—Sachs v. Paul. 4850—Seltz v. Faversham. 4875—Dick v. Ryan. 4883—Williamson v. Kupfen 4941—Newmark v. Halprin. 4953—Franklin Soc v. Mengis. 4895-6—Lawyers Title & Ins Co v. Elgin Bldg Co. 4903—Dominge v. Dominge. 4913—Ferguson v. Reynolds. 4738—Johnson v. Johnson. 4813—Quin v. Jacoby. 4193—Mattila v. Callester. 4428—Reiser v. Goldberg.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Betts, J.; Part III., Crane, J.; Part IV., Putnam, J.; Part V., Aspinall, J.; Part VI., Garretson, J.; Part VII., Clark, J.—7853—Nicoud v. N Y Life Ins Co. 8020—Gannon v. N Y C & H R R R. 8414—Dyer v. Rademacher. 8259—Lindberg v. Frick Co. 2793—Fritz v. Nassau R R. 6932—Yudicki v. Hodgman Rubber Co. 1369—Longuemare v. B H R R. 1536—Levy v. Board of Education. 1136—McConnell v. Plant. 1874—Hoffman v. B H R R. 770—Rourke v. B H R R. 1055—Lamberson v. Wecksler. 2825—McCormack v. Bockman. 1109—May v. Eschman. 8153—Hevia v. Katz. 8740—Heyman v. Sons of Benjamin. 1027—Baxter v. B H R R. 809—Benedix v. B H R R. 1791—Coogan v. Litchfield. 7840—Grossman v. Lafayette Trust Co. 943—Price v. Nassau R R. 1403—O'Connell v. B H R R. 2681—Kendrick v. B H R R. 9218—Atchison v. Coney I & B R R. 7231—Mayor, Lane & Co v. Brien. 734—Bowitz v. Zimmerman. 8252—Chambers v. Squibb & Sons. 223—Stevens v. City of N Y. 6944—Winsor v. Lent. 8268—Brass Goods Mfg Co v. Amer Stopper Co. 1756—Arbashat v. Meister. 7981—Iron Workers' Supply Co v. Levingson. 8734—Koellhoffer v. Hillebrand. 4442—Jansen v. Natl Elevator Co. 8589—Cohn v. Katz. 3031. 3032—Giel v. City of N Y et al. Highest number reached on regular call, 3060. No reserve calendar.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term.—Humphrey, J. 2228—People vs. Arthur Steiglitz. 2700—Same v. William Blumers. 2800—Same v. Leslie Stephens. 2653—Same v. James Smith. 2652—Same v. Edward Byrtle.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Stapleton, J. 1061—Griska v. Nat Enameling & Stamping Co. 836—Federkiel v. B H R R Co. 862—Schmitt—v. same. 754—O'Rourke v. Degnon R & T Co. 759—Krupp v. Lymber. 1001, 1002—Rosenthal v. B H R R Co. 712—Rosebrook v. Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co. 766—Same v. L I R R Co. 1185—MacDonald, an infant, v. B'klyn, Queens Co & Sub Ry Co. 1070—Schauer v. B H R R Co. 1071—Genes v. same. 1075, 1076—Devlin v. Gerstendorfer Bros, Inc. 915—Ell, as admx, v. Diamond et al. 767—Lynch v. Pelham Park Ry & City Island Ry Co. Remainder of calendar passed until Wednesday, June 22. Highest number reached on calendar, 1081.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Marean, J. 7—Barnett v. Barnett et al. 15—Capone v. Kremer et al. 17—Haight v. Haight. 29—Tisdale v. Loughman. 36—Shapiro v. Meyer et al. 38, 39—Johnson v. Ringe. 40, 41—Cunningham v. Jones et al. 42, 43—Wachter v. Wachter et al. 44—Salantri v. Gall et al. 45—Scheurer v. Scheurer. 46—Levin & Meyer Cont Co v. Hart et al. 47—Winne v. Murphy et al. 49—Scanlan v. Hinckley et al. 50—Hart v. Ocean Breeze Camp Assn. 51—Cox v. Conselyea. 53—Jackson et al. v. Eisenberg et al. 54—Reinbold v. Reinbold et al. 55—Krey v. City of N Y. 57—B'klyn Mason Cont Co v. Berger et al. 58—Pareiss v. Kirchner et al. 60—Eagle Savings & Loan Co v. Klehn et al. 62—In the matter of Hirschmann. 63—In the matter of Wotherspoon Plaster Mills. 69—Coates v. Cullinford. 71—Huber v. Huber. 1441—Hollins v. Weismann et al. 486—Levin v. Berlin. 597—Winkle v. Dixon. —Scilleppi v. Kufer. 73—Klein v. Klein.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Keogh, J.—161—Callahan v. Matus. 158—Engel v. Lindner. 138—Wolf v. Genet. 112—Berry v. Berry. 167—Francis v. Meighan. 171—Prigge v. Howe. In re Black.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.—793—In re paper writing purporting to be last will and testament of Charles F. Richardson. 715—Binford v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 55—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 460—Haiber v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R Co. 257—Schmidt v. City of New Rochelle. 94—Sutton v. Marshall. 319—Obuch v. Bennett. 523—Johnson v. Webber Construction Co. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 317—Fowley v. Village of Irvington. 329—Maher v. Gantz. 789—Lukeszuk v. Receiver of Yonkers R R Co. 285—Bedford v. Powell. 417—Nolan v. Kayser. 447—Knickerbocker v. Press Publishing Co. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 452—Abel v. City of New Rochelle. 205—Buckley v. N Y Contracting Co. 258—Monroe v. City of New Rochelle. 454—Doyle v. same. 439—Piermont v. Victro. 461—Marchetti v. Krauth. 462—Jozzoli v. Kruth. 470—Ensinger v. City of New Rochelle. 475—Kiss v. Richter and another. 480—Tartiglia v. Lee. 482—Lyon v. Ward, &c. 491—Ryan v. Yonkers Elec Light and Power Co. 152—Rupert v. Wiechers and another. 372—Foote v. Lawson. 277—Rodgers v. Fuller. 497—People v. Strang. 430—Seaman v. Ahman. 448—Sheer v. Receiver of Westchester Elec R R Co. 449—Bierholm v. same. 483—Zeltner Brewing Co v. Petrucci. 58—Husted v. Greenlawn Cemetery. 234—Signorelli v. Bonnard Bronze Co. 458—Mansfield v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 271—Ratajazuk v. Sup Council of Royal Arcanum. 455—Messmi v. Brunswick S S Co. Highest number reached, 530.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Ralmonda La Lura. People v. Domenico Nodrigino, Malteo Borsante.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

MICHAEL CAPPIELLO.—Michael Cappiello, building contractor of 547 Southern Boulevard, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,947 for materials and a deficiency judgment and no assets.

SAMUEL GOLDMAN.—Judge Hough has appointed John Gruenberg receiver in bankruptcy for Samuel Goldman, dealer in trunks and leather goods at 242 First Avenue. The assets are estimated at $1,250 in stock and fixtures.

JOHN J. TOOHEY.—Judge Hough has denied a discharge from bankruptcy to John J. Toohey, a clerk of Gardner, N. Y., formerly in business at Wallkill, Ulster County, who filed a petition in bankruptcy on May 29, 1905, with liabilities of $1,115.

ROBERT H. REID.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Robert H. Reid, furniture dealer at Tarrytown, N. Y., filed by a creditor show liabilities of $2,227 and assets consisting of furniture of a house, horse, two wagons, cow, poultry, and $120 cash in the Fifth Avenue Bank, New York City.

ISAAC ROSENTHAL & SONS.—David Rosenthal, Charles Rosenthal, and Harry Barnett, who were partners in the firm of Isaac Rosenthal & Sons, lithographers and printers at 515 West Twenty-ninth Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,082, all contracted in 1910, and no assets.

EPHRAIM GRINSPAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Ephraim Grinspan, dealer in jewelry, at 353 Grand Street, by these creditors: David Kessler, $575; Cornelius H. Farrell, $200, and Harry M. Beck, $201. Judge Hough appointed L. Harding Rogers receiver. The liabilities are reported to be $8,000 and the assets $3,000.

WEINSTEIN & MAHER CLOTHING COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed T. J. Bannin receiver in bankruptcy for the Weinstein & Maher Clothing Company, manufacturer of clothing at 18 West Fourth Street, on the petition of James N. Rosenberg of James, Schell & Elkus, attorneys for the petitioning creditors; fixed his bond at $20,000, and authorized him to continue business for ten days. Messrs. Weinstein and Maher, officers of the company, consented to the receivership. The liabilities are $62,745 and the nominal assets $62,649.

SAMUEL FRACKMAN.—Judge Hough of the United States District Court yesterday confirmed a composition with creditors of Samuel Frackman, diamond merchant and jewelry manufacturer of 51 Maiden Lane, who said he was robbed of $50,000 worth of diamonds in Chicago a few months ago. His attorney, Leonard Bronner, said that the settlement was at 42 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents in cash, 2½ cents cash in thirty days, 7½ cents cash in ninety days, 5 cents note at six months, 10 cents note at nine months, and 7 cents note at one year, the notes to be indorsed and secured by real estate and shares of stock in a Pennsylvania corporation. Mr. Bronner also said that the agreement with creditors provided that on the payment of the 10 cents cash Mr. Frackman was to get back one-fifth of his stock of diamonds and jewelry now in the hands of the trustee, one-fourth of the remaining stock on payment of the 2½ cents in thirty days, and all the rest of the stock when the payment of 7 cents cash in ninety days is made. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Mr. Frackman on March 21.

Discharged from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

JOSEPH A. ANZELEWITZ, 60 West 179th Street, formerly jewelry on Canal Street; liabilities $7,035.

JAMES M. BASS, formerly dry goods, 327 Church Street; liabilities $3,721.

JOHN W. BAUER, baker, Yonkers; liabilities $404.

Dr. THOMAS H. BURCH, 130 West Fifty-seventh Street; liabilities $8,608.

SOPHIE COHEN, 1,983 Grand Avenue; liabilities $1,892.

CARRIE CRAWFORD, formerly boarding house, 134 West Seventy-ninth Street; liabilities $9,439.

HARRY DUFFIN, bookbinder, 70 Worth Street; liabilities $2,044, claims for negligence and loss of service.

SAMUEL EINTRACHT, salesman, 2,183 Seventh Avenue; liabilities $581.

HARRY J. FREEDMAN saddlery, 67 Broome Street; liabilities $3,231.

MARY J. HADDEN, formerly shoes, Yonkers; liabilities $2,207.

JANCO, RABINOWITZ & LOEBELSOHN, as MINERVA PRESS, 36 Bond Street; liabilities $4,453.

SAMUEL JONES, salesman, 965 Park Avenue; liabilities $1,409.

JOHN KESTLER, provisions, 68 First Avenue; liabilities $4,318.

LOUIS LASKIN, insurance agent, 935 Second Avenue; liabilities $2,914.

WILLIAM H. REITTNER, formerly liquors, at Mount Vernon; liabilities $2,077.

SILVERMAN & RHEINSTROM, formerly of Amityville, L. I.; liabilities $2,732.

BERTHOLD STEIN, chemist, 135 West Sixteenth Street; liabilities $2,149.

HARRY TRATTLER, salesman, 24 West 118th Street, formerly kindling wood in Brooklyn; liabilities $9,594.

WALTER J. WALSH, fish, 146 Eighth Avenue; liabilities $5,550.

JACOB WEINGART, 41 Union Square; liabilities $1,853.

MAX WIENIG, buyer, 248 Rivington Street; liabilities $1,135.

WOLFF BROTHERS, cloaks, 67 West Houston Street; liabilities $6,769.

LOUIS KOROBOV of 331 West Twenty-seventh Street, formerly a waist manufacturer, from all his debts except the claim of the Martin L. Cohn Company. This is said to be the first case in this district where a discharge has been granted and a debt specially mentioned as not included in those discharged.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Allen, James F.—Guardian Trust Co. of New York, costs, $112.

Appelman, Isk—C. Dubman, $322.

Avrutis, Aaron—N. Swirsky, $163.

Bomwell, Abraham—J. M. Horowitz, $143.

Bogle, Charles L.—American Law Books Co., $135.

Burgey, Michael J.—M. Lowenshein, $139.

Begen, Sadie M.—S. M. Petters et al., costs, $1,110.

Boyd, Wethered J., et al.—Kingston Securities Co., $2,382.

Brown, John C., Alexander H., Waldron P., Edward C., and James, et al.—J. Meyers, $7,817.

Barclay, Robert S., et al.—Henry H. Cone et al., costs, $107.

Combes, Clemenza M., Blanche M., and George L.—Broadway Trust Co., $2,552.

Carter, John E., or J. Edward—W. R. Ficke, $966.

Coughlin, Pasquale—E. W. Brevantano, $121.

Collet, Mark W., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

Chalmers, Lawrence E., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

Day, Thomas—A. P. Bigelow et al., $255.

Doe, John, et al.—Carscallen & Cassidy, $247.

Dilg, Christian F.—C. H. Duell et al., $610.

Donnatin, Frank—Binghamton Chair Co., $249.

Dicky, Charles D., et al.—J. Myers et al., $7,817.

Delano, Eugene, et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

Duane, James M., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

De Copper, Frederick, L. Casimir, and Ernest H., et al.—H. Cone et al., costs, $107.

Felch, Frank W.—Union Bag and Paper Co., $343.

Finkelstein, David—City of New York, $291.

Fox, Susan—Johnson County Savings Bank, $1,018.

Fillipo, Vizzana—City of New York, $111.

Frame, Lily—Faerber, Silberman & Co., $452.

Finn, William J.—R. J. Ryan et al. $355.

Frazier, George H., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

Gleason, Mary A.—Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co., costs, $305.

Gross, Harry—K. Langner, $303.

Gallo, Antonio—O'Brien Bros., $103.

Gerfalo, John and L.—Loeber, $291.

Garruba, John, et al.—B. K. Bloch, $113.

House, Henry D.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $120.

Harrington, Edwin D.—J. B. Cromley, $141.

Hobby, William C.—A. Stumpf, $237.

Hamilton, Francis A., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

Jones, Gertrude M., executrix—M. Stephens et al., $237.

Same—R. E. Witherstein, $11,617.

Kest, Max—C. Kuliman et al., $383.

Klinger, Henry, Sarah, and Benjamin—S. Pick, $553.

Kieran, Katharine, et al.—Kingston Securities Co., $2,332.

King, Samuel J.—A. Strauss, $273.

Levoli, Giovanni—H. Krumgold, $185.

Leichter, Isidor, et al.—L. E. Felix, $280.

Luf, Charles B.—G. M. Minsesheimer et al., $3,156.

Lynett, Edward J.—D. A. Patten, costs, $102.

Mason, James J.—Gude Bros.-Kieffer Co., $107.

Nelon, John—A. Moulihan, $224.

Norman, Montague C., et al.—J. Myers, $7,817.

O'Loughlin, Michael J.—M. Hyams, $181.

Praskin, Herman, et al.—L. E. Felix, $289.

Palestein, Rebecca—A. J. Bates & Co., $112.

Paget, Lillian M.—A. Ginzbourger et al., $166.

Puleo, Antonio—A. Germano et al., $121.

Potter, Estelle—D. J. Sullivan et al., $217.

Perez, Raymond B.—N. J. Packard et al., $161.

Rokos, Frank—Voska, Foelsch & Sidlo, executors, $108.

Rothenberg, John W.—A. Shapiro et al., $909.

Rehbock, August—Van Nest Wood Working Co., $126.

Rollnick, Max—H. Blank, $2,180.

Shapiro, Isaac, et al.—Carscallen & Cassidy, $247.

Stavros, Christian—F. H. Dressel, $113.

Schoen, Max—A. Hupfels, Sons, Inc., $114.

Smeltzer, Paul—J. B. Conby, $273.

Spentnachie, Frederico, et al.—B. K. Bloch, $113.

Smith, De Witt—A. D. Stone, $802.

Thompson, John M.—N. J. Packard et al., $389

Voss, William H. N.—F. J. Moore, $822.

Whitney, Charles A.—National Arts Club, $178.

Weinstein, Joseph M.—A. Shapiro et al., $470.

Welsen, Max—Strobel & Wilken Co., $2,075.

Ward, Joseph C.—A. Dards, $215.

Well, Benjamin M.—Simpson Crawford Co., $911.

Mandel Building Co.—G. N. Coombs, $267.

City of New York—C. Walsh, $5,500.

City of New York—W. F. Donnelly, $41,019.

Daisy Mining & Milling Co. et al.—M. Stephens, $37,738.

Same—R. E. Winterstein, $11,617.

F. W. Dodge Co.—A. P. Curtis, $795.

Borough Amusement Co.—T. J. Hayes Printing Co., $286.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Crandall, Joseph B.—C. Wanninger and others, Jan 14, 1910, $117.

Colon, George—C. Mosler and others, Oct 13, 1908, $18,223.

Levi, Albert A.—C. W. Smith, April 16, 1910, $1,489.

New York Contracting & Trucking Co.—M. Beneventi, June 9, 1910, $250.

Osborne Engineering & Mfg Co and others—Electro Chemical Pub Co, Jan 21, 1910, $265.

Osborn, William S., and others—Electro Chemical Pub Co, Jan 21, 1910, $265.

Same—W. B. Dowd, Dec 3, 1909, $115.

Fowler, Frederic S., and others—E. T. Platt, March 3, 1910, $1,603.

Van Dyke, Benjamin C., and others—E. T. Platt, March 3, 1910, $1,603.

George, John S., and Charles H. and others—E. T. Platt, March 3, 1910, $1,603.

Gordon, Isaac—C. H. Stephan—March 25, 1910, $113.

Gargiulo, Pasquale—H. L. Kringel, June 7, 1910, $989.

Gillies, George M.—E. O. Schermkow, Dec 29, 1908, $277.

Same—Same, April 11, 1910, $120.

Haimowitz, Haiman—L. Weissman, June 8, 1910, $455.

Same—M. Griffler, Dec 15, 1909, $334.

Same—S. Silverman, Dec 15, 1910, $333.

Imperiale, Frank C., and Salvator—People, &c, May 27, 1910, $1,500.

Switzer, Walter E.—W. S. Lawson & Co, Dec 11, 1900, $472.

Wollman, Rosalie S.—F. Hildebrant, Feb 14, 1910, $2,699.

Zaiden Suan Tire Co—H. D. Boxstaver, Feb 11, 1910, $686.

Sanger, Harry, and Mack W.—Stein Double Cushion Tire Co. May 27, 1910, $1,731.

Metropolitan Securities Co—City of N Y, March 18, 1910, (vacated,) $107.

Harris, Albert N.—A. Hisch, April 26, 1904, (released,) $1,812.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of S. F. MYERS CO., Bankrupt.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE: That the Trustee, Horace M. Peck, will sell at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the place of business of S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, beginning on Monday, June 27th, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. and continuing until sold, the entire business of S. F. Myers Co., including all the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in and to all the assets of the bankrupt, of whatever kind and nature, to wit, good will, corporate name, extensive customers' and mailing lists, indices thereto, outstanding accounts, and the entire stock of merchandise, safes and fixtures, as per catalogue, said stock of merchandise consisting of diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, plated ware, cut glass, etc.

Said business will be offered for sale as a going concern, including all of the aforesaid assets, and then separately in lots, as per catalogue.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it brings at least seventy-five per cent. of the appraised value.

Stock may be inspected on June 22d, 23d, and 24th, 1910, by arrangement with Martin Charles Ansorge, 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Dated New York, June 15th, 1910.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Trustee.

MARTIN CHARLES ANSORGE, Counsel to Trustee, 100 Broadway

Want Advertisements of the Better Sort---Telephone Your Want---1000 Bryant.

COUNTRY BOARD

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 15c. a line a day; 30 times 12 2-3c a line a day.

TWO rooms and bath, within one hour New York; shade trees and bathing. Regneas, 336 West 58th St.

Brooklyn.

Villa Rosa, 8,799 21st Av.—Near bay; unequaled cuisine; elegant rooms; large veranda; reasonable.

FLORENCE HOUSE, Bay 17th St. and Cropsey Av.—Ocean front; first-class Hungarian kitchen.

Westchester County.

Windlemere, Tarrytown, N. Y.—Convenient location; beautiful view; modern improvements; also 8-room cottage annex with board; excellent table daintily served.

Long Island.

ROCKAWAY BEACH.
WHITE'S VILLAS. The most attractive, complete, and best-furnished apartment bungalows near New York; three and six large rooms; one minute from bathing, boating, and depot. Forty-five minutes from New York. 406 Washington Av.

BATTERSHALL INN,
SEA CLIFF, L. I.,
200 feet above the Sound.
Fine cuisine and charming place.
Write for Booklet or 'phone 71—Glen Cove.

Arverne, 64 Stralton Av.—High-class seashore house; newly furnished; every convenience; 150 feet from ocean; near depot; half hour from New York. Particulars and reservations apply above or 114 West 79th St.

Long Island.

MEREDITH COTTAGE, Arverne, L. I.—First-class accommodations; superior cuisine and service; music. Miss M. Maidhof. Telephone 880—Hammels.

Elegantly furnished rooms; French cooking; stables and garage; bathing, fishing, and boating. "Au Gourmet," 203 8th Av., Whitestone, L. I.

Rockaway Park.—46 Second Avenue; newly furnished apartments, with balconies overlooking ocean; table excellent.

Broadway Cottage, Broadway, Far Rockaway; near ocean; superior table; reasonable rates. Killoran.

"The Plaza," Far Rockaway, Clark Av.; near ocean; station; refined, exclusive; unexcelled table.

PATCHOGUE.—The Homestead; 200 yards from bay; abundant shade. Ida F. Rocap.

New York State.

For boys from 8 to 12; board and home care on a farm; tutoring by an experienced teacher if desired; good references. Address Box 136 Lebanon, Madison Co., New York.

Accommodate more boarders; farm house; healthy; situated 2¼ miles from station; $7 to $10. F. R. D., Box 51, Garrison, N. Y.

Semi-camp life; tent-bungalows; beautiful farm; adjacent village. Write THENDARA FARM, Goshen, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Windsor Hotel, Orange, N. J.; beautifully located, on Main St., opposite the park; 40 minutes from City Hall, N. Y.; thoroughly renovated; all modern improvements; excellent table; rooms, single and en suite, with baths. Geo. P. Herdling, Owner and Proprietor.

Farm; high elevation; large lawn; plenty shade; good table; $6-$7 per week; ladies only. White House Station, N. J.; R. F. D. No. 1.

Three people at $17.50 weekly desired in strictly private home; fashionable and convenient locality; treated as personal guests; references. P 73 Times.

Teaneck Inn.—Excellent rooms, good board, fresh eggs, milk, &c.; hour out, West Shore or trolley. R. J. Bingham, Teaneck, Englewood.

Elegant home near ocean; all modern; gas and electricity; 9 rooms, bath; references; piano. Main Av., corner Delaware Av., Ocean Grove, N. J.

ELEGANT 13-room cottage; minute from the ocean; near station; bathing; centrally located. 75 Webb Av., Ocean Grove, N. J.

LARGE, 11-room cottage; gas, electricity; all modern; near ocean and station; bath, garage. 411 Munroe Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

The Trenan, 166 Central Av., East Orange.—Pleasant rooms, with first-class board; table boarders accommodated; 'phone.

New England.

TANAWATHA LODGE, Cos Cob, Conn.—Private estate, well-kept grounds; directly on water; private dock, swimming pool; tennis; four minutes' walk to station; well-appointed rooms; Gentiles only; reasonable. Inspection invited.

"ON-THE-HILL,"
Watertown, Litchfield Co., Conn.
For nervous and chronic invalids; no objectionable cases; high elevation; extensive grounds, modern equipment; terms moderate.

First-class board, newly furnished house, fitted for comfort; large grounds. Box 63, New Canaan, Conn.

Say you saw it in The Times.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

Wanted—For the Summer, one or two rooms with connecting bath and board in a first-class hotel or home within one hour's ride of City Hall. Address with terms and full particulars, Comfort, P Box 14 Times.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Between The Madrid and Murray's restaurant, on June 11, a circular diamond bracelet. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Mrs. Chard, Murray's restaurant, 42d St.

LOST—On 59th St. Station, 3d Av. L, Monday, small suit case containing baby's clothes, and dark green handbag containing pocketbook; liberal reward paid. Apply J. Sasse, Jr., 100 William St.

LOST.—Diamond cluster Tiffany scarfpin, in County Court House or between there and Chambers St., near Broadway; valued for sentiment. Liberal reward. Room 1,305, Singer Building.

LOST—Small black velvet bow, with diamonds, Sunday afternoon June 12, between 52d St. and 81st St., near Madison or 5th Av. Reward. Scoville, 62 Cedar St.

LOST.—Between 30th and Wall Sts., gold oblong fraternity pin, owner's name engraved on back. Liberal reward for return to Alpha Delta Phi Club, 136 West 44th St., city.

LOST—Sunday, June 19, from automobile, between 100th St. and Broadway and Rye Beach, Masonic 32d Degree diamond watch charm; reward. Ned Wayburn, Lyric Theatre.

LOST.—Left on downtown 3d Av. "L" train, Friday, some samples webbing and cigar holders. Finder will be rewarded by returning to H. Straus, 1 Liberty St., Room 1,302.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, pocketbook, containing receipts, also samples of goods; 69th St., Avenue A, to 3d Av. Finder please return to Doctor P. Burns, 237 East 63d; reward.

LOST—Small black pocketbook containing sum of money, keys, and plain band broken wedding ring; will finder return ring and keep money? Z., Box 304 Times.

LOST.—Blue leather handbag, containing baby's articles, between Broadway, 80th St., and Riverside. Return to 310 West 80th St., third floor. Liberal reward.

LOST.—Fob, with snake charm and blue and gold enameled militia pin, marked "30," attached. Name engraved on back. E. Collings, 420 West 115th St.

LOST.—Friday, on 6th Av. L or 93d St., lady's gold watch with diamond bulldog fob; initials J. C. E.; liberal reward. Englert, 222 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Wing shape rhinestone belt buckle, between Long Beach and Hotel Woodstock; suitable reward. Address Buckle, Hotel Woodstock.

LOST.—Probably on Aqueduct Bridge, eyeglasses, half lenses. Reward, Gillett, 140 West 57th St.

LOST—June 16, Wall St. district, lady's diamond ring; reward. W. A. Slayback, 32 Broadway.

LOST.—Silver belt pin; initials R. L. Reward. Return to Ruth Loewy, 332 East 87th St.

LOST—Lady's watch and diamond pin in Times Square; suitable reward. P 110 Times.

LOST.—Pearl brooch, on 69th St., 104th St., or Columbus Av. Renard, 106 West 69th St.

$100 REWARD.—Lost, about $300, in pocketbook, containing one $500 gold certificate, one $5 Porto Rico, and remainder in paper. No questions asked. L. J. B. Mestier, Churchill Hotel, 14th St. and Broadway.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, June 20, 1910.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire Detective Bureau, (Correspondence Room,) Grand and Centre Sts: Auto pump and tools, bulldog, lady's gold watch, rowboat, roll of cloth, St. Bernard dog, kodak.

FOUND, June 20—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. MAINE: Tooth brush, watch, pajamas, comb, razor strop. S. S. COMMONWEALTH: Night dress, bottle medicine, fan, eyeglasses and case, watch. S. S. PRISCILLA: Bottle toilet water, box powder, knife eraser, pajamas, pipe case, four pairs rubbers, rosary, beads, two umbrellas, white shawl, hat band, watch, powder box, cap, corset cover. S. S. PROVIDENCE: Night gown, razor strop, shirtwaist, kid gloves, watch and fob. S. S. LOWELL: Bracelet: S. S. COMMONWEALTH: Night dress, pajama jacket, umbrella, rubber cloth, soap holder, coat, empty pocketbook, package, bracelet, pair slippers, cane, tooth brush, bottle toilet water.

FOUND, June 19—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Long Island City: Three packages, coat, five umbrellas, valise, box, pair eyeglasses.

FOUND, June 19—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Blanket, umbrella, roll plans, suit clothes, derby hat, lady's coat, package containing tools, packages containing lady's clothes. June 20—Alarm clock, package collars, packages medicine.

FOUND, June 10—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Three packages, bag, umbrella.

FOUND, June 19—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: On Railroad Trains—Raincoat, cuffs and buttons, scarfpin, toilet bag, book, towel and powder, vest, two nightshirts, toilet case and water bottle, fur hat and cap, penknife, hat and gloves, toothbrush, memorandum book, sponge bag, pajama coat, pair rubbers, ring, suit overalls, six umbrellas, package powder. At Jersey City Station—Overcoat, package hats.

FOUND, June 19—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Pair gloves, three umbrellas, two packages, purse, book, commutation ticket overcoat.

FOUND, June 19—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Supt. of Marine Dept., foot of Liberty St.: 23d Street Ferry—Package polish, package candy. Sandy Hook Route—Umbrella.

FOUND, June 19—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED—5 umbrellas, satchel, pocketbook, spectacles, pads, records, lunch box, napkin, shirt, oilcloth, pipe elbows, iron, dress, overalls. 3D AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, purse, hand bag, 3 pairs gloves, music, case, &c., spectacles, belt, shoes, apron, handkerchiefs, rule, chair seat, liquid. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—6 umbrellas, money, glasses, journal, book, blue prints, pair gloves, spreads, bottle liquid, rags, hose, collars, blue prints, gloves, window fasteners, shirtwaist, can oil, pair gloves, hammer, book, receipt. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—3 pairs gloves, odd glove, books, case, socks, keys, cover, 2 tubes. SUBWAY—Bag, 10 umbrellas, music, cigars, scarfpin, pocketbook, suit case, books, gloves, cap, cloths, clothing, umbrella, overalls, shoes, lunch box, saw and hammer.

FOUND, June 20—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED—Clothing, milk cans, gloves, chisel, 2 purses, binder's boards, book, shaving cup, inkstand. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Satchel, magazine, vest, cloth, 3 bags, gloves, belt, collar and gloves, watch, pin, sweater, 9 umbrellas, parasol, shirt, pocketbook, jacket, mirror, hat, overalls laundry, comb, pocketbook, watch, apron, overcoat, shoes, veil, hat, sign, photos, waist, belt, beads, gloves, purse, coat, shoe, instruments. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—2 belts, purse, 3 bags, hat, pair gloves, neckpiece, card case, whisky, hats, key, 6 umbrellas, keys, bracelet, ticket, underwear, veil, music, collar, rubbers, roll music, cane, handkerchief, 2 photos. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, casting, book, gloves, shoes, &c., bag, glove, dress, shirt, shoes, fruit, overalls, cloth, case, hammer, &c., coat. SUBWAY—Umbrellas, parasol, 2 purses, glasses, gloves, books, satchel, needles, syringe, cuffs, writing pads, underwear, shoe brushes, menu, 2 coats, clothes, rubber, belt, hat, tag, blackjack, drumstick, pipe, &c., demijohn.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A WELL-EDUCATED woman of adaptability is needed in the subscription department. Apply Houghton Mifflin Company, 85 Fifth Av.

GIRL or young woman to attend door and do light housework. Apply Thursday morning, Regneas, 336 West 58th St.

HOUSEWORKER, &c.—General houseworker and plain cook for country; good wages. Apply Canavan, 109 West 94th St.

OPERATORS ON AWNINGS;
Power Machines.
Apply Superintendent's Office,
O'Neill Bldg.,
O'Neill-Adams Co.

R. H. MACY & CO. require a demonstrator for vibratory massage apparatus; must have had experience. Apply at office General Manager.

SALESLADY.—Expert saleslady wanted in a corset store. Berger, 2 Clinton St.

MODEL wanted; perfect 36; cloaks and suits. Shaff & Barnett, 88 University Place.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

HELP WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR TWO YOUNG COLLEGE GRADUATES IS OFFERED BY AN ESTABLISHED REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF THE HIGHEST STANDING; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY, BUT GOOD EDUCATION AND INFLUENTIAL CONNECTIONS ARE ESSENTIAL; LIBERAL COMMISSION TO SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS. ADDRESS, WITH DETAILS OF AGE AND COLLEGE, G. & P., 116 TIMES OFFICE.

AN INTELLIGENT, HONEST MAN, speaking two languages, with some selling experience, satisfied with moderate income to start, can secure good connection with large company, with certainty of advancement. Mr. Killough, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—Acquainted with wholesale merchants and manufacturers, to work on commission; good opportunity for the right man; state age, experience, and full particulars. Address P 117 Times.

BOY.—Wanted, a boy about 14 years old, public school education, in a large real estate office, where there is opportunity for advancement. Apply immediately. Box A 288 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS MAN wanted who can invest and take charge of corporation on high-class proposition. Minck, Singer Bldg., Room 540.

COLLECTOR and SALESMAN.—Energetic man by prominent installment house; liberal proposition; experience unnecessary; security required. Apply 107 East 125th St.

FUR SALESMAN.—Experienced, with city trade, capable to do inside work, such as shipping, corresponding, and typewriting; salary and commission. Apply Doykos Brothers, 31 West 8th St.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. 225 P, Rochester, N. Y.

OFFICE MAN.—Wanted, by a prominent automobile corporation, a high-class, experienced office man, capable of directing men and taking charge of entire office, consisting of forty employes; consideration will be given only to such whose references will allow them to have more than usual ability. P 114 Times.

SALESMEN, Men's Furnishings.—Weber & David require several first-class men for their enlarged store, Broadway and 32d St.; experienced only; references. 131 West 42d St.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get one of them; write (or call) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Assn., 1,210 Flat Iron Bldg, New York. Branches Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man for city and suburbs to handle a popular priced line of skirts, on a commission basis; good opportunity for man with trade. Dorfman Mfg. Co., 208 Greene St.

SALESMEN, intelligent, willing workers, over 25; good paying, steady positions; no experience required. 50 Stuyvesant St., 10th St., near 2d Av.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, experienced man on kimonos. Call on H. & J. Homsy, 60 Washington St.

WANTED—Young man, 18 to 25; store salesman and assistant to manager; must be stenographer and typewriter; good house; permanent place; plenty of work; give references and experience. A 291 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250—Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, cashier, salesman or assistant salesman, with a fair knowledge of bookkeeping; recommended by former employers as high-grade young man of sterling character and ability, pleasing personality; experienced, rapid, accurate, reliable; anxious to procure employment, with opportunity to become salesman or first assistant to chief executive; not afraid of hard work; would work in factory to obtain knowledge of business; willing to start at moderate salary; best references and bond. American, 254 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—20; experienced, accurate, quick, reliable; knowledge stenography, typewriting. Sidney Hertzfeld, 338 East 121st St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, opens books, takes trial balance, &c., entire charge; $5 upward monthly. P 26 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; 12 years importing and manufacturing; A1 references; sterling character. H., A 271 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, writes up, balances books; regular intervals; moderate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; wishes position with private family; four years' experience. T. Gibbons, 2,469 Broadway.

CHRISTIAN BOY, 17, just out of military academy, winner of gold medal in commercial class. P 118 Times.

COMPANION OR NURSE.—A GRADUATE MALE NURSE DESIRES TO ENGAGE WITH A GENTLEMAN IN NEED OF A COMPANION OR NURSE; EXPERIENCED TRAVELER IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD; WELL EDUCATED; ATHLETIC; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. P 111 TIMES.

COOK.—Russian young man, speaks English; private house, city, country; experienced; references. F. F. Shanowski, Governors Island. 'Phone 6800 Broad.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical, has some experience on automobile work; wants position. 515 70th St., Brooklyn.

FARM MANAGER or foreman on gentleman's place; thoroughly competent married man wants position; good references. W. M., Pleasantville Station, Westchester County.

SALESMAN.—By young man, 23; three years road experience machinery and electrical lines; conscientious worker; references best; desires represent manufacturer; territory location immaterial. P 19 Times.

TO CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS: Here is another case of a deserving man. He is an experienced presser in hard circumstances. Have you a position for him in his line or in similar work? Here is the way I found him:

About ten days ago, as I was passing through one of the classrooms in the east side school of which I am Principal, I noticed a boy who looked exceedingly pale and delicate. Thinking that something ought to be done to improve his physical condition, I asked him to bring his mother to see me. She came. The story she told was the usual one. The father, a presser, was out of work, and there was little money for the milk and eggs the boy needed. I asked her if she would like me to write to the Hebrew Charities and ask them for assistance. To my astonishment, the offer was absolutely refused. "It would be better," she said, "to help my husband get work."

Although I have tried several sources, I have not been able to find employment for him. I have written this letter hoping that some one who reads it will feel interested in keeping a man and his family from pauperization—enough interested to offer him some employment, no matter how small the remuneration may be. M., F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

WANTED—Positions for boys from 14 to 17 years of age. F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

YOUNG business man, with several hours per day to spare, good character, large acquaintanceship with leading citizens, bankers and business people, desires to represent New York business concern in Rochester. Box 795, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN from Pennsylvania wants position with chance for promotion, where hard work will be appreciated; reference. P Box 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires steady position on up-State farm; no experience; willing worker. G. R. S., care Barnett Rothstein, 2,297 1st Av.

YOUNG MAN, 22, intelligent, wishes good position. A. Gorman, 119 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A CLEVER AMERICAN woman of brains and refinement, possessing exceptional managerial and executive ability, seeks a position as companion, attendant, practical nurse; handy with needle, excellent reader; any position of trust. Highest references. Mrs. Rockwell, 750 Columbus Av., City.

A.—Dressmakery well made and becoming gowns, equal to best establishments in city; ten years' experience in construction of gowns for the trade; 400; prompt, reliable, and reasonable. Mme. Cully, 138 West 48th St. Phone 1883 Bryant.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent double entry; manufacturing experience; trial balances; references. Durfman, 756 Home St., Bronx.

COMPANION.—By well-bred young woman as traveling companion; services exchanged for expenses; reference required. Address E. G. C., 7 Brownell St., Stapleton, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, highly recommended, thoroughly experienced, desires position; competent; can handle any kind of dictation and transcribe neatly and rapidly; salary, $15. Qualified 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Years' experience; neat, accurate, rapid; good education; understands office work; references; $8; desires permanent position. Punctual, 265 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. Executive, 133 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, accurate transcripts from difficult dictation; A1 references former employer. Exceptional. P. O. Box 1,251.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; competent; best reference; good speller; assistant bookkeeper. Little, 346 East 120th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally bright; good education; spells, typewrites well; some experience. Helena, 278 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Normal graduate; neat personality; experienced; highest credentials; $10; Christian. A 287 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut, limited experience; ambitious, industrious worker; $5; references. A 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Academic education; trustworthy, cultured Christian; $6; good conversationalist; references. A 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Alert, quick, grasping ideas; English scholar; references; neat personality; $8. A 285 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, High School education; experienced, rapid, accurate, quick worker; $10. A 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8. Stenographer, 198 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER desires permanent position; 3 years' experience. Miss Besner, 68 Avenue C.

WANTED—Position for young girl who has a slight knowledge of bookkeeping; willing to do any kind of office work. F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

WANTED—Woman physician wishes position as traveling companion to parties traveling abroad; references exchanged. Address Box P 18 Times.

WOMAN to go out by the day. 750 Columbus Av. Grady.

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BOOKKEEPER.—20; experienced, accurate, quick, reliable; knowledge stenography, typewriting. Sidney Hertzfeld, 338 East 121st St.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, opens books, takes trial balance, &c., entire charge; $5 upward monthly. P 26 Times.

HELP WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—One sub-inspector at $3.04 per diem. A competitive examination will be held August 18, 1910, to fill the above position. For further information address "Commandant, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y."

WE HAVE outside position open for man of refinement and pleasing personality, able to meet cultured people; position requires more than ordinary tact, but pays accordingly. F. W. Cloyes & Co., 110 West 34th St.

AGENTS WANTED

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

AGENTS WANTED—We are putting out men on a good selling educational proposition. Call at once at Funk & Wagnalls Company, 44 and 60 East 23d St., New York City.

HELP WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, female, several, (Gentile;) experienced; $8-$12.

Stenographers, female, several; rapid, accurate; $10-$12.

Bookkeepers, male, several, (Gentile;) experienced; $10-$18.

Supervising draughtsman; must have steam pump experience; $2,000.

Assistant bookkeeper, male, Gentile; insurance experience.

National Employment Exchange,
47 West 42d St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 972.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers, furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHER, chief operator, charge of office with assistants; must compose good business letter; position Hartford, Conn. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, male, female, furnished free. Murray Hill, 4470. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av., 9th floor. Telephone 4527—Madison Square. Superior domestic help.

COLONIAL BUREAU, 56 West 39th.—Strictly reliable maids, nurses, domestic help. 5582 Murray Hill.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4693—Plaza.

MISS MARIE NEILSEN, Swedish Employment Bureau, 570 Lexington Av.—First-class help; cooks, waitresses, nurses; references investigated. Tel. 3679—Plaza.

RELIABLE Hungarians, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

SELECT HELP FURNISHED.—Duncan's Help Exchange, 66 West 133d St. Telephone 1447 Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

COOKS, laundresses, houseworkers, chambermaids, elevator runners, useful men. Porter's Bureau, 142 West 133d St., (94 Morningside.)

COOK, housecorker, useful men, waitresses, chambermaids; city, country. Henderson, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St., bond $1,000, guarantees colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

RELIABLE COOKS, laundresses, houseworkers, chambermaids, day workers. Shepherd's Bureau, 107 West 133d St., 6916 Morningside.

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A CLEVER AMERICAN woman of brains and refinement, possessing exceptional managerial and executive ability, seeks a position as companion, attendant, practical nurse; handy with needle, excellent reader; any position of trust. Highest references. Mrs. Rockwell, 750 Columbus Av., City.

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BOOKKEEPER, expert, opens books, takes trial balance, &c., entire charge; $5 upward monthly. P 26 Times.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—$17.50 per week, American plan. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished large, small rooms; breakfast served; refined surroundings; references; telephone.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; ample closets; continuous hot water; telephone; reference.

11TH ST., 237 WEST.—Cool, outside room; private family apartment; references required; $2.50 weekly. Hall.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Desirable single and double rooms; residential street; gentlemen; references; telephone.

14TH ST., 206 WEST.—Single rooms; clean, light, airy; baths; reasonable; transients accommodated.

14TH ST., 239 WEST.—Clean, comfortable rooms; select house; running water; bath; transients; references.

17TH, 44 WEST.—Large, smaller rooms; moderate; transients; near 6th Av.; $2.50 up; references.

21ST ST., 120 WEST.—Parties appreciating thoroughly kept house, homelike rooms; American family; telephone; references.

23D ST., 316 WEST.—New management; hot, cold water, porcelain baths; 'phone; visitors, shoppers accommodated.

24TH, 476 WEST, London Terrace.—Light housekeeping suite; dentist's private home; electric lights, fans, telephone; scrupulously clean; $7; unusually desirable; investigate.

25TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large room, private bath; hall room; running water; telephone; references.

27TH, 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; newly decorated parlor; Summer rates.

34TH, 138 WEST.—Large and small rooms; quiet, refined; $2.50 upward; Summer rates.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; large closets; bath; running water; private house; $4, $6.

44TH ST., 222 WEST.—Near Broadway; large and small rooms; baths; conveniences; meals if desired. Telephone 3461—Bryant.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; board optional; telephone; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; references.

46TH, 29 WEST.—Well appointed, large rooms, en suite and small; gentlemen; references.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Large and small rooms and en suite; private baths; 'phone; meals; exclusive.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; improvements; low rental until September.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large light room, with twin beds and private bath; also large single room; in splendid neighborhood; convenient to all car lines; all conveniences; telephone; near Park; moderate; references.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished connecting third-story rooms; telephone; Summer rates; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; southern exposure; gentlemen; reference.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Attractive rooms, refined surroundings; Summer rates; gentlemen; married couples; breakfast; telephone.

80TH ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable rooms; light, airy; private bath; also hall room, furnished or unfurnished; Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front rooms; newly furnished, decorated; private bath; references.

80TH ST., 153 WEST.—Two light airy connecting rooms; running water; between bath. Higgins.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, medium rooms; running water; baths; telephone; gentlemen only.

83D ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with bath; private house; telephone.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Two large, cool, connecting rooms; desirable home; bachelors; telephone; conveniences. Thill.

85TH ST., 134 WEST.—Hall room, running water; telephone; references; house with owner.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Large back parlor, with kitchenette; also one other desirable room; telephone; 86th St. Subway.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Refined home; business man or woman; piano; moderate. 9160 Riverside.

91ST ST., 15 WEST, Near Central Park.—Nice airy rooms; comfortably furnished; elevator, electric lights, telephone; convenient "L" and Subway; reasonable. Brown.

91ST ST., 21 WEST, (Near Park, Subway.)—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; select house; moderate; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished, medium, also small room; running water; Summer rates; telephone.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; clean, well furnished; convenient L; telephone. Higham.

95TH ST., 50 WEST, Near Park.—To Subway express; only few accommodated; Summer rates; references.

97TH ST., 330 WEST.—Two rooms, adjoining; gentlemen; references. Apartment 11.

97TH ST., 139 WEST.—Room, suitable for two; private house; gentlemen; reference.

103D ST., 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Apartment 2; well furnished room; refined, private family; $3.50.

112TH, 505 WEST

CONTROLLER'S STAMP ON FOSTER CHECKS

Records Show That It Was Used in Payments by City Advertising Concern.

CROKER INFLUENCE HELPED

W. J. K. Kenny Had a Letter from the Tammany Chieftain Favoring Placing Advertising 'Through One Channel.'

Some of the details of the checks drawn by William George Foster in the years in which he managed a business in city advertising began to come out yesterday. Foster between 1902 and 1909 ran in his own name this business on behalf of himself and W. J. K. Kenny, who had previously employed him as manager of the Securities Advertising Agency, and, as has already come out in the course of litigation between the two men, handled the city advertising without informing his partner how he conducted it.

Such information as was obtained yesterday had particularly to do with the use of the machinery of the Controller's office and the indorsement of the Controller in the administrations of Controllers E. M. Grout and Herman Metz in connection with Foster's checks. The checks which figure in this connection were all drawn on the account in the Colonial Trust Company. The manner of their treatment would seem to indicate that some one in the Controller's office in both the Metz and Grout administrations was taking liberties with the Controller's indorsement stamp, and that at certain periods the checks of Foster thus indorsed came along in regular sequence.

Back in 1903 there was one check which Foster drew on Nov. 4 for $50 payable to himself, indorsed "William G. Foster" and "Edward M. Grout, Controller," payable to the Broadway Trust Company. On Aug. 8, 1904, a check of $48 to A. C. Jackson, marked "Cash," and indorsed "W. G. Foster" and "E. M. Grout, Controller," was also handled in the same way. On Jan 9, 1905, a fifty-dollar check, payable to "Cash," was indorsed "William George Foster" and "Edward M. Grout, Controller;" on March 20 a fifty-dollar check, payable to "Cash," was indorsed directly "E. M. Grout, Controller." On May 1 a twenty-five-dollar check drawn to "Cash" was similarly indorsed, and another for the same amount on June 26. On July 17 a twenty-five-dollar check drawn to "Cash" was indorsed "William George Foster" and "Edward M. Grout, Controller," and on Aug. 21 another check for the same amount appears in the Foster records similarly made out.

Mr. Grout, in a statement to THE TIMES printed on Sunday morning, said in regard to the Foster checks which passed through the Controller's office:

"I never had, saw, indorsed, or cashed any check from the Kenny or Foster advertising business other than a very moderate retainer for more than a year past, and over three years after I left office, which Mr. Foster paid me in his litigation with Mr. Kenny."

The Foster checks which passed through the Controller's office so as to receive the official indorsement of the Controller in the term of Herman A. Metz ran as follows:

1906—January 31, "Cash," $50, indorsed "William George Foster" and "Herman A. Metz, Controller"; February 14, "Cash," $25, same indorsement; February 20, "Cash," $25, same indorsement; February 26, "Cash," $25, same indorsement; April 13, "Cash," $25 same indorsement; April 16, "Cash," $25, same indorsement; May 11, "Cash," $25, same indorsement; October 24, check payable to William George Foster for $25, indorsed "William George Foster" and "Herman A. Metz, Controller," and November, check for $50, indorsed "William George Foster" and "Herman A. Metz, Controller."

Mr. Grout issued the following statement yesterday:

"In 1898 when the W. J. K. Kenny city advertising business was established Mr. Kenny was in possession of the following letter:

Jan. 3, 1898.

William J. K. Kenny, President Securities Advertising Agency, 44 Broad Street, New York City:

Dear Sir—It seems to me a very good idea that the advertising of the several departments should pass through one channel. In the past there was considerable trouble, growing out of the fact that in some cases some of the matters necessary to be observed, in order to make advertising charges legal, were not cared for. I would be pleased should the advertising be done through your agency. Yours truly,

RICHARD CROKER.

"Thereafter for four years every city department except the office of the President of the Borough of Brooklyn sent all city advertising direct to Mr. Kenny's office, and not to the newspapers.

"When the Low administration came in this was changed not from any personal hostility to Mr. Kenny, as he seems to think, but because we wished to eradicate the political influence, and the papers were notified that they could transact all their business direct with the city. They chose voluntarily, however, to make Mr. Foster their agent. I did not know either Mr. Foster or Mr. Kenny personally at this time, nor until long afterward."

METZ EXPLAINS HIS PART

And Asks Why Some Newspapers Employed Foster as Advertising Agent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with much interest the article appearing in your paper of June 18 entitled, "Others Indorsed Advertising Checks," and dealing with the investigation of the relations between William George Foster and the city's advertising business.

Your article contained several inferences, which I suppose those to whom they apply may or may not answer. So far as I am concerned, there is only one that might be construed as reflecting to some extent upon me personally, as well as, possibly, upon my administration of the Controller's office, which is the statement that "the Controller's office during a considerable part of the administrations of both Controller Metz and Controller Grout was availed of—and the Controller's personal signature incidentally used—as a clearing house for many of the Foster and Kenny checks."

My personal signature was never used to facilitate the payment of any city debt other than possibly to guarantee the indorsement of some city employes who could not get a warrant cashed otherwise, and there were hundreds of them in that position during the panic of 1907.

By referring to the minutes of the Cassidy investigation you will find that the City Record and the bills incurred and paid by it was one of the matters to which I gave my particular attention, and the list will show that on scores of occasions I crossed off papers that had been put on for advertisements by the various departments and bureaus and sent the order back for revision, although I was only one of three members of the Board of City Record. It was my persistence in calling attention to the outrageous cost of advertising in connection with condemnation proceedings, especially in connection with the Catskill watershed, which has brought about the disapproval of the system in vogue and which Mayor Gaynor is doing much to improve.

What occurs to me, however, especially is that instead of insinuations regarding Foster and possible payments by Foster to attaches of Mayor McClellan's administration would it not be well to inquire why the newspapers of this city, and they were not all the smaller type of insignificant weeklies either, should have found it necessary to hire Foster and pay him a commission for doing that which they could have done themselves, so far as the Controller's office was concerned, without any outside help, at least while I was there. If Foster paid commissions he did not do it out of the goodness of his heart, but must have done it out of the commissions received from the newspapers whose advertising business he handled.

Why did many of these same newspapers raise their rates after they employed Foster, and why even after the Cassidy investigation did some of them still continue to employ Foster? I do not mean this as a reflection upon Foster, regarding which I know nothing and care nothing, but I do think that some of the papers who insinuate so freely about possible graft might at least explain their connection with The City Record, which made such graft possible, if there was any, because the rake-off, if anybody got any, certainly came from the money received from the city by these newspapers, and by them turned over to some middleman. Certainly, without the party of the first part, which in this case would be the newspaper, there could not have been any party to a second or third part.

As a matter of fairness and without criticising any one, it occurs to me that it might be well for the press in general to present both sides of this question. A full discussion of it certainly can do no harm and is bound to benefit the city and may raise the commercial standard of some of the New York newspapers that decry so much in others what apparently they themselves are somewhat interested in.

If my memory serves me right THE NEW YORK TIMES and two or three other dailies were among the few who were not represented by Foster or some other middleman in the dealings with the city, so that the comment I have made does not refer to them, but it would be very easy to get a list of those from whom explanations might be had, as the records at the Finance Department will certainly disclose those interested.

HERMAN A. METZ.

New York, June 20, 1910.

FIRE MAY COST TWO LIVES.

Banker's Wife Badly Burned Trying to Save Her Aged Father.

Mrs. Harry Pickenbach, wife of a Hoboken banker, and her father, Frederick Rhademacher, 78 years old, narrowly escaped early yesterday morning from a fire which destroyed the Pickenbach home at 407 Prospect Street, South Orange. Mrs. Pickenbach was seriously burned and it is feared that she inhaled the flames in trying to reach her father. He was rescued from the burning building, but is in a serious condition from shock and burns.

The fire started in the laundry under the kitchen and had made much headway before the maid discovered it and gave the alarm. Mr. Pickenbach got all the members of his family out except his father-in-law, when he was forced to flee himself. Mr. Rhademacher was in another part of the house, cut off by the fire.

Joseph F. Noonan, George H. Becker, Alfred Lambly, and Benjamin Crook were in the crowd that gathered. They improvised ladders of bean-poles, and thus reached the aged man's window. They found him unconscious and had difficulty in handing him down to safety.

Mr. Pickenbach had his beard singed off in his efforts to reach his father-in-law through the flames. He places his loss at $12,000, including the contents of the house. Several hundred dollars he had in a wallet was burned up.

CALL OFF HIGH SCHOOL DANCE

East Orange Seniors' Way of Solving the Negro Problem.

The problem of the color line, in so far as it applied to the dance of the seniors of the East Orange (N. J.) High School, was solved yesterday by the cancellation of the dance which was to be held on Friday night at the Woman's Club of Orange. The clubhouse authorities were notified of the decision of the graduates, and a meeting of the students was held last night to decide on further plans.

What was done was not revealed by those who attended. It is believed, however, that the decision will undoubtedly avoid a scene, as it had been reported that Irene Vandervall, a colored member of the class, to whom a ticket had been denied, would bring her father on the night of the dance and demand to be admitted. It was hinted that the cancellation of the date was only a ruse to deceive the Vandervall girl and her sister, Isabel, who succeeded in getting a ticket.

That the dance will be held at some other time or place and that the colored girls will be forgotten when the new invitations are sent out is the belief of a great many who are not admitted to the inner councils of the class.

Employes Give Col. Knox a Loving Cup

Col. Edward M. Knox received a loving cup from 850 employes in his factories and stores yesterday. The presentation which was made by Edward K. Cook, his Superintendent, was in commemoration of Col. Knox's return from a tour of the world. Col. Knox expressed his deep gratification at the gift.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss
12:05—3 Avenue B; M. Abley	$100
1:45—210 Rivington St.; J. Geiger	$25
5:45—160 West 15th St.; P. Ward	Trifling
6:15—731 Washington St.; S. Schwartz	Trifling
9:20—122 Centre St.; Luxemberg & Haskell	$25
10:20—103 East 110th St.; Max Helme	$10
11:20—244 West 43d St.; Fanny Gargan	$10
11:20—619 East 15th St.; Tony Mormuly	$5
P. M.	
12:20—1,421 and 1,423 3d Av.; H. Holzwasser	Trifling
2:05—321 Madison St.; H. Bernstein	Trifling
2:35—1,941 Lexington Av.; S. Rosenthal	$10
3:10—925 Union Av.; E. Morganhoff	Trifling
4:50—250 W. 47th St.; M. Bryan	$60
4:30—95 3d Av.; A. Silverstein	Trifling
7:20—134 W. 134th St.; Fannie H. Johnson	$10
8:15—220 1st Av.; Charles Kosches	$20
8:30—453 E. 116th St.; L. Vaccia	Trifling
8:30—5th Av., between 110th and 111th Sts.; unknown	Trifling
9:30—634 E. 13th St.; J. Romani	$30
10:15—1,580 Amsterdam Av.; J. Lestalero	$5

POSTUM.

Everyone deeply respects
A person who is guided
By cool judgment
And common sense.

If one finds that habits
Of food or drink are producing
Hints of disease, he should
Heed Nature's warnings and
Adjust his diet to keep the
Human machinery in order.

One doesn't always know
Where to commence
To correct a diet,
But one thing to stop is coffee,
An alluring, insidious enemy
That "sings one to sleep and
then knifes him."

The slow but sure effect of
Caffeine—the active drug in
Coffee—on the heart, finally
Produces weak pulse and a
Deranged, nervous system
Which grows slowly but
Steadily more pronounced
And ends in some
Fixed organic disease,
Unless the cause be removed.

POSTUM

Is scientifically made of
Selected parts of the grains
That yield the phosphates
Which rebuild and give
Vital energy to body and brain.

"There's a Reason"

NAMES RIDGWAY FOR MONTCLAIR'S MAYOR

General Republican Committee Wants Publisher to Head City Ticket.

DEMOCRATS MAY NAME HIM

Publisher Agrees to Run on Both Tickets—Many Important Problems for Next Administration to Solve.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., June 20.—The General Republican Committee of Montclair met in the Montclair Club to-night and by a large majority voted to recommend to the five Republican clubs of Montclair E. J. Ridgway, publisher of Everybody's Magazine, and a resident of Montclair, as the most available candidate for the Republican nomination for Mayor of Montclair.

The suggestion will now have to be voted on at the primary election, but as the recommendation of the General Committee is the strongest indorsement that any candidate can have, the opinion is general that Mr. Ridgway will be the candidate.

The next administration will have municipal problems of great importance to solve, and it was stated to-night by Chairman Chamberlin of the General Republican Committee that one of the principal reasons for the selection of Mr. Ridgway was the necessity of having a man of wide business experience at the head of the City Government when these questions come up for settlement. Among these problems are those of water supply, sewerage, and schools, and perhaps a reopening of the "Montclair Beautiful" agitation.

Besides Mr. Ridgway there were two other candidates for indorsement by the committee—Ralph W. Grout and Ernest J. Hinck. Mr. Hinck's name was not placed in nomination to-night, and Mr. Ridgway's majority over Mr. Grout was a very substantial one. Mr. Ridgway was nominated by F. F. Brown, while Mr. Grout's name was put before the committee by D. W. Farnsworth.

May Get Democratic Nomination, Too.

It was stated that Mr. Ridgway became a candidate for the Republican nomination only after he had been urged by many Montclair citizens, among them many prominent Democrats. It is said that there are a large number of Democrats who favor Mr. Ridgway's candidacy, and it is probable that they will try and get for him the Democratic nomination as well. Mr. Ridgway said to-night that if he should receive the Democratic nomination he would gladly accept it, since in his opinion the government of small cities should be non-partisan.

When Mr. Ridgway was asked to permit the use of his name for the Republican nomination the unusual number of big questions that Montclair soon must settle was pointed out, also the great good that would result to the city by having at its head a man who has had the business experience to point the way for the proper settlement of those questions.

"I expect to spend the rest of my life in Montclair," Mr. Ridgway said to THE TIMES correspondent to-night, "and I want to see the town grow along the right lines, and whether I am elected Mayor or not I intend to do all that I can to put it right. For a long time I have been preaching the need of righteousness in public affairs in my magazines, and so when they asked me to be a candidate they had me with the goods, and I told them that if they wanted me and nominated me I would give the best that was in me to Montclair, in the event of my election.

"If elected, my administration will not be a reform one. I shall simply do all that I can to carry into effect the principles of good government without being radical. I do not want any one to think that mine would be an improvement on any previous administration. I shall go to work to solve the problems that face me in a straightforward business manner.

Many Questions to Settle.

"There are many important questions coming up in the near future, among them the water supply, the sewerage, the schools, &c. Montclair now gets its water from the East Jersey Company, and as this contract is about to expire the question arises whether or not it would not be best for Montclair to have its own plant. The sewerage question, too, will be a most important one, as Montclair is growing fast, and it should be settled for the next fifty years."

It has been said by its opponents that the "Montclair Beautiful" plan, which contemplates the harmonizing of the city and calls for the building of beautiful boulevards, public buildings, &c., was intended to make Montclair a rich and not a poor man's city. Mr. Ridgway to-night referred to this contention.

"This is not a rich man's city," he said, "but a city where all good people, rich and poor alike, are welcome."

The "Montclair Beautiful" question will probably not be an issue in the approaching election, as it was only recently voted down by the citizens.

"Would you accept a Democratic nomination if it was offered?" Mr. Ridgway was asked.

"If the Democratic nomination is offered to me it would be very gratifying," he answered. "In my judgment, small cities should be governed by the best interests of all the citizens regardless of their political affiliations. As nearly as possible, in other words, the government of such citizens should be non-partisan."

The General Republican Committee of Montclair is made up of six members from each of the four wards, and all of the twenty-four members were present to-night or represented by proxy. Among those present were E. G. Chamberlin, Chairman; Starr J. Murphy, who is John D. Rockefeller's counsel; W. K. Thomas, E. H. Haven, W. B. Wallace, E. L. Aldrich, F. F. Brown, D. W. Farnsworth, H. H. Abbott, Thomas P. Alworth, W. Y. Lincoln Adams, William Temple, B. V. Harrison, and Seward Davis. Nearly every one of the members is a prominent New York business man.

"It is a credit to Montclair," said Mr. Chamberlin to-night, "that a man of the standing of Mr. Ridgway is willing to accept the nomination for Mayor. Montclair needs such a man as he at the head of its affairs when the problems that confront us come up for settlement."

F. W. Matthews Dead.

New Haven, June 20.—F. W. Matthews, founder of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of Maine and present head of that bureau, died suddenly at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Sherman Graves, in Fair Haven to-night from acute indigestion. He was 78 years old, a graduate of Colby College in the class of 1854 and leaves a wife and two daughters. The body will be taken to Augusta, Me., to-morrow.

AT 5%

the earning power of your savings invested with this Company is 25% greater than if invested at 4%—42% greater than at 3½% and 66 2-3% greater than at 3%. Earnings paid for full time to date of withdrawal. The security back of your deposits is the best obtainable—selected mortgages on New York and Suburban Real Estate and the entire resources of the Company having

Assets of $2,250,000.

The 35th Semi-Annual Dividend at the rate of 5% per annum has been credited as of July 1st, 1910, on amounts from $25 to $5,000.

Under supervision of

NEW YORK BANKING DEPT.

Our record is open to public examination in their files, also at our place of business. Estab. 17 years. Call, write, or 'phone (507 Bryant) for Booklet.

INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS and LOAN CO.

1200 Times Bldg., 42d St. & B'way, New York

GROWTH OF GERMAN BANKING

Monetary Board Monograph Tells of Reichsbank's Part as a Clearing House

WASHINGTON, June 20.—An exposition of the part which the Reichsbank, or Imperial Bank of Germany, plays in the regulation of the German money market is made in the interesting monograph on "Development of the German Banking System," by Robert Franz, editor of Der Deutsche Oekonomist, which has just been made public by the National Monetary Commission in a volume entitled "Miscellaneous Articles on German Banking." One of the striking facts brought out is the part which the Reichsbank really plays as a clearing house, through the transfer of funds between its clients at its many branches and between the joint stock banks, which keep accounts at the Reichsbank for the purpose of clearing and rediscounts. The total volume of bank transfers (giro transactions) is recorded in Germany and shows a remarkable growth within recent years, accompanied by a larger use of the deposits on the part of the giro depositors. It appears particularly that the average of balances on giro account has increased far less than the average volume of transfers from and to these accounts. The Reichsbank, therefore, during the Fall of 1906, felt compelled to adopt new requirements for its minimum deposits. It was shown that while the average amount of giro deposits had increased 34 per cent. within the decade 1898-1907, the volume of transfers on account of these deposits had grown 88 per cent. during the same period.

The banking interests secure the largest proportion of discounts. This, however, does not imply that the bills presented to the Reichsbank for discounting by money and banking circles had their origin in all cases in the field of finance and banking. The general rule of the Reichsbank is to discount only such bills of exchange as are in fact genuine mercantile bills of exchange, and to exclude from its portfolio the so-called credit and financial bills—that is, bills which are not based on bona fide business transactions.

The proportion of foreign bills of exchange to the total bills holdings of the Reichsbank has increased considerably in recent years. The average holdings in 1907 were 44,461,000 marks, ($11,000,000,) and the total amount of foreign bills purchased during the year was 268,119,000 marks, ($63,000,000.) It was recognized that adequate holdings of foreign bills are an excellent means for the continuous regulation of the balance of payments with foreign countries, and accordingly the Reichsbank, particularly since the early part of 1908, has given increased attention to this class of business. Whenever the rates of exchange are favorable the bank increases as much as possible its holdings of foreign bills. When, on the contrary, the balance of international payments is unfavorable, as shown by higher exchange rates, the Reichsbank offers to sell foreign bills. It thus prevents or delays a further increase in the rate of exchange and actual gold exports.

SHIPPERS MAY GIVE IN.

Some Prominent Ones Ready to Withdraw Opposition to Freight Rates.

The efforts recently made to induce shippers to approve some increase in freight rates, in which negotiations a prominent part has been taken by George W. Perkins of J. P. Morgan & Co., have reached a point, it was said yesterday, at which many shippers are willing to withdraw opposition to an advance in rates by the railroads. A statement in reference to the proposed increases was in course of preparation yesterday, and may be made public to-day, in which it is expected the modified views of some of the country's most important shippers in reference to an increase will be made known.

It was at the suggestion of Western shippers that the recent injunction proceedings against the Western railroads were instituted by the Government, and since the suspension of the proposed increases representatives of the shippers have had a conference with President Taft about the subject.

While this has been going on powerful financial influence has been brought to bear on the shippers, particularly those whose business centres in Chicago, to give their approval to some increase in rates to rescue the railroads from the necessity of curtailing their expenditures for improvements and for new work which the management of practically all railroads contend they will have to do unless a larger margin of income over expenditures can be established by means of higher rates.

What the Western as well as the Eastern railroads have been attempting to bring about is an increase in class rates and in a large number of commodities averaging perhaps an increase of 10 per cent.

The statement made in an authoritative quarter yesterday that favorable progress had been made in the negotiations pers were ready to accept all the rate increases was not taken to mean that shippere were ready to accept all the rate increases proposed by the railroads, but rather that they were coming to accept the need of some increase in rates and are disposed to take a friendly attitude toward the railroads in the discussion before the Inter-State Commerce Commission for which the railroads are expected to make application almost immediately under the provisions of the law which has just been signed by the President. Under the new law the commission may pass on the proposed changes in advance of their being put into effect by the railroads.

DEFENDS THE LEHIGH.

President Thomas Surprised at Government's Charges in Bethlehem Case.

President E. B. Thomas of the Lehigh Valley Railroad said yesterday that he was surprised at the attitude the Government was taking in the charges brought against the Lehigh Valley in the matter of the changes in rules made by the railroad in respect to car service for the Bethlehem Steel Company. The changes were made, he said, to correct what had been an unpremeditated discrimination against that company.

"The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company," President Thomas said, "has at all times acted in the utmost good faith in interpreting the Inter-State Commerce act, and this is the first case where any question has arisen between it and the authorities. Unfortunately, the Federal Government does not exercise the same amount of good faith in interpreting the laws of the country, the exact meaning and intent of many of which are exceedingly difficult to ascertain, and instead of correcting abuses—if abuses exist—in a spirit of friendliness for the general good of business, where no intent to evade or defeat the purpose of the law is evident, prefers to bring proceedings in court, which means great expense, not only to the Government in prosecuting, but to the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company in defending as well."

"The evidence in this case was gathered by the Government's special agents, the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company having made no attempt to conceal anything concerning the matter. In fact, the Lehigh Valley turned over all the information in its possession, thus enabling the Federal authorities to ascertain the exact situation. Of course, I am not speaking for the Bethlehem Steel Company or the other railroad company involved."

FORT GEORGE RAILWAY QUITS.

No Need for It Since New Subway Station Was Built—124 Feet of Track.

The Fort George Street Railway Company, which was incorporated in 1898 with a capital stock of $25,000 to operate a street railway along Dyckman Street, Nagle Avenue, and 190th Street, has through its Directors, Frank Hedley, Andrew Freedman, Alfred Skitt, Horace M. Fisher, and W. L. Pepperman, applied to the Supreme Court for the voluntary dissolution of the corporation, and Judge Giegerich has set down the order to show cause for July 12.

The building of a station at 191st Street on the Subway has obviated the necessity for the street railway. The company has no liabilities, and the assets consist of cash $1,117 and 124 feet of track laid.

CHURCH TO FIGHT FOR UNIVERSITY

Chancellor of Vanderbilt and Nineteen Trustees Will Be Removed for Insurborination.

TRIAL FOR BISHOP HENDRIX

He and William K. Vanderbilt Contend That Institution Is Not Controlled by Methodist Church South.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, June 20.—Bishop E. R. Hendrix of Kansas City will be cited for trial before a committee of twelve Elders of the Methodist Church within sixty days. Chancellor B. H. Kirkland of Vanderbilt University will be removed from his office by the Methodist College of Bishops next month and nineteen members of the board of the trust of the university will be ejected from their trusteeship for insubornation and defiance of the church. A law suit will be brought in the Federal Court, perhaps at Nashville, where Vanderbilt University is located, to enforce the rights of ownership and control of the property by the Methodist Church South and to force the present Trustees to accept the three Trustees elected at the recent General Conference at Asheville, S. C.

This is the present situation with regard to the controversy that has raged around the university for the last five years. William K. Vanderbilt, head of the family that has so liberally endowed this Methodist institution, has openly espoused the cause of the trustees who are in rebellion against the church authority and has written Chancellor Kirkland a letter in which he says that he has always understood that the Board of Trust was a self-perpetuating body and that the Methodist Church did not own or control the university.

Bishop Hendrix is the President of the Board of Trust. At the recent general conference the church went on record by practically unanimous vote as holding that the university belongs in fee simple to the Methodists of the South, and instructed the College of Bishops, of which Bishop Hendrix is a member, to take all legal steps to enforce this claim and the rights of the church in the situation. When the Board of Trust met last week it rejected three Trustees that the church had elected to fill vacancies and tabled a resolution that affirmed the ownership of the church. Bishop Hendrix was with the majority in both votes, and this constitutes the sum and substance of his offending. Nothing within the recent history of Southern Methodists has so stirred the church as his action in this matter.

Bishop E. E. Hoss of Nashville held a conference here this morning with the counsel of the church regarding the status of the case, and the advice that had already been given by counsel to the College of Bishops. He announced that the fight would go on to the bitter end and that there was only the remotest possibility of the church losing. Regarding Mr. Vanderbilt's attitude, he said the benefactor of the university had been misinformed as to the status of the institution and had made up his mind on the merits of the controversy on exparte testimony and statements furnished by Chancellor Kirkland. He said the Bishops would obey the church.

This case will go ultimately to the Supreme Court of the United States, of which Justice Lurton of Nashville is a member. A good many Methodists are unwilling to submit the question to him for adjudication for the reason that he has openly espoused the side of Chancellor Kirkland, and those trustees who are trying to "forcibly sequestrate" the university from the church, to use Bishop Hoss's words.

START ON THIRD RUNAWAY.

Boys Get Only to Harlem This Time Before Police Get Them.

Eleven-year-old Frank Sullivan, son of P. J. Sullivan, a fireman, of 237 Fiftieth Street, Brooklyn, and his chum, nine-year-old Warren Tolson, son of John Tolson, Assistant Superintendent of the Hancock Life Insurance Company, who were recaptured three weeks ago after vain attempts to run away to Jersey and again to Coney Island, had planned another and greater trip ever since. Forestport, N. Y., was their objective point. Railroad fare $5.75. Frank said a friend of his who lived on a farm at Forestport once told him he had shot eighty-five deer there.

They met after school yesterday near their homes in Brooklyn. Frank had $33 in one-dollar bills, which he said he had taken from his father's drawer. Warren hadn't a cent; but they were pals. At 3 o'clock they left Brooklyn without regret and invested 10 cents in a ride to the Grand Central Station in Manhattan. Frank marched up to the ticket office and in businesslike tones demanded:

"Two tickets to Forestport, N. Y., for me and me brudder!"

The agent looked him over; then shook his head.

"You'll have to bring your father or mother," the ticket agent told him.

Smarting under the slight, but none the less determined to "get there" and shoot those deer, Frank led the way on foot to Harlem. At 11 o'clock last night, weary and hot, dusty and minus their coats, which they had abandoned on the way, they trudged into the New York Central Station at 125th Street and Park Avenue.

Here the agent was quite willing to sell them a ticket, but said that the first train that would stop at Forestport would not be due at the station until 9 o'clock this morning. That dampened their hopes again. But not for long.

"We'll make a night of it," said Frankie. Little Warren said "Yes," and yawned.

Ten cents went for cigarettes. Twenty more for moving picture shows. Two cents went for the sporting edition of the evening papers to see how the baseball score stood.

Then the boys discovered that they were hungry and went to a restaurant. Frankie ordered coffee and sandwiches in the sum of 20 cents. He had plenty of small change, but instead decided to make the waiter stare. So with great pomp he drew forth his roll of dollar bills.

"Wait a minute," said the waiter. Then he ran out and called Policeman Heim of the East 126th Street Station.

At the station the two wanderers, now very tired and less moved by wanderlust than before, broke down and confessed the whole story to Lieut. Baker.

NOTICE.

On account of Sale of House must Vacate immediately, will sell

AT PRIVATE SALE (not auction)
Commencing To-morrow,
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22nd

FURNITURE, Etc.

THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF
PALATIAL RESIDENCE
590 West End Av., Cor. 89th St.,
Bet. RIVERSIDE DRIVE and WEST END AV.
ENTRANCE, 300 WEST 89TH ST.
17 ROOMS, COMPLETELY FURNSIHED
mostly imported furniture from Paris London, Venice, Berlin, and Vienna.
Also Domestic Furniture—Upright Piano, Bric-a-Brac, Oil Paintings, Rugs, Dishes, Linen, &c.
Subway Station 91st St.

Hot weather comfort—

STRAWS

that cool

$2.00, $3.00 and $4.00.

Panamas at popular prices.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

Broadway at Dey Street
Broadway at Houston Street
Broadway at 14th Street
Broadway at 28th Street
Broadway at 36th Street
Broadway at Beaver Street
Fifth Ave. at 42d Street
Nassau Street at Fulton Street
Only Brooklyn Store: 371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

Moe Levy & Co.

DISSOLUTION SALE CONTINUES

There hasn't been a let-up in the buying since this Sale began. Saturday's selling was the greatest of any day so far. This sustained interest is strongest proof of the great values offered. Still good choosing in all lines.

All $12.50 to $14.50 Suits—$9.50. All $15.00 to $20.00 Suits—$12.50. All $22.50 to $25 Suits—$15.50. All $27.50 to $30 Suits—$19.50. All $32.50 to $37.50 Suits—$23.50.

Moe Levy & Co.,

1439 Broadway, New York | 119-125 Walker St., New York
380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Wallach Bros.

940 Broadway, 608 Broadway, 238-242 Bowery
1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
647 Eighth Ave., 246 W. 125th St., 3rd Ave. & 129d St.

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Kno-tair

The Guaranteed Hose of Quality for Men and Women.

OF all the guaranteed hose on the market, we think that Kno-tair is the Best. That is why we sell Kno-tair Hose. Buy a box to-day. Give Kno-tair Hose a fair trial. Then you will agree with us.

Six pairs, boxed, guaranteed for six months, at the following prices:
Men's Lisle like hose, $1.50.
Women's Lisle like hose, $2.00.
Men's and Women's Silk Lisle hose, $3.00.

GOTHAM MFG. CO.

SHIRTS

$1.00 upwards at Haberdashers Everywhere

"The Shirt of a Gentleman"

Unusual & Exclusive Designs and Selected Specially Woven Fabrics

- - Also - -
Gotham Summer Underwear

Ask your Dealer or send to us for the GOTHAM STYLE BOOK.

GOTHAM MFG. CO
FIFTH AVE. BLDG. MADISON SQ. WEST
NEW YORK CITY

COLLARS
TRADE E&W MARK
EARL & WILSON
SHIRTS
BUY BY THE MARK.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. THE FANTASTICAL MUSICAL COMEDY, THE ARCADIANS

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. THE SPENDTHRIFT with EDMUND BREESE.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. "A play every man should take his wife to see."—Eve. Journal. HENRY MILLER & COMPANY in HER HUSBAND'S WIFE.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE W. 42 ST. MATS. WED. & SAT. MAT. TO-MORROW BEST SEATS $1.50. Roosevelt Rough Riders Night To-m'w. "Swift and lively are the words that will best describe 'Girlies.'"—N. Y. Times. FREDERIC THOMPSON presents GIRLIES with JOS. CAWTHORN & MAUDE RAYMOND

JARDIN DE PARIS Summer and Winter Garden. Atop N. Y. Theatre. Evs. 8:15. Table Chairs $1. SMOKING. REFRESHMENTS. F. ZIEGFELD, JR.'S, New Song Revue, FOLLIES OF 1910 staged by JULIAN MITCHELL. 60—ANNA HELD GIRLS—60

GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. Evs. 8:15. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

BROADWAY Theatre, B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. Lew Fields' Production of THE SUMMER WIDOWERS. Cast Includes Lew Fields and Irene Franklin.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. Extended Until Sat., July 9. THE MIKADO All-Star Cast.

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way, 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER in Tillie's Nightmare.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. Last Week De Wolf Hopper In A MATINEE IDOL. with LOUISE DRESSER. MONDAY, JUNE 27 (Seats on Sale Thurs.) LOUIS MANN In a New Farce, THE CHEATER

AMERICAN ROOF DAILY MAT. DOWNSTAIRS IN THEATRE, 25c. THE BARNYARD ROMEO WITH ALL-STAR CAST. Joe Welch, Cissie Curlette, Wm. Courtleigh & Co., Mlle. Lo's Artists' Models, others.

PLAZA 58th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mats. 25c. Nights 25 & 50c. 12—ALL-STAR ACTS—12 Montgomery & Moore, Billy Clifford, others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. EVA TANGUAY, Valerie Bergere & Co., Willy Pantzer Troupe, others.

BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. The Love Waltz | Bert Leslie & Co. Avon Comedy Four, others.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. Greatest Comedy Hit in 20 Years. SEVEN DAYS

5TH AVE. Keith & Proctor B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. VICTOR MOORE, Marvellous Griffith, Marshal Montgomery, Jane Courthope & Co., oth's

GLEN ISLAND. Open Till Midnight. Boats now running. For Time Table, See "Excursions."

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF & Daily Matinee. MLLE. POLAIRE and 12 BIG ACTS

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

BRIGHTON BEACH DAILY, 2:45 & 8:30. MUSIC HALL SUNDAY POP. CONCERTS. BESSIE WYNN Top o' th' World Dancers, Collie Ballet, Jack Wilson & Co., 6 Other Acts.

CONEY ISLAND'S GREATER DREAMLAND 50 NEW SHOWS—20 FREE ONES. Take Iron Steamboats. EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE OCEAN.

THOMPSON & DUNDY'S LUNA PARK Roosevelt Rough Riders' Day, Thurs., June 23. NOW OPEN

BRIGHTON BEACH PARK Giant Safety Coaster. STEEPLECHASE Coney Island's Funny Place. Really Beats a 3-Ring Circus. Swimming Pool and all Attractions Going.

"The 20th Century Garden of Eden." NOW OPEN. SCHENCK BROS. PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK. Take WEST 130 ST. FERRY direct to Park. Airship Ascensions Every Afternoon & Night

NEW—Mats. 25c. BRIGHTON Brighton Beach. EVA FAY, 4 FORDS, Hody & Lee, James & Sadie Leonard, World & Kingston, Brown & Ayer, others.